

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 104.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., MONDAY, OCT. 10, 1898.

TWO CENTS

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Mrs. McKinley was supported by the arm of the president with the care and close attention he always devote to her personal comfort. He walked slowly to the carriage, his head bowed and his face a little paler than usual. Mrs. Barber, Mrs. McKinley's sister, was next off the train and was joined by her husband. Mr. Webb C. Hayes followed. John Barber was carried from the train by his brother George, who had gone from New York to join the party, and by Mr. George C. Clark. The sick man was an orderly on General Henry's staff in Porto Rico, and has for some weeks been ill with typhoid fever in Washington, where his mother, Mrs. Barber, and Mrs. McKinley have been nursing him, first at the White House and later at Garfield hospital.

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Died of Hydrophobia.

AKRON, O., Oct. 10.—Clara Enstrom, aged 13, daughter of J. E. Enstrom of this city, has died in terrible agony from what the physicians pronounced hydrophobia. The child was bitten a month ago by a pet cat, which had been bitten by a dog. Rabies was suspected at the time and precautions were taken. Before death the girl was seized with spasms and nothing could be done to stop them.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Ohio reports 30 smallpox cases, 20 of them at Wapakoneta.

The Knights of Father Matthew held a big celebration at Warren.

John H. Ferry of Chillicothe was picked up unconscious on a railroad track and taken to Steubenville hospital.

PENNSYLVANIA SICK.

Hastings and Ripple to Look After Those From Porto Rico.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 10.—Governor Hastings and Colonel Ezra H. Ripple of Scranton, commissary general of the national guard, will go to New York tonight to look after the sick and injured of the Fourth and Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiments on their arrival tomorrow from Porto Rico on the transport Obdam. A hospital train will meet the transport at the Bay street wharf, Jersey City, and bring the invalid soldiers to Philadelphia hospitals.

The governor and Colonel Ripple will go by the quartermaster's boat Meigs, in charge of Major Appell, to quarantine station to meet the transport. The arrangements for the trip are in charge of Adjutant General Stewart and Major Richardson, keeper of the state arsenal.

ANNEXATION ACCEPTABLE.

Agoncillo Says This Will Do Unless the Philippines Get Independence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Felipe Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, the leader of the Filipinos, has sailed for Havre on the French liner La Touraine. He is accompanied by his secretary, Sixto Lopez, who also acts as interpreter. Through the latter just before the departure of the steamship Agoncillo said his visit to this country had been a very pleasant one and that he had been very kindly received by President McKinley. He expects to be allowed to present the appeal of the Filipinos to the American peace commissioners.

"We had enough of Spanish misrule," said Agoncillo, "and if the United States will not grant us independence like the Cubans then we will have to be satisfied with annexation."

In Memory of Parnell.

DUBLIN, Oct. 10.—Most of the citizens of Dublin wore the ivy leaf Sunday, it being the anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell. Thousands participated in the ceremonies at Glasnevin cemetery, of placing wreaths on his grave.

WHITE MAN KILLED.

Settlers Seeking Shelter From Hostile Indians.

FERRIS (MINN.) BEING GUARDED.

Citizens Fear an Attack by Indians Camped a Few Miles Away—More Troops Move Forward—Friendly Indians Guarded an Agency.

FERRIS, Minn., Oct. 10.—A report reached here of the killing of a white man near Bear island during the day. Settlers living near the Indian reservation have been seeking shelter in towns along the railroad. A large band of Indians of about 150 were reported encamped within two miles north of this town. Armed citizens have been guarding the town expecting an attack.

Indians professing to be friendly were at Graeland, one and a half miles west of here, trying to purchase ammunition.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 10.—General Bacon's orders for the movement of more troops to the vicinity of Leech Lake took 90 men from Fort Snelling on a special train. Two companies of the Fourteenth Minnesota volunteers are held at Duluth, ready to start for points along the Fosstow line of the Great Northern, where the two batteries of militia artillery have preceded them, and another company of the Fourteenth, made up of 50 men from Company E of Merriam Park and 50 from the guard stationed in charge of Camp Van Dusee, where the Fourteenth is to be mustered out, was ordered to start this morning for points along that same road.

The government is particularly anxious about the danger to the dams of the headwaters of the Mississippi, only a small guard having been stationed there since the trouble with the Indians came on. By tonight over 700 soldiers will be scattered all around Leech lake protecting settlers and property.

WALKER, Minn., Oct. 10.—When the troops reached the agency they found that the friendly Indians had maintained a picket line covering the whole line of woods which surround the settlement. There will be Indian scouts out ready to bring prompt warning of anything that even looks dangerous. It is said by those who know them that these agency Indians would not hesitate to kill a hostile as quickly as would a soldier.

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HARRISBURG, Oct. 10.—Governor Hastings and Colonel Ezra H. Ripple of Scranton, commissary general of the national guard, will go to New York tonight to look after the sick and injured of the Fourth and Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiments on their arrival tomorrow from Porto Rico on the transport Obdam. A hospital train will meet the transport at the Bay street wharf, Jersey City, and bring the invalid soldiers to Philadelphia hospitals.

The governor and Colonel Ripple will go by the quartermaster's boat Meigs, in charge of Major Appell, to a quarantine station to meet the transport. The arrangements for the trip are in charge of Adjutant General Stewart and Major Richardson, keeper of the state arsenal.

ANNEXATION ACCEPTABLE.

Agoncillo Says This Will Do Unless the Philippines Get Independence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Felipe Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, the leader of the Filipinos, has sailed for Havre on the French liner La Touraine. He is accompanied by his secretary, Sixto Lopez, who also acts as interpreter. Through the latter just before the departure of the steamship Agoncillo said his visit to this country had been a very pleasant one and that he had been very kindly received by President McKinley. He expects to be allowed to present the appeal of the Filipinos to the American peace commissioners.

"We had enough of Spanish misrule," said Agoncillo, "and if the United States will not grant us independence like the Cubans then we will have to be satisfied with annexation."

In Memory of Parnell.

DUBLIN, Oct. 10.—Most of the citizens of Dublin wore the ivy leaf Sunday, it being the anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell. Thousands participated in the ceremonies at Glasnevin cemetery, of placing wreaths on his grave.

WHITE MAN KILLED.

Settlers Seeking Shelter From Hostile Indians.

FERRIS (MINN.) BEING GUARDED.

Citizens Fear an Attack by Indians Camped a Few Miles Away—More Troops Move Forward—Friendly Indians Guarded an Agency.

FERRIS, Minn., Oct. 10.—A report reached here of the killing of a white man near Bear Island during the day.

Settlers living near the Indian reservation have been seeking shelter in towns along the railroad. A large band of Indians of about 150 were reported encamped within two miles north of this town. Armed citizens have been guarding the town expecting an attack.

Indians professing to be friendly were at Graeland, one and a half miles west of here, trying to purchase ammunition.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 10.—General Bacon's orders for the movement of more troops to the vicinity of Leech Lake took 90 men from Fort Snelling on a special train. Two companies of the Fourteenth Minnesota volunteers are held at Duluth, ready to start for points along the Fosston line of the Great Northern, where the two batteries of militia artillery have preceded them, and another company of the Fourteenth, made up of 50 men from Company E of Merrim Park and 50 from the guard stationed in charge of Camp Van Dusee, where the Fourteenth is to be mustered out, was ordered to start this morning for points along that same road.

The government is particularly anxious about the danger to the dams of the headwaters of the Mississippi, only a small guard having been stationed there since the trouble with the Indians came on. By tonight over 700 soldiers will be scattered all around Leech lake protecting settlers and property.

WALKER, Minn., Oct. 10

YOUR FEET

will look better and feel better if you put them inside our Famous Shoes.

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98C.

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They renewed the work with vigor, and last Saturday night a meeting was held which cleared up the affair so far as Salem is concerned.

All the money required was subscribed, and the matter placed in the hands of W. W. Hole who came here last night. He spent today finishing up the business with the Liverpool parties who are interested in the project.

The plant will be a modern pottery, and will make a first class grade of ware. It will employ a sufficient number of men to make it a profitable investment for Salem business men.

The particulars are being carefully kept by the parties who know all there is to know about it.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Large Congregations In All the Churches of the City.

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Precipitate Enough in the End.
It took the British 13 years to remember Gordon, but only five hours to avenge him. —St. Louis Republic.

"Abide In Me."
Abide in me, o'ershadow by Thy love
Each half formed purpose and dark thought
of sin;
Quench, ere it rise, each selfish, low desire
And keep my soul as Thine—calm and divine.

Abide in me. There have been moments pure
When I have seen Thy face and felt Thy
power;
Then evil lost its grasp, and passion, hushed,
Owned the divine enchantment of the hour.

These were but seasons, beautiful and rare;
Abide in me, and they shall ever be.
I pray Thee now fulfill my earnest prayer—
Come and abide in me, and I in Thee.

—Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.

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Interesting Data Intending to Show That the Explorer's Remains Are Still in Santo Domingo—Some Documentary Evidence in Berlin.

Apropos of the removal of the supposed remains of Christopher Columbus from the cathedral in Havana to some other place of deposit in Spain and of the existing doubts about the identity of the remains, the following account of the facts of the case will be of interest:

Columbus expressed his desire to be buried in "La Espanola" (Santo Domingo) in his testament, and the story of his wife carrying the lifeless body of her husband with her wherever she went is contradicted by the church records in Valladolid. The admiral, as Columbus was called by his friends and rela-

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Forty years later, when the conquests of Cortes and Pizarro flooded the peninsula with the gold and silver of Mexico and Peru, Spain remembered the almost forgotten name of the man to whom it owed the rich possessions, and it became proud of him. Complying with his dying wish, the government ordered his remains to be conveyed to Santo Domingo to be interred in the cathedral. This was done in 1541. At that time the edifice had just been finished. No records were kept as yet, but the tradition remained that the body rested to the right of the altar. This tradition was entered in the church register 135 years later—that is, in 1676.

In the beginning of the seventeenth century the remains of the discoverer's brother, Diego, who had been governor of Santo Domingo, together with those of his son Louis, were also transferred to the island and buried in the same cathedral. There was no inscription indicating the locality of either vault. Santo Domingo was ceded to France by the treaty of Basel (December, 1795), and the Spaniards stipulated that the remains of the discoverer should be removed to Cuba. Accordingly the floor on the right of the altar was opened, and the contents of the vault found were transferred to Havana with great ceremony.

But in 1877 some workmen, repairing the floor, discovered another vault, also on the right of the altar, between that from which the supposed remains of Christopher Columbus had been taken and the outer wall of the chancel, the two vaults being separated only by a thin wall. This vault was found to contain a small leaden box, 44 centimeters long, 28 centimeters high and 21 1/2 centimeters broad, with an inscription that convinced the authorities and everybody who saw it that the contents were unmistakably the remains of "the admiral," and that those of his brother Diego had been taken to Havana.

The Spanish authorities stoutly denied that any mistake could have been made. The archbishop of Santo Domingo as firmly maintained that the remains discovered by the workmen were those of Christopher Columbus, and a long controversy on the subject took place, till the matter dropped, remaining in doubt.

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A document to that effect was drawn up on the spot and signed by every one

present, the original or which is in the Berlin foreign office, and if any doubt remains in the minds of our readers regarding the authenticity of the circumstances related they may read the report of the proceedings by President Charles K. Adams of Cornell university in the American Historical society's annual report for 1891.—R. A. Van Middledyk in New York Herald.

TO MAKE THE MOST OF COAL.

A Trenton Potter Says He Has Found a Way to Prevent Waste of Fuel.

Joseph Mayer, a potter of Trenton, has secured letters patent for an invention by which, he asserts, he can effect the complete combustion of coal. His announcement has attracted attention among scientists and capitalists, and in the past month he has had a great deal of correspondence from them in relation to his patent.

About 90 per cent, as it is at present used, passes away in smoke and unconsumed gas, it is said, and is a complete loss. By Mr. Mayer's new process, he asserts, all this waste can be utilized. Mr. Mayer proposes to have one of his furnaces ready to make a test of his system in a few days. A number of interested persons will be present, including representatives of the Standard Oil company, the Cramps' shipyard, several transatlantic steamship companies and other concerns prominent in the manufacturing world.—Exchange.

Inrascible Carlyle.
A lady who lived near Thomas Carlyle kept Cochin China fowls, and their crowing was such a nuisance that the philosopher sent a complaint to her. The owner was indignant upon hearing the appeal.

"Why," said she, "they crow only four times a day, and how can Mr. Carlyle be seriously annoyed at that?"

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"Did the old skinflint give you a reward for returning his pocketbook?" asked the policeman of the little newsboy who helps support his mother.

"Naw, he tried ter make me pay fur de advertisin' 'cause I didn't return de stuff 'fore I knowned who it b'longed ter."—Detroit Free Press.

Encouragement.

Frances—Harry says he just wants to fall down and worship me all the time.

Her Mamma—Oh, well, don't mind that, dear. After you're married he won't let it interfere with his business.

FIRES OF VESUVIUS.

The Italians Think They Will Ultimately Destroy the World.

One of the local superstitions connected with Mount Vesuvius is poetical enough for a romance in the romantic land of Tasso. The wonderful colors seen in an eruption of the volcano are attributed to a bird tragedy which happened long ago. A species of bright plumaged song birds now extinct existed in Italy that were greatly admired as native songsters, but once when the whole flock had assembled to move to



MOUNT VESUVIUS.

gather southward they were caught in the noxious vapors that arise from the crater and all dropped dead. The story might well be true, for grottoes exist today in that dread vicinage, where neither bird nor beast can live, although human beings are not even disagreeably affected by the fumes.

No Italian can be made to admit that Vesuvius has done its worst, and many feel sure that the volcano which no scientist or explorer can enter will ultimately destroy the whole world. The long list of calamities is their authority. From 79 B. C. to 1872 A. D. there is a deadly record, but between these dates were nearly 400 years of silence, when generations knew of the insatiate monster only by word of mouth and the records of Pliny. To them it was like a horrid nightmare and the buried cities legends of the forefathers.

Is it any wonder that to the native Italian Vesuvius appears like a malevolent being? The excavators of Herculanum and Pompeii were struck with admiration at the marvelous way in which the dead centurions were embalmed in their shrouds of lava, so that they became eternal models of human sculpture. No other death was so kind. Vesuvius wrapped them with brief suffering in a mold of her own making, preserving upon their faces the agony or the joy of dissolution, keeping the expression of life in the image of lava.

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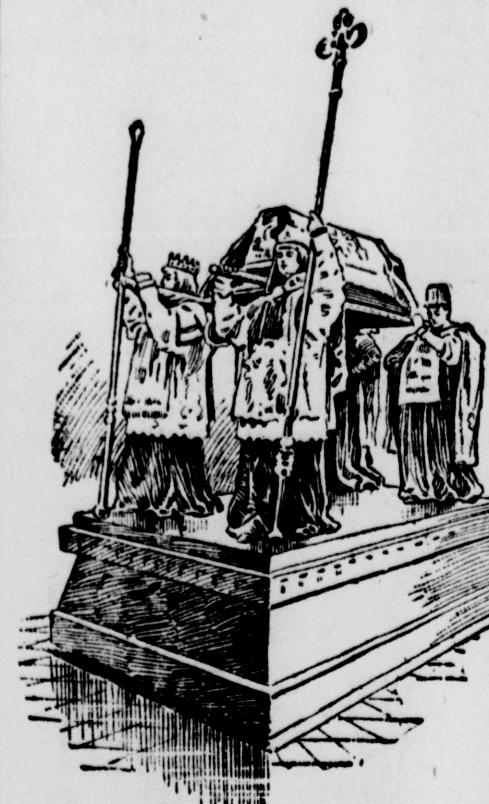
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FIRES OF VESUVIUS.

THE ITALIANS THINK THEY WILL ULTIMATELY DESTROY THE WORLD.

One of the local superstitions connected with Mount Vesuvius is poetical enough for a romance in the romantic land of Tasso. The wonderful colors seen in an eruption of the volcano are attributed to a bird tragedy which happened long ago. A species of bright plumaged song birds now extinct existed in Italy that were greatly admired as native songsters, but once when the whole flock had assembled to move to



MOUNT VESUVIUS.

gather southward they were caught in the noxious vapors that arise from the crater and all dropped dead. The story might well be true, for grottoes exist today in that dread vicinage, where neither bird nor beast can live, although human beings are not even disagreeably affected by the fumes.

No Italian can be made to admit that Vesuvius has done its worst, and many feel sure that the volcano which no scientist or explorer can enter will ultimately destroy the whole world. The long list of calamities is their authority. From 79 B. C. to 1872 A. D. there is a deadly record, but between these dates were nearly 400 years of silence, when generations knew of the insatiate monster only by word of mouth and the records of Pliny. To them it was like a horrid nightmare and the buried cities legends of the forefathers.

Is it any wonder that to the native Italian Vesuvius appears like a malevolent being? The excavators of Herculaneum and Pompeii were struck with admiration at the marvelous way in which the dead centuries were embalmed in their shrouds of lava, so that they became eternal models of human sculpture. No other death was so kind. Vesuvius wrapped them with brief suffering in a mold of her own making, preserving upon their faces the agony or the joy of dissolution, keeping the expression of life in the image of lava.

WELLSVILLE.

SURPRISED HIS PEOPLE

Reverend Littell Gave Notice of Resignation.

NO REASON WAS ASSIGNED

It Is Probable He Will Not Leave Before Some Time In the Winter or the Early Spring--Broke the Humane Society's Laws--All the News.

Very much to the surprise of his congregation Reverend W. A. Littell gave notice at the close of his sermon on Sabbath morning that in the near future he purposed resigning the pastorate of his church. No reasons were assigned. It is not expected that this move will take Reverend Littell away from town before sometime in the winter or early spring.

Reverend Littell has been in Wellsville nearly four years, and is a most genial and kindly gentleman, which has won him many friends not only in his own congregation, but from among those of other denominations, who will much regret his departure from among us.

Horse Ran Away.

This morning about 9 o'clock the horse attached to a laundry wagon ran away, breaking the shaft and splintering the dashboard. While on Sixth street some part of the harness broke and the horse became frightened and ran up Main street to Fifth where it turned toward the river. Fortunately the driver was able to head it toward the pavement in front of N. U. Walker's residence where he was able to alight. Will Moser was driving at the time and he was somewhat injured by a kick from the horse, but had the course of the horse not been turned the whole rig would undoubtedly have landed over the river bank with most serious results to both horse and driver.

Died Suddenly.

The death of Miss Emma Koestinger occurred yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The lady became ill last Tuesday. A sister reached here from St. Louis a short time before her death. She was to have been married to John Burnett next Wednesday. She was housekeeper and companion in the family of the late John Guttridge.

Stanford Convicted.

Ben Stanford, charged with brutally illtreating a horse, was heard Saturday night by Mayor Dennis and fined \$5 and costs.

Stanford's case was reported to the Humane society and the horse was shot by Agent Lloyd. There were a number of witnesses.

The News of Wellsville.

Mrs. Mary Cope, who has been a guest of J. B. Hays, Main street, has returned to her home in Columbiana.

Mrs. H. C. Wells and daughter, Miss Helen, spent Saturday with the Misses Nessley at Arroyo.

Mrs. Catharine Billman, of Pine Grove, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Carr Vermillion, has returned home.

Mrs. Phillip Fraser, Mrs. Joe Moore, Mrs. A. R. Wells and Miss Beulah Wells were all Pittsburg visitors on Saturday.

Mrs. F. J. Kelly and family left on Saturday for a two weeks' visit with friends in Pittsburg.

Robert Woolley is spending his vacation in Pittsburg.

Mrs. James Lawson, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Steiner, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Harper and Mrs. A. P. Howard, of Congo, are all Pittsburg visitors today.

David Clark and wife went to Pittsburg on Saturday morning.

Mrs. G. V. Dever, who has been visiting David Paisley and Joseph Paisley for the past ten days, returned to her home in Kansas on Saturday.

Clark Vermillion has removed with his family from 18th street to East Liverpool. They will reside on Walnut street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCombs, Broadway, are spending a week with friends in Allegheny.

Miss Fannie Clark and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Clark and family are visiting friends in Pittsburg and vicinity. They will remain for the conclave.

Miss Gertrude McIntosh, of Irondale, was in town shopping on Saturday.

Miss Nellie Borden went out to her home in Salineville yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Minor, of Empire, spent Saturday with Mrs. M. E. Miller, Broadway.

D. W. Roberts, of Irondale, was in town on business on Saturday.

Miss Edith Sweeney left to-day for a visit with friends in Crestline. She expects to remain a week.

Reverend Finley Lafferty who supplied the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church yesterday is the son of Reverend William Lafferty, who was a former pastor of this church--leaving here in '61.

Mrs. Charles K. Snediker is visiting friends in the country.

Mrs. E. Kelly left on Saturday for a week's visit with friends in Minerva, after which she goes to Ravenna, where she will spend the winter with her sister.

A Disappearing Bullseye.

The Chinese peasant wears a turban, loose coat and short and very baggy trousers, all of blue. The Chinese soldier wears the same, with an overall sleeveless smock, or long waistcoat buttoning on the right shoulder, edged round the neck, arms and skirt and down the front with broad "facing." The breast and back are decorated with a one foot bullseye with characters on it. This is all the character the Chinese soldier possesses.

The bullseye would be a very convenient mark for an enemy if the Chinese soldier would give the latter a chance of shooting him, but the bullseye is only worn to raise false hopes, for no sooner does he arrive dangerously near the enemy than he doffs the garb of war to appear as an innocent civilian. He is usually armed with a muzzle loader or standard, both equally harmless weapons.

In the case of General Liu's escort the uniform smocks had evidently not been used as nightshirts for more than a few weeks, the men were armed with Winchesters and a few Martinis, rusty, dirty and out of order, and wore about their middles a belt of some 60 rounds of solid drawn brass cartridges.—London News.

The British Empire.

At the present moment the British empire is 53 times the size of France, 52 times that of Germany, 3½ times that of the United States of America, thrice the size of Europe, with treble the population of all the Russias. It extends over 11,000,000 square miles, occupies one-fifth of the globe, contains one-fifth of the human race, or 350,000,000 people, embraces four continents, 10,000 islands, 500 promontories and 2,000 rivers.

WANTED.

WANTED--Good traveling agents. No canvassing; \$75 per month and expenses. Call at 137 Fifth street from 7 to 8 p.m.

WANTED--An experienced warehouse woman. Can give permanent position to good party. State salary wanted, and where last employed. Address Ford China company, Ford City, Pa.

LOST.

LOST--Fox terrier with black and tan head, body is black and white, white tip on tail. Answers to the name of Risk. Please return to Harry Shelton, 217 Fourth street, and receive reward.

Dr. J. N. VODREY
DENTIST,
Room 4, Porter Building
DIAMOND.

THE GYPSIE MEDIUM and PALMIST can be consulted on all affairs of life, tell you your name and age. Her standing challenge to other mediums of \$1,000 has not been accepted by one of them, and is still open. Her power excites the wonder and admiration of even the most skeptical. This gilded lady can be consulted at 187 Fourth street. Office hours from 9 to 9 daily. Can be seen Sundays.

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

Our prices are always
The Lowest
If quality of goods are
considered. We handle
no trashy goods for ad-
vertising purposes.

PRICE LIST.

Mason Jars, quarts, per doz.....	35c
Half pint cov. Tumblers, per doz.....	20c
Half pint plain Tumblers, per doz.....	20c
Extra Caps and Rubbers, per doz.....	20c
Crystal Sealing Wax, 2 packages.....	5c
New cleaned Currants, per lb.....	10c
New seeded Raisins, per lb.....	10c
New Buckwheat, 8 lb for.....	25c
New Corn Meal, 15 lb for.....	25c
New Hominy, 15 lb for.....	25c
Rolled Oats, 8 lb for.....	25c
Old Meal, 8 lb for.....	25c
Fresh Ginger Snaps, per lb.....	5c
Fresh Butter Crackers, per lb.....	5c
Fresh Oyster Crackers, per lb.....	5c
Fresh Wine Cakes, per pound.....	7c
Fresh Lunch Cakes, per pound.....	7c
Full size Wash Boards, each.....	10c
3 Tie Brooms, each.....	10c
17 in. Coal Hods, each.....	15c
Best Candles, each.....	1c
Carpet Tacks, per box.....	1c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.
We Lead,
Let Those Who Can Follow.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

EGYPTIAN EMBALMING SECRET SOLVED BY A WEST VIRGINIAN.

Curious Collection of Preserved Animals. Birds and Human Remains Made by John Hamrick--He Has Invented a Wonderful Fluid.

John Hamrick of Barbour county, W. Va., has locked in his breast the secret of the Egyptian art of embalming. While men learned in science have endeavored in vain to discover this lost art it has remained for this plain, unpretentious mountaineer farmer to solve the secret, with the result that his home, which is ten miles from Pruntytown, is filled with a grecsome collection of animals and humans which he has preserved.

Hamrick is a peculiar man, but always receives visitors with cordial politeness and takes pains to make their calls both pleasant and profitable. His visitors number among the hundreds each year, many of whom come from the large cities to see his queer museum of human curiosities and make him tempting offers for his secret. But he will not give it up and is content to live in a plain but comfortable way, with his wife as his sole companion. He devotes the whole of his winters to embalming experiments.

Some of the facts about this man's discovery have been published at random in the country press, but the stories have been disbelieved because of their vagueness. No writer can do justice to the facts in any description of the contents of this queer man's home nor of his fascinating and instructive conversation. His home is carpeted with the fur of animals—the wildcat, coon, fox and bear.

From the time you enter the house you step noiselessly about from room to room upon the skins of these beasts, which have been preserved by Mr. Hamrick with his own compound. The furs retain their natural appearance, being very smooth and glossy. The skin remains soft and pliable. He says that his treatment of an animal lasts only 24 hours, when it is then in a condition of perpetual preservation.

The first thing that greets the eye upon entering the home is a magnificent peacock, with his brilliant plumage, fairly shining. This bird, with spreading tail and trailing wings, has not been stuffed, but embalmed. Mr. Hamrick said that by pouring a little of his fluid down the throat of the bird decay has been arrested. Many other birds and fowls adorn his home, all well preserved. He has a large collection of snakes and other reptiles which have been on hand for years. His zoological collection would make a valuable addition to any museum.

A little negro boy baby ornaments the parlor mantelpiece in this house. Mr. Hamrick says the baby has been embalmed for more than three years. The body looks plump and the features quite natural. The corpse was obtained at the country almshouse. He has the bodies of two women who were raving maniacs at one time. The corpses were secured at the insane asylum at Weston two years ago. The embalmed bodies of the two women lie side by side on a slab, clothed in dark shrouds. The faces are dark, but the skin is not shriveled like the dark skin of the Egyptian mummies. The hair and teeth are well preserved.

A large glass jar contains the head of a mulatto who was executed at Cincinnati years ago. The spectacle is hideous, the appearance of the head being much as it was in life, the eyes staring into space and the lips drawn tightly away from the big white teeth, as if grinning. There are two more bodies of infants on exhibition, also two white men and a white boy. Some of these corpses Mr. Hamrick has sitting up in chairs, apparently quite at home, but certainly leaving a picture in the mind not pleasant to recall in lonesome places. There are some wild beasts and domestic animals, a sheep, calf, heads of animals and insects. What Hamrick has failed to preserve are fish and their kindred water associates. He says he has failed utterly to preserve a fish and prevent more or less wasting away.

While he carefully guards his secret, he is by no means averse to showing the wonderful fluid he employs to accomplish these marvelous results. He keeps it in a two gallon glass jar, and it is so transparent that at first glance the jar appears to be empty. However, it is almost, if not fully, as heavy as lead, and what makes it still more interesting is Mr. Hamrick's statement that all of the ingredients are found upon or near his farm.—Special to Washington Post.

Helen Gould.
There are marks of credit for you up above.

Helen Gould; You have garnered many an anxious mother's love,

Helen Gould; When the Lord selected you

As his almoner, a new

Heroine came into view,

Helen Gould.

You've a seat within the temple reared to fame,

Helen Gould; You have spread a gloss of honor on your name.

Helen Gould; You have proved that true hearts beat

Where proud mansions line the street—

Here's a flower at your feet,

Helen Gould.

Cleveland Leader.

STAR

BargainStore

DRESS GOODS.

3 pieces of the best \$1 black crepon for 75c. Black crepon, new patterns, sold all over town for \$1.25, our price 98c. Silk

and wool black crepon, sold all over town for \$1.75 and \$2, our price \$1.50. Colored dress goods at special low prices.

SILKS.

New style in striped silk waists patterns worth \$1, for 75c a yard. Large bar silks worth \$1.25 for 95c a yard. Special

in black satin. All silk black satin cheap at 90c for 75c. 27 for men, ladies and children at inch extra quality, all silk black prices that will interest every

new hat trimming in this week on which we can save you a good deal.

WAISTS.

25 black satin waists, corded and made in the latest style, cheap at \$5, will go for \$3.98.

All silk waists pleated in the front for \$3.98. Our silk and satin waists at \$4.98 can not be beat at saving prices. Our new line matched anywhere. Good flan-

nelette waists for 50c. Fine and all we ask you is to look at plaid waists for 75c. All wool cloth waists lined all through

full blouse front for 98c. Better at prices that it will surprise you. A full line of misses' and waists braided \$2.50 value, for \$1.75. Cashmere waists in all colors, trimmed in velvet ribbon for \$1.75. Velvet waists in all

colors \$4 value for \$2.75, and \$3 value for \$1.98. 25 wool crepon skirts double lined worth \$6 for \$3.98. All silk skirts full

width for \$3.75. Heavy gross grain silk silk skirts \$7 values for \$4.98.

WRAPPERS.

25 dozen new wrappers in this week, 100 pair of 50c blankets for 35c a pair. 100 pair of full size

linings for 48c. Heavy fleeced blankets for 44c a pair worth wrappers trimmed cheap at \$1.75c. 50 pair alf wool blankets for 69c. See our lined of fleeced for \$2.49 a pair. 50 pair of 11-4

wrappers at 98c, \$1.25 and up to \$1.98, every one worth more

blankets in all colors, \$4 values, \$2.89 a pair. Very fine blan-

ketts in white, extra size, \$7 values for \$4.98 a pair. Home

made comforts filled with fine cotton, cheap at 2 for \$1.49.

COLLARETTES.

The best line in town and our prices are fully one-third less than elsewhere.

Nice collarettes for \$1.49. Collarettes with astrachan yoke and tails for \$2.49. Collarettes with longtails and tails cheap at \$6 for \$3.98. At \$4.50, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98 and \$7.50 we can

show you a line every one of which is worth from \$2 to \$4 more. Very fine collarettes in all styles up to \$14.50.

Domestics and Linens.

One bale of 6c unbleached muslin for 3 7-8c. 25 pieces of 12 1-2c dark percales for 6 3-4c. 7c comfort calico for 5c. 7c all linen crash for 43-4c. 5c crash for

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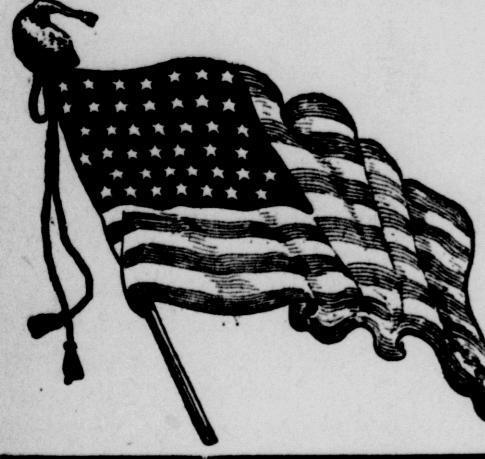
By the Week 10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., MONDAY, OCT. 10



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MISREPRESENTATION will not win the battle for any party this year. Consequently the Democrats are playing a losing game. When they bring up the silver question or the tariff they are met, not by words, but by prosperity, a great and mighty factor in politics. No man can be made to believe the Republican party has shut down a factory when he knows the plant is in operation every day.

ALL ARE INTERESTED.

While the campaign in Ohio is not yet old enough to bring about criticism nothing but words of praise have been heard from Republican meetings. They are, as a rule, made up of large audiences who enthusiastically applaud the sentiment from the excellent speakers now in the state. There is everywhere manifested unusual interest because the Republican party have given out a straight and honest platform and the people like it.

But one conclusion can be drawn. If the people but go to the polls next November the Republican majority will be of the old time kind, and the congressional delegation will be what the state usually sends to Washington if not larger. The prospects were never better.

More Chicken Fights.

A number of chicken fights will be pulled off near this city before the end of the week. Those who will have birds in the pit are from Wellsville, Cumberland, and this place. Considerable money is up on the result.

OFFICERS WERE BUSY

Gathering In Those Who Violated the Law.

ONE MAN HAD A BAD CUT

He Told So Many Stories That He Was Allowed to Go, Although Investigation Will Be Made--Abundant News at City Hall.

The police have been a busy lot since Saturday afternoon, and while not many men were put in jail there were other matters which commanded their attention.

William Anderson was arrested by Officer Whan at the corner of Sixth street and Broadway yesterday. He was drunk, making a noise and in some manner lost his hat. He was taken to jail, where he was allowed to remain a short while. He was given a hearing this morning, and after paying \$7.60 was allowed to go his way.

Daniel Cochran, he of olden times, was gathered in yesterday morning by Officer Grim as he was going through the Diamond. Daniel was very drunk, and was enjoying himself immensely when the officer put in an appearance.

This morning a charge of being drunk was read to him, and after he plead guilty he was fined \$7.60. He made arrangements to pay and departed a sober man.

Jesse Bingham was not acting like a gentleman when he was in lower Market street yesterday, and as a result Officer Mahony put him in and placed a charge of indecent conduct against him. This occurred last evening at 5 o'clock. He gave security for his appearance in court this evening at 8 o'clock and was allowed to go.

John McGuire was an individual put in jail by Officer White Saturday night.

He was sleeping on the steps of a boarding house owned by Mrs. Sullivan in Railroad street near Walnut, and to make the trip easy for him he was carried away in the patrol. He will appear this evening.

About 9 o'clock Saturday night Officer White brought an individual, who talked as if he just came from Germany, to city hall. He was found on the railroad near the Brunt pottery, and when discovered, had an ugly cut on his right cheek bone. He first told the officer he fell on the road and struck a tie, and later said that he had been held up and a lot of articles taken from him.

He was brought to city hall, but nothing more could be learned of him and he was allowed to go. His case is now being investigated as he was drunk when captured, and the story he told was discredited. He is a rag picker, and recently came from Pittsburg.

A fight near the Tucker saloon in West Market street is now being investigated by the police. It occurred near closing time, and was one in which blood was shed. No arrests have been made as yet.

The case of the Reymann Brewing company remains unsettled, as does also the case of Alfred Heakin. The latter case was to have been disposed of last week.

Mayor Bough this morning received the following wanted notice from Superintendent Snay, of the Allegheny county reformatory:

Charles C. Cochran, home at No. 1 Winthrop street, Allegheny. Seventeen years of age, height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 113 pounds, stout, dark hair, brown eyes, medium complexion, indistinct scar near center of forehead. Scar on right wrist from scalding, one small vaccine mark on right arm. Wore blue denim trousers and blue and white striped shirt. Canvas hat.

Chief Johnson will not be at city hall very much this week. He left this morning with Pilgrim commandery, of which he is a member, for Pittsburg.

One Swallow



(Not a bird.)

Or rather one dose of TONSILINE will relieve a couple more will cure that Sore Throat.

Good judgment impels those who have used it to always keep Tonsiline in the house.

TONSILINE should always be kept on guard for these dangerous enemies.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO.

CANTON, O.

don't send warning when they are coming.

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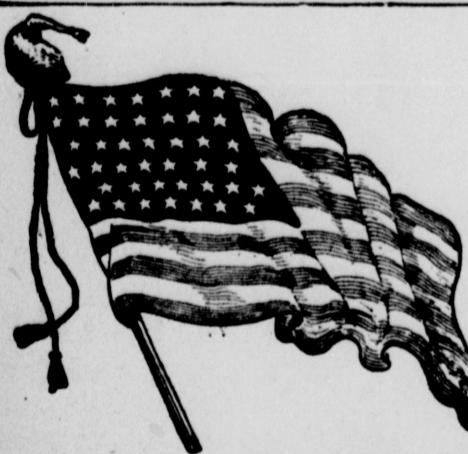
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While the campaign in Ohio is not yet old enough to bring about criticism nothing but words of praise have been heard from Republican meetings. They are, as a rule, made up of large audiences who enthusiastically applaud the sentiment from the excellent speakers now in the state. There is everywhere manifested unusual interest because the Republican party have given out a straight and honest platform and the people like it.

But one conclusion can be drawn. If the people but go to the polls next November the Republican majority will be of the old time kind, and the congressional delegation will be what the state usually sends to Washington if not larger. The prospects were never better.

More Chicken Fights.

A number of chicken fights will be pulled off near this city before the end of the week. Those who will have birds in the pit are from Wellsville, Cumberland and this place. Considerable money is up on the result.

OFFICERS WERE BUSY

Gathering In Those Who Violated the Law.

ONE MAN HAD A BAD CUT

He Told So Many Stories That He Was Allowed to Go, Although Investigation Will Be Made--Abundant News at City Hall.

The police have been a busy lot since Saturday afternoon, and while not many men were put in jail there were other matters which commanded their attention.

William Anderson was arrested by Officer Whan at the corner of Sixth street and Broadway yesterday. He was drunk, making a noise and in some manner lost his hat. He was taken to jail, where he was allowed to remain a short while. He was given a hearing this morning, and after paying \$7.60 was allowed to go his way.

Daniel Cochran, he of olden times, was gathered in yesterday morning by Officer Grim as he was going through the Diamond. Daniel was very drunk, and was enjoying himself immensely when the officer put in an appearance.

This morning a charge of being drunk was read to him, and after he plead guilty he was fined \$7.60. He made arrangements to pay and departed a sober man.

Jesse Bingham was not acting like a gentleman when he was in lower Market street yesterday, and as a result Officer Mahony put him in and placed a charge of indecent conduct against him. This occurred last evening at 5 o'clock. He gave security for his appearance in court this evening at 8 o'clock and was allowed to go.

John McGuire was an individual put in jail by Officer White Saturday night.

He was sleeping on the steps of boarding house owned by Mrs. Sullivan in Railroad street near Walnut, and to make the trip easy for him he was carried away in the patrol. He will appear this evening.

About 9 o'clock Saturday night Officer White brought an individual, who talked as if he just came from Germany, to city hall. He was found on the railroad near the Brunt pottery, and when discovered, had an ugly cut on his right cheek bone. He first told the officer he fell on the road and struck a tie, and later said that he had been held up and a lot of articles taken from him. He was brought to city hall, but nothing more could be learned of him and he was allowed to go. His case is now being investigated as he was drunk when captured, and the story he told was discredited. He is a rag picker, and recently came from Pittsburg.

A fight near the Tucker saloon in West Market street is now being investigated by the police. It occurred near closing time, and was one in which blood was shed. No arrests have been made as yet.

The case of the Reymann Brewing company remains unsettled, as does also the case of Alfred Heakin. The latter case was to have been disposed of last week.

Mayor Bough this morning received the following wanted notice from Superintendent Snay of the Allegheny county reformatory:

Charles C. Cochran, home at No. 1 Winthrop street, Allegheny. Seventeen years of age, height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 113 pounds, stout, dark hair, brown eyes, medium complexion, indistinct scar near center of forehead. Scar on right wrist from scalding, one small vaccine mark on right arm. Wore blue denim trousers and blue and white striped shirt. Canvas hat.

Chief Johnson will not be at city hall very much this week. He left this morning with Pilgrim commandery, of which he is a member, for Pittsburg.

One Swallow



(Not a bird.)

Or rather one dose of TONSILINE will relieve and a couple more will cure that Sore Throat.

Good judgment impels those who have used it to always keep Tonsilene in the house.

TONSILINE should always be kept on guard for these dangerous enemies.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists.

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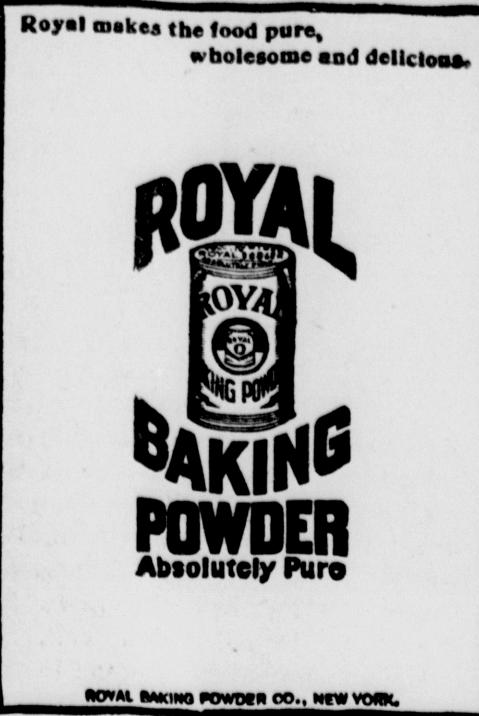
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OPENING THE CAMPAIGN

First Speeches to Be Made In Wellsville.

HON. R. W. TAYLER, JUDGE YOUNG

Will Be the Speakers---Another Will Be Held at Salineville on Friday---From That Time There Will Be Great Activity Until Election Day.

The Republican campaign will be opened in this county at Wellsville next Thursday when Hon. R. W. Tayler and Judge Young will address the people.

It is expected that the short time between the present and election day will be a few weeks of unusual activity.

Mr. Taylor and Judge Moore will speak at Salineville Saturday evening and there will be another meeting at Georgetown the same night. It is not known when East Liverpool will hear its first Republican speech of the campaign, but it will be toward the end of the month, and the speaker will in all probability be General Grosvenor. He is one of the best in the country, and is in great demand. The meeting will be held in the Grand Opera House.

Detective Shiffler Here.

Detective Shiffler, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, was in the city several hours Saturday afternoon. As is customary with the force of which he is a member, he said he wasn't doing anything, but judging from the past, when a detective of the railroad company spends a few hours in the city his visit is heard of later. He left for Pittsburgh late Saturday night.

A Good Investment.

M. J. Martin, of the Virginia side left this morning for Sistersville where he will remain several days on business. He is interested in an oil field about Sistersville that is paying enormous returns on the investment. Last Tuesday he refused an offer of \$10,000 for his share of the business.

Received Their Salaries.

The Cleveland and Pittsburgh pay car passed through the city Saturday afternoon and all the employes were given their wages for the month of September. Paymaster Drury had charge of the car, and as he is one of the best in the employ of the company, the car did not linger in this city long.

Went to Pittsburg.

A private car containing Messrs. Watts, Lane and Scriven, of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, passed through the city Saturday evening, going to Pittsburg from Cleveland. The party were making an inspection of the main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road.

The Avalon Coming.

The light draught packet Avalon that has been tied up at Pittsburg during the low water, is expected to pass this port for Parkersburg at 10 o'clock to-night. The boat will leave Pittsburg at 4 o'clock, and it is expected to make good time.

Booked an Attraction.

Manager Norris this afternoon by telegram booked Geo. W. Monroe for Oct. 18. He will play at the Grand "Her Majesty, the Cook."

N. G. Macrum III.

N. G. Macrum, cashier of the First National bank, has been confined to his home by illness for several days but is somewhat improved today.

Tommy Shearer's Company.

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THEY ALL WILL JOIN

In an Endeavor to Have a Lecture Course.

MINISTERS HOLD A MEETING

And Decide to Have the Churches Connected With the Management—It Will Be Popular With Ten Entertainments.

The ministers of the city met in the lecture room of the Methodist Protestant church Saturday night to arrange for a lecture course. The meeting was attended by Reverend Swift, Rev. Reed, Dr. Taggart, Rev. Weary, Prof. Rayman and Mr. Boyce.

The meeting was called to order by Reverend Swift, who stated that as there would be no lecture course in this city unless something was done immediately, he thought it a wise plan for the churches of the city to give one. The matter was discussed at length by all the ministers present, and a conclusion was reached whereby a lecture course composed of 10 entertainments would be inaugurated.

Mr. Wilson, a representative of the Central Lyceum Lecture Bureau, was present, and told those present what the bureau could offer. A committee composed of Reverend Swift, Reverend Reed and Professor Rayman were appointed to confer with the entertainment committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, after which the meeting adjourned. These committees will meet this evening to arrange further details.

The entertainments will include some of the best talent in their respective lines ever in the city and each one will be of the highest order. The months for each entertainment to be given have been arranged, but the dates have not all been decided upon owing to the fact that the parties with whom the engagements are made will have to be communicated with on the subject.

LOST A BIG FISH.

How the Prophet of Pisgah Missed a Meal.

They are telling a good story on D. J. Smith, of Mount Pisgah.

He was fishing the other day in Little Beaver, and after a lot of work succeeded in landing four bass averaging four and a half pounds in weight. Then he became hungry, and was preparing to go home, when he felt a weight on his line. The line was in clear water and there were no snags near, and the veteran fisherman at once knew he had hooked something big. The fish, or whatever it might be, swam swiftly away, and in a few moments had snapped the line and disappeared with the hook, while the prophet's vision of a feast went with it. He now thinks he had hooked a whale or some other sea monster, for the line was made of silk and guaranteed to land 30 pounds from any stream in the land.

GODWIN AS A SPRINTER.

He Will Have a Turn With McCaffrey, of Freedom.

John Godwin, of this city, and McCaffrey, of the Freedom baseball team, have been matched for a 100 yard dash for \$100 aside.

The men are very equally matched. The race will take place at Rochester one week from next Saturday. Many Liverpool people will attend and back the local boy to win.

COMING TODAY.

The New Wagon For the City Is on the Way.

The new combination hose and ladder wagon for the East End fire station will arrive today.

The fire committee have not yet held a meeting to prepare recommendations to be submitted to council, owing to the illness of Councilman Challis. An effort will be made to have a session this evening to arrange plans.

Is Improving.

George Rhoades, a checkman at the freight depot, who was badly injured recently by having several ribs of his right side broken, will be able to resume his work at the depot within a few weeks. He is steadily improving.

To the Soldiers' Home.

Hugh Martin, who has been spending several months in the city with friends, has returned to the Soldiers' Home at Dayton. He will not return here until next spring.

Fancy vests all the rage in the cities. Scotch effects and silks, cut in the late nobby style. You should see them at

JOSEPH BROS'.

GO TO PITTSBURG.

Special Rates and Special Trains via Pennsylvania Lines.

From Oct. 8 to Oct. 15 the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will entertain people from all parts of the United States, as well as from foreign countries, assembled to participate and witness the imposing ceremonies of Knights Templars in Triennial Conclave. Preparations for the event have been completed on a grand scale, and never in the history of the electrical age have there been such extensive illuminations by electricity as may be seen on this occasion. Both cities will be ablaze with light every night. The decoration of business blocks and residences will be the most remarkable ever witnessed. The grand parade to take place Tuesday, Oct. 11, will be a wonderful demonstration. Thousands of Sir Knights will be in line, marching to music furnished by hundreds of bands. The sight will be an inspiring one.

The grandeur of the occasion may be enjoyed at small cost for fare, as non-transferable excursion tickets to Pittsburgh will be sold over the Pennsylvania lines each day from Oct. 8 to Oct. 13, inclusive. Tickets will be good returning Oct. 17, with privilege to extend the return limit to Oct. 31. Arrangements have also been made whereby holders of excursion tickets over the Pennsylvania lines may indulge in cheap trips from Pittsburgh to points within a radius of 260 miles of that city, also to Harrisburg, Gettysburg, Baltimore and Washington. Concessions in fare for side trips may be secured by depositing the return portion of excursion tickets to Pittsburgh with the joint passenger agent in that city.

For the accommodation of persons wishing to go to the city the day the day the grand parade takes place and return that night, a special train will be run over the Pennsylvania lines, Tuesday, Oct. 11, leaving East Liverpool at 6:15 a. m., reaching the city in time to see it all. Returning leaving Pittsburgh Union station, 9 p. m. Allegheny 9:10 p. m. Central time, Oct. 11.

Persons making the trip over the Pennsylvania lines arrive at stations in the center of Allegheny or Pittsburgh, right in the midst of the hotel and boarding house districts, convenient to places where the events of the week will transpire. The Pennsylvania station on Federal street, Allegheny, is near splendid locations for viewing the procession. It is also directly on the line of march.

The hospitality of the Iron City is well known and all visitors will be satisfactorily taken care of. It will be perhaps the opportunity of a lifetime to see such a wonderful exhibition of electrical illumination and decorations, and vast army of representative men from all over the country in line. Persons who attend will be amply repaid for the trip, the expense of which will be small. Full information about rates, time of trains and other particulars may be ascertained by applying to Adam Hill, Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agent, East Liverpool.

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account the exposition will be sold at single fare for round trip via Pennsylvania lines, Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13 and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie, Massillon, New Philadelphia and intermediate ticket stations on the Fort Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison, New Cumberland, Washington Wheeling and intermediate ticket stations on the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be sold for regular trains of those dates, and will be good returning three days including date of sale. For rates, tickets and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Low Rates For Conclave.

Elaborate arrangements are completed for the Knights Templar conclave at Pittsburgh in October. You may enjoy it all by going on low rate tickets to be sold over Pennsylvania lines Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive. After taking in the sights and festivities, interesting side trips may be made from Pittsburgh at small cost by depositing return coupon of Pittsburgh ticket with joint agent at that place. For particulars apply to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or address J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Excursions For Conclave.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account Knights Templar Triennial conclave will be sold Oct. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, via Pennsylvania lines. For special information inquire of nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or address J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Overcoats, new styles received today at

JOSEPH BROS'.

A FEARLESS CONVICT.

STEADMAN'S DARING ESCAPE FROM SAN QUENTIN PRISON.

One of the Most Remarkable Cases of Jail Breaking on Record—Accomplished by a Feat Which Almost Bordered on the Miraculous.

It is one thing to catch a thief and it is another thing to hold him. During a meeting of the chiefs of police of all the larger cities of the United States and Canada, which occurred at Milwaukee, there were reminiscences of remarkable captures and of escapes which bordered closely upon the miraculous.

"The most remarkable escape from prison that I can recall," said William A. Pinkerton, "was that of Frank Steadman from the San Quentin prison. But I'll not tell you about it, for here is John Glass, who caught Steadman and sent him back to San Quentin."

Chief Glass pinched the brown imperial on his under lip reflectively for a moment before he responded to the looks of inquiry bent upon him by those not familiar with the story.

"The escape to which you refer, Pinkerton, was made after I sent Steadman to San Quentin and not before. I was not the fortunate one to get him after that last wonderful break. And to tell the truth, I have never taken to myself much credit for taking him the time I did, for it was to a considerable degree a matter of good fortune. You see, we were just at that time keeping our eyes open for a bank robber by the name of Barnes, who had gone into one of the banks out there, covered the one man who happened to be alone in the place at the time, locked him up in the vault, and then coolly walked out of the bank and out of sight with all the funds he could get his hands on.

"One day a man answering closely the description we had of Barnes stepped off the train at Los Angeles. We took him in tow at once, but found we did not have the bird we were after. However, we managed to hold him long enough to find out that he was Frank Steadman, who had become notorious even at that time as a successful jail breaker. He had four or five escapes from prison in southern Indiana credited to him, had got away from Joliet and had still seven years to do at the Illinois prison; had also been at San Quentin, and had escaped from there with five years unfinished.

"Steadman was a machinist by profession, and a burglar by inclination. When he was sent back to San Quentin to finish his time, he was put to work with other convicts in the engine room. It was here that an idea came into his brain that for absolute daring and fearlessness was typical of the man. He had noticed that every evening at the time the men working in the engine room were lined up to be marched away, the machinery was stopped at exactly the same moment. He had observed as well that a window leading to an adjacent roof was not far from the top of the big driving belt of the engine. From that roof it was possible to reach the outer wall of the prison. Beyond the wall was freedom. He had escaped so many times that his mind reverted again and again to the window high up on the wall of the engine room. Apparently it was beyond all possibility of being reached. No ladder was to be obtained. Had such a thing been even standing in place against the wall, to break from the line and scale it with catlike dexterity, although the work of but a few seconds, he well knew would be futile, possibly fatal. Bullets travel faster than legs, and the guards were not bad shots. But desperate deeds demand desperate means. Some minds may work with an ingenuity born of despair, but Steadman's was of a different caliber. His plans were the out-growth of steadfast optimism.

"One day there came to him as if by inspiration the thought that the big belt might be the means of carrying him to his goal. He found that it was impossible to count the revolutions of the driving wheel, but there were lacings in the broad belt, which he was able to distinguish as a sort of blur as it passed a given point. For days and days he counted, and in his cell at night he spent his time in calculations. He discovered the exact number of revolutions the wheel made per minute. He learned also by constant observation just how many times the belt went round after the engine was shut down.

"One evening, when the line had been formed as usual at the close of the day's work and as the big wheel began to lose its momentum, suddenly a convict sprang from the line, leaped to the belt, with outstretched arms grappling both edges of the broad leather. He had calculated well the strength that would be required, for the terrific wrench did not loosen his grasp. Outward and upward he swung until he reached the topmost point of the circumference. The nicely of his calculation had reaped its reward. The belt stopped. He leaped to his feet, sprang through the window and was gone before convicts or guards had recovered from their astonishment. He caught up a guard's coat and hat, dropped from the wall and got away in the dusk of the evening. I am inclined to believe that as a mathematical proposition that was about as perfect a piece of work as any man ever accomplished."

"And did he get away without re-

capture?" some one asked.

"No, I am almost sorry to say, he did not," answered the Los Angeles chief, "for that ought by rights to be the denouement of such a story, which combines so much of daring and cleverness. Steadman was taken again in a short time and put to work at his old job. There are bars over that high window above the big drive belt now. Not long after this Steadman cut and nearly killed one of the other convicts and is now serving out an additional sentence for attempted murder at the Folsom prison, which is situated some 28 miles from Sacramento." Chicago Inter Ocean.

Cheap Trips.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the northwest, west or southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, No. 360 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. He represents the short lines to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the northwest, west and southwest. Daily through train service from Pittsburgh, and from western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio points. The Pennsylvania is the only system of railways having a double route between Pittsburgh and Chicago. Tell Mr. Dillon where you wish to go, and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

Good Chance to Visit the East.

Persons going to Pittsburgh over Pennsylvania lines on cheap tickets to be sold via that route Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive, account Knights Templar conclave will have the privilege of buying low rate excursion tickets from Pittsburgh to points in Ohio and Pennsylvania, and to Baltimore and Washington, over the Pennsylvania route, by depositing excursion tickets with joint agent after reaching Pittsburgh. Full and particular information furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or to J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at News Review.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward. 3:35 3:37 3:39 3:41 3:59

AM PM PM PM AM

Pittsburgh, Pa. 6:45 11:30 11:40 11:45 11:50 8:25

Rochester 6:40 2:15 5:25 11:50 8:25

Beaver 6:45 2:20 5:30 11:55 8:30

Vanport 6:50 2:30 5:30 11:59 8:34

Industry 7:00 2:40 5:50 12:10 8:44

Cooks Ferry 7:03 2:40 5:55 12:11 8:48

Smiths Ferry 7:11 2:40 5:55 12:20 8:55

East Liverpool 7:20 2:40 5:55 12:30 9:05

Wellsville 7:33 3:00 6:20 12:40 9:15

Wellsville, N. Y. 7:42 3:05 12:45

Wellsville Shop 7:46 12:50

Yellow Creek 7:52 12:55

Hammondsville 8:01 1:03

Ironton 8:06 1:22 1:26

Salineville 8:25 1:28 1:27

Bayard 9:09 2:10 2:05

Alliance 9:40 4:35 2:30

Ravenna 10:05 4:35 2:35

Hudson 11:02 4:35 2:30

Cleveland, N. Y. 12:10 2:25 4:30

Wellsville, N. Y. 12:10 2:25 4:30

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One Deal Said to Have Been Closed.

NO NAMES ARE GIVEN OUT

But Manufacturing Potters and All Others Interested in the Big Combination Are Discussing the Bit of News and Wondering Who Will Be Next.

The last rumor concerning the proposed trust is now being discussed in a lively manner by manufacturing potters in the city.

The story states that one concern has already closed with the eastern capitalists, and is now ready to become a part of the big combination. The deal, so the knowing ones say, was closed last week to the satisfaction of all concerned, the terms being such as to please all parties. When the other potteries are in, this first company will be ready for business under the new management.

"The rumor is important if it happens to be true," said a prominent potter, "because it shows how the New York people propose to handle this matter. They will not send appraisers here with a flourish of trumpets, nor will anyone in town know anything of the deals until they are closed. They will quietly look over each plant and close the deals without outside advise or knowledge. One by one the plants will go, and when the first of the year arrives the great task will have been accomplished. You understand I am only basing this statement on the ground that the rumor is true. They are smart men, these promoters, and while they may not know much of pottery they seem to know business."

PILGRIM COMMANDERY

Looked Well as It Marched to the Station.

Pilgrim Commandery No. 55, Knights Templar, left this morning in a special car to attend the triennial conclave at Pittsburgh.

The Knights to the number of 49 met this morning at their asylum, and headed by a band marched to the station. They presented a very handsome appearance in full uniform and were the recipients of many compliments from the people who were stationed along the line of procession.

A number of members have been in Pittsburgh for several days and will join the commandery there.

A CHURCH WEDDING.

John Calley and Miss Margaret Tracy to Be Married at St. Aloysius.

The marriage of John Calley, a prosperous young business man of Sistersville and Miss Margaret Tracy, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Tracy, of this city, will be solemnized tomorrow morning at St. Aloysius church. Father John Tracy, of Ashtabula, an uncle of the bride, will officiate.

The happy couple will make their home in Sistersville.

BROKE SUNDAY LAW.

Not Much Trouble Experienced in Making Purchases.

Yesterday from all appearances the Sunday law was not observed to any great extent in the city.

Although no open violation was made of the law the statement is made that any person who wished had but little trouble in purchasing all the tobacco and cigars he wished. There were also more drunken people in the streets than have been seen on Sunday for many months.

NO HAIR PULLING

Although It Seemed as Though There Would Be Trouble.

A wordy war between a man and his wife in Fourth street Saturday afternoon attracted some attention. The couple spent some time in calling each other hard names and spectators expected to see a hair pulling, but were disappointed, as the couple separated without coming to blows.

On the River.

At the wharf last night at midnight the river stood at the 3.9 foot mark and stationary. The rise from the Monongahela came to an end shortly after 9 p.m. Several of the needles at the dam were removed because of the rush of water.

The rise was unlooked for by the rivermen in this place, and when they saw it rise yesterday they only smiled and wished it would go higher. If the river remains at its present height boats may be running by the last of the week.

NAVAL STATION AT CULEBRA

Island in the Virgin Passage to Be Strongly Fortified.

It has been decided by the navy department to establish a naval station on the island of Culebra, which is located east of Porto Rico and guards the Virgin passage. This island furnishes a magnificent natural harbor, with a depth of 54 feet, which the largest ships in the navy can enter without difficulty. The island of Culebra was chosen on account of the easy approach and because it presents the finest harbor facilities in the vicinity of Porto Rico, while the island ports are dangerous on account of the many coral reefs. Culebra will be made one of the finest stations in the world and, in addition to this, will be strongly fortified, and when the work now contemplated is finished this island will be almost impregnable and, in fact, one of the most formidable strongholds on the Atlantic coast. It commands the Virgin passage and is the key to the south Atlantic.

Captain Chester, who commanded the Cincinnati, was ordered by the secretary of the navy to make an examination of this island, which was ceded to the United States with Porto Rico, with a view to locating a naval station there, and he reports it to be an ideal place and recommends that it be used for the purpose named. A coaling station will also be established there, and the naval officers are enthusiastic over the bright outlook for the establishment of outlying naval stations and assert that this is only the beginning of building several stations of the same kind, of which this government has been sorely in need for many years.—Washington Cor. Chicago Tribune.

ASTOR BATTERY TREATED.

Some of Them Got a Square Meal on Board the Raleigh.

Assistant Engineer Brady of Harrisburg, Pa., is on the Raleigh at Manila. Writing to his parents in Harrisburg, he says:

"We had some of the Astor battery on the ship about a week ago. They seemed to be very nice fellows; but all, from the appearance of their clothes, have been roughing it a bit, and they were the hungriest lot you ever saw. One of them, who is quite well off in the United States and who is very amusing, appeared barefooted and wore a farmer's straw hat with an edge of red cloth. They were sitting around in our messroom about luncheon time, so we invited them to stay. Although we had made no preparation, we provided for them very well. They were very enthusiastic over everything on the table, and their enthusiasm was so great that the table was soon bare. Even our commonest necessities, such as bread and butter, caused exclamations of delight, and when we put beer in front of them they heaved a sigh of contentment and thought their happiness was complete.

"It was a pleasure to treat them, as they were evidently very hungry. We had a big platter of nice beefsteak, a big dish of chicken croquettes, another big platter of canned meat and lots of fine light biscuit and bread and butter. We gave them plenty of cigars to smoke afterward. I know they will remember the Raleigh with lots of gratitude."—New York Sun.

The Round Robin.

The "round robin" had its origin several centuries ago in France.

It was used there by officers of the army as a method of expressing their dissatisfaction with the course of the king or his ministers. By signing in a circular form the leaders of the movement could not be ascertained and singled out for punishment.

The first instance on record of the use of this form of protest in the navy occurred in 1625. At the instigation of the Duke of Buckingham, the king's favorite, an English fleet, under Admiral Bennington, was dispatched to Rochelle to assist in the coercion of the Protestant subjects of Louis XIII of France. But the English tars, in common with their fellow countrymen, looked with favor upon the resistance of their coreligionists against the proselytizing zeal of the French king, and they signed a "round robin," expressing their determination not to fire a shot against them, and without waiting for a reply they weighed anchor and brought their ships back to England. The admiral, however, received a peremptory order to return to Dieppe, whereupon the whole of the crews quitted the ships without further parley.—Providence Journal.

Ireland Sending Onions Here.

On board the White Star liner Cymric, which arrived at New York recently, were 20,000 crates of onions, the first consignment of that vegetable from the Emerald Isle. There has been a scarcity of onions in this part of the country, and foreign speculators were quick to grasp the opportunity of sending a sample cargo from Great Britain and Ireland.—New York Press.

Fanny Davenport.

The late Henry W. Grady came to New York when the late Miss Fanny Davenport was playing at Daly's and was so carried away that he wrote of her ever afterward as the "woman of beautiful flesh." Henry never yielded the palm as a connoisseur in beauty, whether of face or figure. He adored fine women.—New York Press.

AFFAIRS OF HONOR.

CUBAN DUELS SCHEDULED TO BE FOUGHT IN HAVANA.

Affairs on Dr. Congosto's Hands. Fighting Cuban Editors—The Duel an Institution on the Island—Clubs Where Quarrels Arise.

Dueling is one of the institutions of Cuba. Probably with the evacuation of the island by the Spanish forces it will go as the bullfight and the lottery will also go. There were, however, several affairs of honor which it was promised should be settled by a resort to the code as soon as the cessation of hostilities permitted the prohibition laid by General Blanco on dueling to be raised. The captain general would have no resort to arms among quarreling army officers and civil officials during the blockade.

Dr. Congosto, the Cuban secretary general, who was formerly Spanish consul at Philadelphia, has several postponed events on his hands. He had many disagreements with Consul General Lee, and among the ignorant Spaniards of Havana it was the common belief that the secretary general would hold General Lee personally responsible for the troubles which were thickening around the Blanco administration. Congosto had also many bitter quarrels with the American newspaper correspondents. He frequently told them that only the duties of his official post kept him from calling them out. His fiercest quarrel was with one of the editors of the most violent Spanish newspaper published in Havana. The two men came to blows, and formal challenges were reported to have been exchanged.

At the time when Sampson's fleet was guarding Havana harbor and the peaceful blockade was likely to give way any day to a bombardment its presence caused less excitement than the impending duel between the secretary general and the journalist. Blanco's veto on the duel ended the excitement, but the sequence is now due. There is in the Cuban capital a German of some notoriety as a fighter, who, if he carries out a declared purpose, will never let Congosto leave Cuba without giving him a gentleman's satisfaction for insults which could not be resented when received.

The Havana editors have usually shown willingness to back their opinions by resorting to the code, though it is not invoked with the same frequency as among French editors. A few weeks before the American consuls were withdrawn from the island the autonomist government was honeycombed with intrigues and torn by dissensions. An outcome of this situation was a prospective duel between Ferdinand de Castro, the present civil governor of the province, and the editor of one of the autonomist newspapers. The town was full of a rumor one night that the meeting had taken place and that one of the principals had been wounded. This was untrue, but the reality was that stern orders and energetic action on the part of Blanco had prevented the meeting. Several of the Havana editors and reporters have records as duelists. One of them has his office ornamented with weapons of all kinds, some of them trophies. To the indignant subscriber who wants a retraction is given a chance among them.

The Union club of Havana, which, without being fast, is not slow, has a room which is devoted to arms, and tales of practice and of prowess there sometimes foreshadow the settlement of a difficulty. Fencing is a leading diversion, and facilities for pistol practice are not lacking. In the rooms of a building overlooking the Prado and the central park several duels have been fought. A year or more ago a young man, a member of a well known family, was found dead in one of these rooms. In his pocket was a letter saying that his purpose was to commit suicide and giving directions in regard to various personal matters. He had been killed in a duel. The circumstances were all known, but neither the surviving principal nor any of the seconds was arrested. It is customary for each of the principals to write a letter of this kind. Usually its existence does not become known, because a fatal result is almost as rare as in German students' duels.

There is a local literature of dueling which is much read. On the shelves of the Havana book stores can usually be found a pamphlet which gives a complete account of duels fought for a period of years. The compiler is an ardent admirer of the code. His pamphlet gives the names of the principals and seconds, the causes of the challenges and the incidents of the combat. A few fatal endings are recorded. Quarrels over politics appear to be a common cause of duels. Then there are those "insults unprovoked," which in the United States would be called barroom squabbles. In some cases a discreet hint is given that a woman's honor had been rashly questioned and atonement made. A suggestion is also occasionally conveyed that a disagreement arose at the gaming table. This is apt to have been the cause when the principals were members of the Circulo Militar, or Spanish Military club. Formerly high stakes were played for at this club and the officers quarreled. Some names that were well known in Havana a decade or two ago appear in this pamphlet.

Three arms are recognized as legitimate dueling weapons. They are the

sword, the saber or cutlass and the pistol. Most of the Cuban duels were formerly fought with the saber or cutlass. Its use was upheld on the ground that while the cut and the contusion from it disfigured it did not make a serious wound. The skill required for its proper handling is also cited as a point in its favor, while its superiority over the sword in several respects is pointed out. Nevertheless, in recent years the sword has come to be a popular weapon for dueling, and the Havana fencing schools encourage it. The pistol is seldom employed in Cuban duels.—New York Sun.

SPAIN ADOPTS OUR BUGLES.

Large Order Placed in France for Trumpets Like Ours.

Spain has apparently become convinced that there is something magnetic in the bugle used by the American army, for orders have been issued to discard the antiquated instruments used by the dons' forces in the late war and to replace them with trumpets of the regulation pattern adopted by the United States some years ago.

A firm doing business in New York and Paris, who have recently delivered 2,000 trumpets contracted for by Quartermaster General Ludington, have received an order to furnish 2,500 trumpets of the same size, style and key for the use of the Spanish army. The New York agent of the firm received notice recently that the order had been placed in France. He was considerably surprised at the news.

The trumpet used in America is of a pattern adopted May 2, 1892, and is described as follows: "Each trumpet to be built in the key of 'G,' the slide to draw to 'F,' and marked and stamped with the letter 'F' at the correct point to produce the key of 'F.'" The bugle calls of Shafter's army are said to have been plainly heard by the Spanish troops in their intrenchments at Santiago long before the American troops were visible. It is said that the use of trumpets of the same key by opposing armies might lead to confusion. In the early days of the Cuban conflict with Spain captured trumpets were used by the Cuban guerrillas to lead the Spaniards into ambush, and on one occasion a Cuban bugler concealed in the bushes succeeded in causing two Spanish columns to fire upon each other.

No objection was offered by the officers at the Army building in New York when they were informed of Spain's order, the only comment being a remark that Spain had apparently begun the equipment of her army.—New York Herald.

ACETYLENE GAS IN WABASH.

First Plant of Its Kind for Municipal Lighting in the World.

Charles F. Dietrich, millionaire, head of the natural gas syndicate which owns substantially all of the gas systems, natural and artificial, in the Indiana field, recently visited Wabash with J. A. Knapp, an expert connected with the Chicago Gas company. After an examination of the illuminating system of Dietrich interests here President Dietrich gave the order to install in Wabash the first acetylene plant for city illumination in the world.

The artificial gas service in this city has been defective for some time. As the Dietrich syndicate has a monopoly of the manufacture of calcium carbide, from which acetylene gas is successfully generated for isolated plants, he has decided to make the experiment of supplying the city, with the intention of substituting it if successful for coal gas in all the artificial gas systems owned by the syndicate in the Indiana gas field.—Chicago Record.

Wonderful Heat in Kansas.

The heat in Topeka during the last few days has been terrific. Passengers who came on the Union Pacific train from the west tell a story that seems incredible, yet is vouches for by reliable men. At Bellevue the heat so warped the rails that the passing of the train over the main track was made impossible for the time, and a side track was utilized which stood in the shade of the buildings. Near Silver lake, at two different points, the rails bent out like a bow and moved the ties a half foot over on the roadbed. The trainmen, assisted by the passengers, were compelled to use a stout chain and handspikes to hold the rails in plumb while their train passed over the deflection. The train came to Topeka behind time, and the passengers report a thrilling ride.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Chinese Duke and General.

Jung Lu, the new viceroy of China, is one of the most popular generals in the imperial army. He has always been a dandy in dress, and he has the reputation of being the best dressed man in Peking, while the gilded youth among the Manchou nobility always copy his dress and swear by "Jung Lu's style." His horses and mules also have ever been the finest in Peking, not even excepting the emperor's stud, and he loves to mount the most fiery and restive cattle when riding out. This has led to several picked horses sent as tribute to the emperor from Kuldja and Mongolia, but which no one can ride, owing to their untamed and restive spirits, being specially presented to Jung Lu by the emperor's command. This is the man who now holds the responsible post of guardian of the dragon throne at Tien-tsin.

—Tien-tsin Times.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

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The "Century" pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen. Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

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Looked Well as It Marched to the Station.

Pilgrim Commandery No. 55, Knights Templar, left this morning in a special car to attend the triennial conclave at Pittsburg.

The Knights to the number of 49 met this morning at their asylum, and headed by a band marched to the station. They presented a very handsome appearance in full uniform and were the recipients of many compliments from the people who were stationed along the line of procession.

A number of members have been in Pittsburg for several days and will join the commandery there.

A CHURCH WEDDING.

John Calley and Miss Margaret Tracy to Be Married at St. Aloysius.

The marriage of John Calley, a prosperous young business man of Sistersville and Miss Margaret Tracy, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Tracy, of this city, will be solemnized tomorrow morning at St. Aloysius church. Father John Tracy, of Ashtabula, an uncle of the bride, will officiate.

The happy couple will make their home in Sistersville.

BROKE SUNDAY LAW.

Not Much Trouble Experienced in Making Purchases.

Yesterday from all appearances the Sunday law was not observed to any great extent in the city.

Although no open violation was made of the law the statement is made that any person who wished had but little trouble in purchasing all the tobacco and cigars he wished. There were also more drunken people in the streets than have been seen on Sunday for many months.

NO HAIR PULLING

Although It Seemed as Though There Would Be Trouble.

A wordy war between a man and his wife in Fourth street Saturday afternoon attracted some attention. The couple spent some time in calling each other hard names and spectators expected to see a hair pulling, but were disappointed, as the couple separated without coming to blows.

On the River.

At the wharf last night at midnight the river stood at the 3.9 foot mark and stationary. The rise from the Monongahela came to an end shortly after 9 p.m. Several of the needles at the dam were removed because of the rush of water.

The rise was unlooked for by the rivermen in this place, and when they saw it rise yesterday they only smiled and wished it would go higher. If the river remains at its present height boats may be running by the last of the week.

Read the NEWS REVIEW for news.

NAVAL STATION AT CULEBRA

Island in the Virgin Passage to Be Strongly Fortified.

It has been decided by the navy department to establish a naval station on the island of Culebra, which is located east of Porto Rico and guards the Virgin passage. This island furnishes a magnificent natural harbor, with a depth of 54 feet, which the largest ships in the navy can enter without difficulty. The island of Culebra was chosen on account of the easy approach and because it presents the finest harbor facilities in the vicinity of Porto Rico, while the island ports are dangerous on account of the many coral reefs. Culebra will be made one of the finest stations in the world and, in addition to this, will be strongly fortified, and when the work now contemplated is finished this island will be almost impregnable and, in fact, one of the most formidable strongholds on the Atlantic coast. It commands the Virgin passage and is the key to the south Atlantic.

Captain Chester, who commanded the Cincinnati, was ordered by the secretary of the navy to make an examination of this island, which was ceded to the United States with Porto Rico, with a view to locating a naval station there, and he reports it to be an ideal place and recommends that it be used for the purpose named. A coaling station will also be established there, and the naval officers are enthusiastic over the bright outlook for the establishment of outlying naval stations and assert that this is only the beginning of building several stations of the same kind, of which this government has been sorely in need for many years.—Washington Cor. Chicago Tribune.

ASTOR BATTERY TREATED.

Some of Them Got a Square Meal on Board the Raleigh.

Assistant Engineer Brady of Harrisburg, Pa., is on the Raleigh at Manila. Writing to his parents in Harrisburg, he says:

"We had some of the Astor battery on the ship about a week ago. They seemed to be very nice fellows; but all, from the appearance of their clothes, have been roughing it a bit, and they were the hungriest lot you ever saw. One of them, who is quite well off in the United States and who is very amusing, appeared barefooted and wore a farmer's straw hat with an edge of red cloth. They were sitting around in our messroom about luncheon time, so we invited them to stay. Although we had made no preparation, we provided for them very well. They were very enthusiastic over everything on the table, and their enthusiasm was so great that the table was soon bare. Even our commonest necessities, such as bread and butter, caused exclamations of delight, and when we put beer in front of them they heaved a sigh of contentment and thought their happiness was complete.

"It was a pleasure to treat them, as they were evidently very hungry. We had a big platter of nice beefsteak, a big dish of chicken croquettes, another big platter of canned meat and lots of fine light biscuit and bread and butter. We gave them plenty of cigars to smoke afterward. I know they will remember the Raleigh with lots of gratitude."—New York Sun.

The Round Robin.

The "round robin" had its origin several centuries ago in France.

It was used there by officers of the army as a method of expressing their dissatisfaction with the course of the king or his ministers. By signing in a circular form the leaders of the movement could not be ascertained and singled out for punishment.

The first instance on record of the use of this form of protest in the navy occurred in 1625. At the instigation of the Duke of Buckingham, the king's favorite, an English fleet, under Admiral Bennington, was dispatched to Rochelle to assist in the coercion of the Protestant subjects of Louis XIII of France. But the English tars, in common with their fellow countrymen, looked with favor upon the resistance of their coreligionists against the proselytizing zeal of the French king, and they signed a "round robin," expressing their determination not to fire a shot against them, and without waiting for a reply they weighed anchor and brought their ships back to England. The admiral, however, received a peremptory order to return to Dieppe, whereupon the whole of the crews quitted the ships without further parley.—Providence Journal.

Ireland Sending Onions Here.

On board the White Star liner Cymric, which arrived at New York recently, were 20,000 crates of onions, the first consignment of that vegetable from the Emerald Isle. There has been a scarcity of onions in this part of the country, and foreign speculators were quick to grasp the opportunity of sending a sample cargo from Great Britain and Ireland.—New York Press.

Fanny Davenport.

The late Henry W. Grady came to New York when the late Miss Fanny Davenport was playing at Daly's and was so carried away that he wrote of her ever afterward as the "woman of beautiful flesh." Henry never yielded the palm as a connoisseur in beauty, whether of face or figure. He adored fine women.—New York Press.

AFFAIRS OF HONOR.

CUBAN DUELS SCHEDULED TO BE FOUGHT IN HAVANA.

Affairs on Dr. Congosto's Hands. Fighting Cuban Editors—The Duel an Institution on the Island—Clubs Where Quarrels Arise.

Dueling is one of the institutions of Cuba. Probably with the evacuation of the island by the Spanish forces it will go as the bullfight and the lottery will also go. There were, however, several affairs of honor which it was promised should be settled by a resort to the code as soon as the cessation of hostilities permitted the prohibition laid by General Blanco on dueling to be raised. The captain general would have no resort to arms among quarreling army officers and civil officials during the blockade.

Dr. Congosto, the Cuban secretary general, who was formerly Spanish consul at Philadelphia, has several postponed events on his hands. He had many disagreements with Consul General Lee, and among the ignorant Spaniards of Havana it was the common belief that the secretary general would hold General Lee personally responsible for the troubles which were thickening around the Blanco administration.

Congosto had also many bitter quarrels with the American newspaper correspondents. He frequently told them that only the duties of his official post kept him from calling them out. His fiercest quarrel was with one of the editors of the most violent Spanish newspaper published in Havana. The two men came to blows, and formal challenges were reported to have been exchanged.

At the time when Sampson's fleet was guarding Havana harbor and the peaceful blockade was likely to give way any day to a bombardment its presence caused less excitement than the impending duel between the secretary general and the journalist. Blanco's veto on the duel ended the excitement, but the sequence is now due. There is in the Cuban capital a German of some notoriety as a fighter, who, if he carries out a declared purpose, will never let Congosto leave Cuba without giving him a gentleman's satisfaction for insults which could not be resented when received.

The Havana editors have usually shown willingness to back their opinions by resorting to the code, though it is not invoked with the same frequency as among French editors. A few weeks before the American consuls were withdrawn from the island the autonomist government was honeycombed with intrigues and torn by dissensions.

An outcome of this situation was a prospective duel between Ferdinand de Castro, the present civil governor of the province, and the editor of one of the autonomist newspapers. The town was full of a rumor one night that the meeting had taken place and that one of the principals had been wounded. This was untrue, but the reality was that stern orders and energetic action on the part of Blanco had prevented the meeting.

Several of the Havana editors and reporters have records as duelists. One of them has his office ornamented with weapons of all kinds, some of them trophies. To the indignant subscriber who wants a retraction is given a chance among them.

The Union club of Havana, which, without being fast, is not slow, has a room which is devoted to arms, and tales of practice and of prowess there sometimes foreshadow the settlement of a difficulty. Fencing is a leading diversion, and facilities for pistol practice are not lacking. In the rooms of a building overlooking the Prado and the central park several duels have been fought.

A year or more ago a young man, a member of a well known family, was found dead in one of these rooms. In his pocket was a letter saying that his purpose was to commit suicide and giving directions in regard to various personal matters. He had been killed in a duel.

The circumstances were all known, but neither the surviving principal nor any of the seconds was arrested.

It is customary for each of the principals to write a letter of this kind. Usually its existence does not become known, because a fatal result is almost as rare as in German students' duels.

There is a local literature of dueling which is much read. On the shelves of the Havana book stores can usually be found a pamphlet which gives a complete account of duels fought for a period of years. The compiler is an ardent admirer of the code. His pamphlet gives the names of the principals and seconds, the causes of the challenges and the incidents of the combat. A few fatal endings are recorded. Quarrels over politics appear to be a common cause of duels. Then there are those "insults unprovoked," which in the United States would be called barroom squabbles.

In some cases a discreet hint is given that a woman's honor had been rashly questioned and atonement made.

A suggestion is also occasionally conveyed that a disagreement arose at the gaming table.

This is apt to have been the cause when the principals were members of the Circulo Militar, or Spanish Military club.

Formerly high stakes were played for at this club and the officers quarreled.

Some names that were well known in Havana a decade or two ago appear in this pamphlet.

Three arms are recognized as legitimate dueling weapons. They are the

sword, the saber or cutlass and the pistol. Most of the Cuban duels were formerly fought with the saber or cutlass. Its use was upheld on the ground that while the cut and the contusion from it disfigured it did not make a serious wound. The skill required for its proper handling is also cited as a point in its favor, while its superiority over the sword in several respects is pointed out. Nevertheless, in recent years the sword has come to be a popular weapon for dueling, and the Havana fencing schools encourage it. The pistol is seldom employed in Cuban duels.—New York Sun.

SPAIN ADOPTS OUR BUGLES.

Large Order Placed in France for Trumpets Like Ours.

Spain has apparently become convinced that there is something magnetic in the bugle used by the American army, for orders have been issued to discard the antiquated instruments used by the dons' forces in the late war and to replace them with trumpets of the regulation pattern adopted by the United States some years ago.

A firm doing business in New York and Paris, who have recently delivered 2,000 trumpets contracted for by Quartermaster General Ludington, have received an order to furnish 2,500 trumpets of the same size, style and key for the use of the Spanish army. The New York agent of the firm received notice recently that the order had been placed in France. He was considerably surprised at the news.

The trumpet used in America is of a pattern adopted May 2, 1892, and is described as follows: "Each trumpet to be built in the key of 'G,' the slide to draw to 'F,' and marked and stamped with the letter 'F' at the correct point to produce the key of 'F'." The bugle calls of Shafter's army are said to have been plainly heard by the Spanish troops in their intrenchments at Santiago long before the American troops were visible. It is said that the use of trumpets of the same key by opposing armies might lead to confusion. In the early days of the Cuban conflict with Spain captured trumpets were used by the Cuban guerrillas to lead the Spaniards into ambush, and on one occasion a Cuban bugler concealed in the bushes succeeded in causing two Spanish columns to fire upon each other.

No objection was offered by the officers at the Army building in New York when they were informed of Spain's order, the only comment being a remark that Spain had apparently begun the equipment of her army.—New York Herald.

ACETYLENE GAS IN WABASH.

First Plant of Its Kind For Municipal Lighting in the World.

Charles F. Dietrich, millionaire, head of the natural gas syndicate which owns substantially all of the gas systems, natural and artificial, in the Indiana field, recently visited Wabash with J. A. Knapp, an expert connected with the Chicago Gas company. After an examination of the illuminating system of Dietrich interests here President Dietrich gave the order to install in Wabash the first acetylene plant for city illumination in the world.

The artificial gas service in this city has been defective for some time. As the Dietrich syndicate has a monopoly of the manufacture of calcium carbide, from which acetylene gas is successfully generated for isolated plants, he has decided to make the experiment of supplying the city, with the intention of substituting it if successful for coal gas in all the artificial gas systems owned by the syndicate in the Indiana gasfield.—Chicago Record.

Wonderful Heat in Kansas.

The heat in Topeka during the last few days has been terrific. Passengers who came on the Union Pacific train from the west tell a story that seems incredible, yet is vouched for by reliable men. At Bellevue the heat so warped the rails that the passing of the train over the main track was made impossible for the time, and a side track was utilized which stood in the shade of the buildings. Near Silver lake, at two different points, the rails bent out like a bow and moved the ties a half foot over on the roadbed. The trainmen, assisted by the passengers, were compelled to use a stout chain and handspikes to hold the rails in plumb while their train passed over the defection. The train came to Topeka behind time, and the passengers report a thrilling ride.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Chinese Duke and General.

Jung Lu, the new viceroy of China, is one of the most popular generals in the imperial army. He has always been a dandy in dress, and he has the reputation of being the best dressed man in Peking, while the gilded youth among the Manchou nobility always copy his dress and swear by "Jung Lu's style." His horses and mules also have ever been the finest in Peking, not even excepting the emperor's stud, and he loves to mount the most fiery and restive cattle when riding out. This has led to several picked horses sent as tribute to the emperor from Kuldja and Mongolia, but which no one can ride, owing to their untamed and restive spirits, being specially presented to Jung Lu by the emperor's command. This is the man who now holds the responsible post of guardian of the dragon throne at Tien-tsin.

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The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The street force this morning cleaned the Diamond and West Market street.

Attorney H. O. Evans, of Pittsburgh, is in the city the guest of Attorney W. H. Vodrey.

A new postoffice has been established at Vulcan, this county, with James W. Uselton as postmaster.

E. M. Knowles and Capt. W. M. Hill, who have been enjoying an outing at Fernwood, will return to the city this week.

Squire Hill this morning rendered judgment against John Davis in a forcible detention case brought by J. B. McKinnon.

Percy D. Albright, of this city and Miss Ida Barth, of East Palestine, were united in marriage Saturday afternoon at that place.

The Delmonico club have resumed after a suspension of over two weeks owing to the illness of their landlady, Mrs. Miller.

Freight Agent T. J. Thomas is seriously ill at his home suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism, which has settled in his back. He is unable to move from his position in his bed.

Thomas Blackmore left today for Steubenville. He has been engaged to play with the band of that place which will head the Steubenville commandery in the parade tomorrow at Pittsburgh.

Travel to Pittsburgh from this city will be very heavy during the week, a great many persons having arranged to see the parade tomorrow and visit their Masonic friends later.

The new light draught boat, Greenwood, is now completed and is ready to make its regular trips as soon as there is sufficient water. The boat will take the place of the H. K. Bedford.

Two young women of the city made themselves so conspicuous in Wellsville Saturday night that they were advised to go home or they might awaken Sunday morning to find themselves behind the bars.

The Cleveland wholesale merchants who were here for a few hours last week, returned home Saturday, having visited 41 towns and covered 700 miles. In almost every place they were given a warm reception.

Corporal Hackworth, of Company E, who has been ill at his home in Fourth street suffering with malaria fever since his return from Camp Wikoff, was out Saturday for the first time. He is much improved but still very weak.

A number of the members of the Endeavor society of the First Presbyterian church will attend the county convention to be held at Lisbon Thursday and Friday of this week. Dr. John Lloyd Lee will have charge of all the meetings.

The bans were published yesterday for the first time in St. Aloysius church announcing the approaching marriages of John Lester and Sarah Gallagher; William Ohl and Margaret Burke; Andrew Bricelin and Teresa Mulherin.

The ringing of the curfew at 9 o'clock is having its influence upon the crowds of boys who have been in the habit of loafing around the business section of the city. They scamper now when the bell rings, but it is said they do not always go home.

The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road between Walnut street and College was repaired today. This portion of the line about Liverpool is always in a bad condition, and it is almost impossible for the section force to keep it in good repair.

The local football team are confident they will win their game tomorrow afternoon with Monaca, and expect to make at least three touchdowns. For the benefit of spectators who have not followed the game it is stated that a change has been made in the rules this year, and a goal kicked from a touch-down now counts but one point instead of two.

PROSPECTS IN HAITI.

ITS BUSINESS DEPRESSION AND INDIFFERENT GOVERNMENT.

The Haitians Are Talking About Intervention by the United States. Chances For Americans — A Field Ripe For Enterprise and Capital.

The acquisition of Porto Rico and other islands in the Caribbean sea heretofore under the Spanish flag and the suzerainty over, perhaps the early acquisition of, Cuba is certain to have a marked and important influence on other islands in that locality belonging to European powers or established as independent nations. The entrance of the United States into the West Indies means a revolution in commercial, industrial and agricultural methods and conditions that obtain in these islands, and this fact is already recognized by the discerning men of the islands alluded to. With Cuba and Porto Rico territory of the United States, the products of those islands would obtain free admission to our ports and would result in trade regulations that would prove very disadvantageous to the other islands, the bulk of whose trade and commerce is with the United States. In Jamaica this fact is recognized and appreciated by the planters and merchants, and there was much talk recently among them about annexation to the United States as a matter of self defense. In Haiti this feeling is rife and is already a subject of popular agitation. The deplorable conditions that prevail in Haiti by reason of business depression and indifferent government have produced popular discontent, which may lead to revolution, and thoughtful people are asking whether the interests and safety of the people do not demand that the United States shall be asked to intervene.

A leading newspaper of Port au Prince in a recent issue, discussing the acquisition of territory in the West Indies by the United States, said: "Today the United States is in fact the sovereign of the American continent, and its will has the force of law in matters wherein it judges it opportune to intervene. We shall not further enlarge upon the inevitable lot of the neighboring islands and of the European possessions on the American continent. What will become of Haiti? The hour is decisive * * * It is necessary for the Haitian people to say whether they are not ashamed of their deserted fields and of their cities infested with an undisciplined army, of an always increasing misery and of civic effeminacy.

"The interest of the United States is to prove that all the American people can govern themselves, enrich themselves, perfect themselves, without the concurrence of Europe. Her interest is to see all the nations of the new world prosper around her—under her protecting wing—by the power of her capital and under the inspiration of the new civilization which she is inaugurating. The American spirit will make of the coming generation a people of practical men, intelligent workers, citizens. This American spirit, practical and productive, will revolutionize all the branches of our administration."

Consul Livingston, in writing from Cape Haitien in reference to this feeling, says that the successful prosecution and final results of the war with Spain have made a profound impression upon the more thoughtful people of Haiti, who are intense partisans of the United States. Of the business depression that prevails and the consequent distress that such a condition brings Consul Livingston says:

"The industrial depression of Haiti has reached such a critical point that the country must soon become a prey to internal disruptions or to the European government which may have the greatest claim upon it. The currency has become so depreciated as to be well nigh worthless and its daily fluctuations seem the result of caprice. Almost all business enterprises are either bankrupt or on the verge of bankruptcy. Business is at a standstill, and no one, either native or foreigner, is able to see any way out of the difficulty. Such is the condition of a country with a soil the fertility of which probably surpasses that of any other in the world. Everything grows without effort. There are dye woods and cabinet woods in abundance—even virgin forests of mahogany and other hard woods—and the mineral wealth, though unexplored, is said to be considerable."

In reference to opportunities that are presented to American enterprise and capital Consul Livingston says: "I believe a tour of the island, with a view of marking its industrial condition, embracing the principal settlements of the interior as well as the cities along the coast, would reveal a field ripe for the investment of American capital. My suggestion would be to visit all the important coast towns, examine into business methods and conditions and make inquiries of native and foreign business men and neighboring planters, both as to present conditions and future possibilities. I am told that the people of the interior are a simple and industrious peasantry, but are making no headway, owing to the absence of modern improved methods and implements. I feel sure that such an investigation, if acted

on in good faith, would result in immense good to the island of Haiti, be it secured a field for American capital and commerce."—Special Cor. Philadelphia Ledger

TO OCCUPY MANZANILLO.

The Transfer of the City Scheduled to Take Place Today.

MANZANILLO, Oct. 8.—(Delayed in transmission)—The Spanish troops expect to leave Manzanillo to-morrow. General Parron, the Spanish commander, will turn the city over to the mayor, who will make the official transfer to Colonel Ray, representing the United States, on Monday.

The Americans and Spaniards almost came to an engagement through conflicting orders at one time, but trouble was finally averted.

An officer allowed the Americans to enter the gates of the city by mistake. He was to be court-martialed and shot, but Collector Donaldson and Rev. Mr. Zimmerman prevailed upon General Parron to inflict light punishment.

Catholic Temperance Rally.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 10.—The one hundred and ninth anniversary of the birth of Father Mathew, the Catholic temperance apostle, was celebrated Sunday by a rally at Schenley park under the auspices of the Allegheny County Total Abstinence union. About 7,000 people attended. The meeting was presided over by Father Regis Canevan, president of the Allegheny County union. Addresses were made by Bishop Phelan, Father Tobin, vicar general of the diocese; Morgan M. Sheedy of Altoona and M. A. Lambing of Scottsdale.

THE REFORMED SYNOD.

Impressive Services In the St. Petersburgh Church.

ST. PETERSBURG, Pa., Oct. 10.—The Pittsburgh synod of the Reformed church in the United States spent Sunday mainly in worship. The Sunday school was addressed by Rev. D. S. Stephen of Latrobe, J. N. Bauman of Jeannette, J. C. Horning of St. Louis and Rufus W. W. Miller of Reading. The Lord's supper was observed in connection with the morning service.

Rev. S. B. Mase of Greensburg preached the sermon. The altar services were conducted by Revs. A. M. Keifer of Greenville and J. M. Mickley of Johnstown. The children were addressed in the afternoon by Rev. P. C. Prugh, D. D., superintendent of St. Paul's Orphans' home at Butler. The Christian Endeavor exercises in the evening were presided over by Rev. J. N. Naly of Apollo.

To Be Free of Duty.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The president has issued an executive order amending the Cuban tariff so as to admit into all ports in the possession of the United States duty free oxen for draught purposes, bovine animals for breeding and for immediate food supply, plows and other agricultural implements not machinery.

Promoted to Brigadiers.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—Advices have been received from Washington that Colonel Kellogg of the Sixth United States infantry, and Colonel Egbert, who preceded him in command of that regiment, have both been promoted to brigadiers. Colonel Kellogg is sick at his old home in Norwalk, O.

Americans Entertained Spaniards.

HAVANA, Oct. 10.—The members of the United States evacuation commission gave an elaborate luncheon to the members of the Spanish evacuation commission at the Hotel Trocha El Vedado. Rear Admiral Sampson could not be present, being ill.

The Navy's Casualties.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Seventeen sailors killed and 84 casualties all told was the total loss suffered by the United States navy during the war. The figures have been compiled at the navy department.

Colored Minister Honored.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 10.—Governor Leedy has appointed the Rev. R. G. Olden of Topeka, a Baptist negro preacher, as commissioner to take the ballots to the Kansas negro soldiers in Santiago. He has left with the ballots.

Sick Carried In Comfort.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 10.—A hospital train with 161 sick soldiers on board, left for Fort Thomas, Ky. Every arrangement was made for the comfort of the men during the trip.

Supposed to Have Suicided.

ALBANY, Oct. 10.—William P. Douglass, ex-police justice and ex-corporation counsel of Jersey City, and one of the best known men in New Jersey, is supposed to have jumped into the river during Saturday night from the steamer Dean Richmond, somewhere between New York and this city.

Will Support Roosevelt.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Henry D. Purser, the leader of the Home Rule Democracy, gave out for publication a letter which he had written to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican candidate for governor, declaring his intention to support Colonel Roosevelt.

Commissioners Leave Quebec.

QUEBEC, Oct. 10.—Senators Fairbanks and Faulkner have left for their homes and no further work will be done by the international commission in Quebec.

Declared Free of Plague.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.—The city was Sunday officially declared free of the plague.

Weather Forecast.

Fair, warmer; increasing southeast winds.

SOLDIERS MUTINIED.

Spanish Irregulars Rebellied Until They Received Their Pay.

HAVANA, via Key West, Oct. 10.—In confirmation of previous reports of an uprising among the irregulars in the Santa Clara province, it can be stated officially that over 2,000 irregular troops, mobilized during the war, rose in arms Tuesday in the vicinity of Cienfuegos, throwing up breastworks, making block houses and preparing openly to revolt unless they were paid. They fortified themselves in an especially strong manner on the Tantabul estate, just outside Cienfuegos.

General Aguirre, military commander of the province, and Generals Aldavado and Alsino, at the head of 3,000 men of the regular army, surrounded the position of the rebellious troops and, without a show of strength, in order to avoid bloodshed, parleyed with the riotous troops.

After the conference General Aguirre, who came provided with money, paid the men off, settling all accounts, after which the men were satisfied to lay down their arms, which they did on Thursday.

PARIS NEGOTIATIONS.

Believed In Madrid That They Are Not Proceeding Smoothly.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times says:

"Although nothing concrete is known it is the prevailing opinion here that the Paris negotiations are not proceeding with the smoothness that is desirable.

"The government, it is understood, shares the opinion."

Deserting Private Killed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Thomas Greenwald, a private in Battery 1, Seventh artillery, was shot and instantly killed while trying to escape from Fort Slocum, near New Rochelle. Private John Coates of the same battery escaped the bullets fired after him, but was arrested before he got away.

Our government desires to pay the October interest on its bonds now, in order to get rid of a surplus of money on hand. Was there ever in the history of the world a country which in the closing days of a war, was in such a fix? Decidedly, "We are the people."—San Francisco Bulletin.

BRIEF PITHY PARAGRAPHS.

A \$250,000 fire occurred at Atlantic City Saturday.

Admiral Sampson is very ill in Havana. The battleships Iowa and Oregon may not start for the Pacific before Wednesday.

Eli Shaw was declared not guilty of the charge of murdering his mother, by a jury at Camden, N. J.

Commodore Watson was slightly injured in a wreck in California.

Joseph Simon was elected to the United States senate from Oregon.

Chauncey Depew delivered the oration on New York day at Omaha.

Hiram Maxim, the gun inventor, was arrested in New York on a charge of bigamy.

A. Oakley Hall, formerly mayor of New York, is dead.

Troops from Khartoum are dying from enteric disorders.

Dr. Nancy Guilford, under arrest in London, declares herself guiltless of the Emma Will murder, at Bridgeport, Conn.

Christopher Schmidt of Company H. Two Hundred and Third New York, died of yellow fever at the German hospital in Philadelphia.

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St. Louis, 4; Cleveland, 3.

Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 3.

Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 0.

League Standing.

W	L	Pc.
99	45	.58
93	50	.650
91	58	.61
84	65	.564

THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The street force this morning cleaned the Diamond and West Market street.

Attorney H. O. Evans, of Pittsburg, is in the city the guest of Attorney W. H. Vodrey.

A new postoffice has been established at Vulcan, this county, with James W. Uselton as postmaster.

E. M. Knowles and Capt. W. M. Hill, who have been enjoying an outing at Fernwood, will return to the city this week.

Squire Hill this morning rendered judgment against John Davis in a forcible detention case brought by J. B. McKinnon.

Percy D. Albright, of this city and Miss Ida Barth, of East Palestine, were united in marriage Saturday afternoon at that place.

The Delmonico club have resumed after a suspension of over two weeks owing to the illness of their landlady, Mrs. Miller.

Freight Agent T. J. Thomas is seriously ill at his home suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism, which has settled in his back. He is unable to move from his position in his bed.

Thomas Blackmore left today for Steubenville. He has been engaged to play with the band of that place which will head the Steubenville commandery in the parade tomorrow at Pittsburg.

Travel to Pittsburg from this city will be very heavy during the week, a great many persons having arranged to see the parade tomorrow and visit their Masonic friends later.

The new light draught boat, Greenwood, is now completed and is ready to make its regular trips as soon as there is sufficient water. The boat will take the place of the H. K. Bedford.

Two young women of the city made themselves so conspicuous in Wellsville Saturday night that they were advised to go home or they might awaken Sunday morning to find themselves behind the bars.

The Cleveland wholesale merchants who were here for a few hours last week, returned home Saturday, having visited 41 towns and covered 700 miles. In almost every place they were given a warm reception.

Corporal Hackworth, of Company E, who has been ill at his home in Fourth street suffering with malaria fever since his return from Camp Wikoff, was out Saturday for the first time. He is much improved but still very weak.

A number of the members of the Endeavor society of the First Presbyterian church will attend the county convention to be held at Lisbon Thursday and Friday of this week. Dr. John Lloyd Lee will have charge of all the meetings.

The bans were published yesterday for the first time in St. Aloysius church announcing the approaching marriage of John Lester and Sarah Gallagher; William Ohl and Margaret Burke; Andrew Bricelin and Teresa Mulherin.

The ringing of the curfew at 9 o'clock is having its influence upon the crowds of boys who have been in the habit of loafing around the business section of the city. They scamper now when the bell rings, but it is said they do not always go home.

The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road between Walnut street and College was repaired today. This portion of the line about Liverpool is always in a bad condition, and it is almost impossible for the section force to keep it in good repair.

The local football team are confident they will win their game tomorrow afternoon with Monaca, and expect to make at least three touchdowns. For the benefit of spectators who have not followed the game it is stated that a change has been made in the rules this year, and a goal kicked from a touch-down now counts but one point instead of two.

PROSPECTS IN HAITI.

ITS BUSINESS DEPRESSION AND INDIFFERENT GOVERNMENT.

The Haitians Are Talking About Intervention by the United States. Chances For Americans—A Field Ripe For Enterprise and Capital.

The acquisition of Porto Rico and other islands in the Caribbean sea heretofore under the Spanish flag and the suzerainty over, perhaps the early acquisition of Cuba is certain to have a marked and important influence on other islands in that locality belonging to European powers or established as independent nations. The entrance of the United States into the West Indies means a revolution in commercial, industrial and agricultural methods and conditions that obtain in these islands, and this fact is already recognized by the discerning men of the islands alluded to. With Cuba and Porto Rico territory of the United States, the products of those islands would obtain free admission to our ports and would result in trade regulations that would prove very disadvantageous to the other islands, the bulk of whose trade and commerce is with the United States. In Jamaica this fact is recognized and appreciated by the planters and merchants, and there was much talk recently among them about annexation to the United States as a matter of self defense. In Haiti this feeling is rife and is already a subject of popular agitation.

The deplorable conditions that prevail in Haiti by reason of business depression and indifferent government have produced popular discontent, which may lead to revolution, and thoughtful people are asking whether the interests and safety of the people do not demand that the United States shall be asked to intervene.

A leading newspaper of Port au Prince in a recent issue, discussing the acquisition of territory in the West Indies by the United States, said: "Today the United States is in fact the sovereign of the American continent, and its will has the force of law in matters wherein it judges it opportune to intervene. We shall not further enlarge upon the inevitable lot of the neighboring islands and of the European possessions on the American continent. What will become of Haiti? The hour is decisive * * * It is necessary for the Haitian people to say whether they are not ashamed of their deserted fields and of their cities infested with an undisciplined army, of an always increasing misery and of civic effeminacy.

"The interest of the United States is to prove that all the American people can govern themselves, enrich themselves, perfect themselves, without the concurrence of Europe. Her interest is to see all the nations of the new world prosper around her—under her protecting wing—by the power of her capital and under the inspiration of the new civilization which she is inaugurating. The American spirit will make of the coming generation a people of practical men, intelligent workers, citizens. This American spirit, practical and productive, will revolutionize all the branches of our administration."

Consul Livingston, in writing from Cape Haitien in reference to this feeling, says that the successful prosecution and final results of the war with Spain have made a profound impression upon the more thoughtful people of Haiti, who are intense partisans of the United States. Of the business depression that prevails and the consequent distress that such a condition brings Consul Livingston says:

"The industrial depression of Haiti has reached such a critical point that the country must soon become a prey to internal disruptions or to the European government which may have the greatest claim upon it. The currency has become so depreciated as to be well nigh worthless and its daily fluctuations seem the result of caprice. Almost all business enterprises are either bankrupt or on the verge of bankruptcy. Business is at a standstill, and no one, either native or foreigner, is able to see any way out of the difficulty. Such is the condition of a country with a soil the fertility of which probably surpasses that of any other in the world. Everything grows without effort. There are dye-woods and cabinet woods in abundance—even virgin forests of mahogany and other hard woods—and the mineral wealth, though unexplored, is said to be considerable."

In reference to opportunities that are presented to American enterprise and capital Consul Livingston says: "I believe a tour of the island, with a view of marking its industrial condition, embracing the principal settlements of the interior as well as the cities along the coast, would reveal a field ripe for the investment of American capital. My suggestion would be to visit all the important coast towns, examine into business methods and conditions and make inquiries of native and foreign business men and neighboring planters, both as to present conditions and future possibilities. I am told that the people of the interior are a simple and industrious peasantry, but are making no headway, owing to the absence of modern improved methods and implements. I feel sure that such an investigation, if acted

on in good faith, would result in immense good to the island of Haiti, besides securing a field for American capital and commerce."—Special Cor. Philadelphia Ledger

TO OCCUPY MANZANILLO.

The Transfer of the City Scheduled to Take Place Today.

MANZANILLO, Oct. 8.—(Delayed in transmission)—The Spanish troops expect to leave Manzanillo to-morrow. General Parron, the Spanish commander, will turn the city over to the mayor, who will make the official transfer to Colonel Ray, representing the United States, on Monday.

The Americans and Spaniards almost came to an engagement through conflicting orders at one time, but trouble was finally averted.

An officer allowed the Americans to enter the gates of the city by mistake. He was to be court-martialed and shot, but Collector Donaldson and Rev. Mr. Zimmerman prevailed upon General Parron to inflict light punishment.

Catholic Temperance Rally.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 10.—The one hundred and ninth anniversary of the birth of Father Mathew, the Catholic temperance apostle, was celebrated Sunday by a rally at Schenley park under the auspices of the Allegheny County Total Abstinence union.

About 7,000 people attended. The meeting was presided over by Father Regis Canavan, president of the Allegheny County union. Addresses were made by Bishop Phelan, Father Tobin, vicar general of the diocese; Morgan M. Sheedy of Altoona and M. A. Lambing of Scottdale.

THE REFORMED SYNOD.

Impressive Services In the St. Peter'sburg Church.

ST. PETERSBURG, Pa., Oct. 10.—The Pittsburg synod of the Reformed church in the United States spent Sunday mainly in worship. The Sunday school was addressed by Rev. D. S. Stephen of Latrobe, J. N. Bauman of Jeannette, J. C. Horning of St. Louis and Rufus W. W. Miller of Reading. The Lord's supper was observed in connection with the morning service.

Rev. S. B. Mase of Greensburg preached the sermon. The altar services were conducted by Revs. A. M. Keifer of Greenville and J. M. Mickley of Johnstown. The children were addressed in the afternoon by Rev. P. C. Prugh, D. D., superintendent of St. Paul's Orphans' home at Butler. The Christian Endeavor exercises in the evening were presided over by Rev. J. N. Naly of Apollo.

To Be Free of Duty.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The president has issued an executive order amending the Cuban tariff so as to admit into all ports in the possession of the United States duty free oxen for draught purposes, bovine animals for breeding and for immediate food supply, plows and other agricultural implements not machinery.

Promoted to Brigadiers.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—Advices have been received from Washington that Colonel Kellogg of the Sixth United States infantry, and Colonel Egbert, who preceded him in command of that regiment, have both been promoted to brigadiers. Colonel Kellogg is sick at his old home in Norwalk, O.

Americans Entertained Spaniards.

HAVANA, Oct. 10.—The members of the United States evacuation commission gave an elaborate luncheon to the members of the Spanish evacuation commission at the Hotel Trocha El Vedado. Rear Admiral Sampson could not be present, being ill.

The Navy's Casualties.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Seventeen sailors killed and 84 casualties all told was the total loss suffered by the United States navy during the war. The figures have been compiled at the navy department.

Colored Minister Honored.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 10.—Governor Leedy has appointed the Rev. R. G. Olden of Topeka, a Baptist negro preacher, as commissioner to take the ballots to the Kansas negro soldiers in Santiago. He has left with the ballots.

Sick Carried In Comfort.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 10.—A hospital train with 161 sick soldiers on board, left for Fort Thomas, Ky. Every arrangement was made for the comfort of the men during the trip.

Supposed to Have Suicided.

ALBANY, Oct. 10.—William P. Douglass, ex-police justice and ex-corporation counsel of Jersey City, and one of the best known men in New Jersey, is supposed to have jumped into the river during Saturday night from the steamer Dean Richmond, somewhere between New York and this city.

Will Support Roosevelt.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Henry D. Purser, the leader of the Home Rule Democracy, gave out for publication a letter which he had written to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican candidate for governor, declaring his intention to support Colonel Roosevelt.

Commissioners Leave Quebec.

QUEBEC, Oct. 10.—Senators Fairbanks and Faulkner have left for their homes and no further work will be done by the international commission in Quebec.

Declared Free of Plague.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.—The city was Sunday officially declared free of the plague.

Weather Forecast.

Fair, warmer; increasing southeast winds.

SOLDIERS MUTINIED.

Spanish Irregulars Rebellied Until They Received Their Pay.

HAVANA, via Key West, Oct. 10.—In confirmation of previous reports of an uprising among the irregulars in the Santa Clara province, it can be stated officially that over 2,000 irregular troops, mobilized during the war, rose in arms Tuesday in the vicinity of Cienfuegos, throwing up breastworks, making block houses and preparing openly to revolt unless they were paid. They fortified themselves in an especially strong manner on the Tantabul estate, just outside Cienfuegos.

General Aguirre, military commander of the province, and Generals Aldave and Alsino, at the head of 3,000 men of the regular army, surrounded the position of the rebellious troops and, without a show of strength, in order to avoid bloodshed, parleyed with the riotous troops.

After the conference General Aguirre, who came provided with money, paid the men off, settling all accounts, after which the men were satisfied to lay down their arms, which they did on Thursday.

PARIS NEGOTIATIONS.

Believed In Madrid That They Are Not Proceeding Smoothly.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times says:

"Although nothing concrete is known it is the prevailing opinion here that the Paris negotiations are not proceeding with the smoothness that is desirable.

"The government, it is understood, shares the opinion."

Deserting Private Killed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Thomas Greenwald, private in Battery I, Seventh artillery, was shot and instantly killed while trying to escape from Fort Slocum, near New Rochelle. Private John Coates of the same battery escaped the bullets fired after him, but was arrested before he got away.

Our government desires to pay the October interest on its bonds now, in order to get rid of a surplus of money on hand. Was there ever in the history of the world a country which in the closing days of a war, was in such a fix? Decidedly, "We are the people."—San Francisco Bulletin.

BRIEF PITHY PARAGRAPHS.

A \$250,000 fire occurred at Atlantic City Saturday.

Admiral Sampson is very ill in Havana.

The battleships Iowa and Oregon may not start for the Pacific before Wednesday.

Eli Shaw was declared not guilty of the charge of murdering his mother, by a jury at Camden, N. J.

Commodore Watson was slightly injured in a wreck in California.

Joseph Simon was elected to the United States senate from Oregon.

Chauncey Depew delivered the oration on New York day at Omaha.

Hiram Maxim, the gun inventor, was arrested in New York on a charge of bigamy.

A. Oakey Hall, formerly mayor of New York, is dead.

Troops from Khartoum are dying from enteric disorders.

Dr. Nancy Guilford, under arrest in London, declares herself guilty of the Emma Willard murder, at Bridgeport, Conn.

Christopher Schmidt of Company H. Two Hundred and Third New York, died of yellow fever at the German hospital in Philadelphia.

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W	L	Pc.	W	L	Pc.
99	45	.68	73	71	.507

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 104.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., MONDAY, OCT. 10, 1898.

TWO CENTS

SAXTON'S FUNERAL.

Murdered Man Conveyed to Grave This Afternoon.

MRS. GEORGE ARRAINED TODAY.

The Coroner Also Resumed Taking Testimony—Pathetic Scene on the Arrival of President and Mrs. McKinley and Party at Canton.

CANTON, Oct. 10.—The funeral of George D. Saxton was held from the Barber home this afternoon and was private. The Rev. O. B. Milligan, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated and the remains were attended by Judge George E. Baldwin, Hon. William A. Lynch, Postmaster George B. Frease, J. H. Kenney and Attorneys David B. Smith and James J. Grant as pallbearers. Interment was in Westlawn cemetery in the Saxton family lot.

Mrs. George was arraigned this morning. The coroner resumed the taking of testimony today.

The homecoming of President and Mrs. McKinley Sunday for the funeral of Mr. George D. Saxton was attended with a most touching and pathetic scene at the Pennsylvania station.

Mr. M. C. Barber, the president's brother-in-law, was at the station with several friends of the family and Dr. Fraunfelter, who was called to take charge of Private John Barber, the sick soldier. President and Mrs. McKinley were first out of the car, and were assisted by Mr. George B. Frease through the station to the carriage in waiting. As they approached, the crowd, with heads uncovered and bowed, silently opened a passageway, through which they passed.

Mrs. McKinley was supported by the arm of the president with the care and close attention he always devotes to her personal comfort. He walked slowly to the carriage, his head bowed and his face a little paler than usual. Mrs. Barber, Mrs. McKinley's sister, was next off the train and was joined by her husband. Mr. Webb C. Hayes followed. John Barber was carried from the train by his brother George, who had gone from New York to join the party, and by Mr. George C. Clark. The sick man was an orderly on General Henry's staff in Porto Rico, and has for some weeks been ill with typhoid fever in Washington, where his mother, Mrs. Barber, and Mrs. McKinley have been nursing him, first at the White House and later at Garfield hospital.

The president and party went direct to the Barber home, which is the old Saxton homestead, and was the Canton home of the McKinleys during his life in congress. Mrs. McKinley showed evidence of the sufferings from the shock and of fatigue from the journey, but bore up remarkably well and was able to be about the house. Both sisters and the president viewed the remains, which looked natural, none of the marks of the tragedy being exposed on the face of the features.

BOUND FOR OMAHA.

Prominent People Left Washington President to Join Party Tonight.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The special train carrying prominent people to Omaha, where they will be the guests of honor of the Trans-Mississippi exposition, left here today over the Pennsylvania railroad.

The president and Mrs. McKinley will join the party at Canton.

Those leaving here were Secretary and Mrs. Gage, Secretary and Mrs. Alger, Postmaster General and Mrs. Emory Smith, Secretary Bliss, Secretary and Miss Wilson, Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn, Secretary Porter and Secretary Cortelyou, Captain and Mrs. McWilliams, Mr. W. N. and Mrs. Babcock.

Another distinguished party left over the Baltimore and Ohio road today. This included Generals Miles, Shafter, Wheeler and Greeley, with members of their staff and their families, the Chinese and Korean ministers, each with large staffs, the Argentine and Brazilian ministers, Secretary Quesada of the Cuban junta and representatives of leading newspapers of the country.

CANTON, O., Oct. 10.—The train bearing the cabinet and other officials from Washington to the Omaha exposition will arrive in Canton this evening and about 9 o'clock the private car of the president will be attached thereto and he will join the party. Mrs. McKinley, it is not thought, will undertake the trip to Omaha, but may be with the president in Chicago.

The President to Speak.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Chairman Ela of the peace jubilee committee was advised by Private Secretary Porter that President McKinley would respond to the toast "Our Country" at the jubilee banquet, which will be a feature of the festivities.

MAY SUCCEED HALL.

A Brilliant Young Scotchman to Be Offered the Pulpit.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Rev. Dr. Alexander Connell will probably be the suc-

cessor of the late Rev. Dr. John Hall as pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church.

Dr. Connell is a brilliant pulpit orator, 31 years old, a Scotchman by birth, pastor of the Regent Square Presbyterian church, London.

Dr. Connell is believed to be at present in Vancouver, B. C., enroute to Japan, and he has been telegraphed to regarding his acceptance.

The committee on pulpit supply was authorized to present to a church meeting on Oct. 17 the name of Dr. Connell, with a recommendation of the session that he be the choice of the meeting.

GEN. GRAHAM OBJECTS.

Wants His Men Moved to Cuba, Instead of Being Temporarily Camped In the South.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Oct. 10.—Chief Surgeon Girard is getting ready for the movement south of the Second corps. He began today vaccinating the troops to guard against an outbreak of smallpox. The colonel has arranged with the hospitals in Philadelphia and through the eastern part of the state to take care of the sick of the corps. As fast as the field hospitals fill up the invalids will be shipped away in a special hospital car provided by the Pennsylvania railroad. The corps reserve ambulance company is being recruited up to the latest army regulations, and by the time the movement begins Colonel Girard expects to have a large staff of trained nurses.

General Graham is opposed to taking his command south and has requested the war department to forward the corps as a unit to Cuba for duty as an army of occupation. He is afraid of an outbreak of sickness among his men if they are taken from the healthy climate in the north and dropped down in the south and then shipped to the West Indies. The troops are in excellent condition, and General Graham thinks if they are shipped direct across the water there will not be much sickness. Colonel Girard says the percentage of typhoid fever outside of the Two Hundred and Third New York regiment is very small.

The New Yorkers are still isolated in the Conewango hills, and will hardly return to Camp Meade before the latter part of next week. The sick in the regiment that have not been sent to city hospitals are doing nicely, and this morning over 500 reported for duty.

LAWTON COMING HOME.

The General in Ill Health—Wooed to Discharge His Duties.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Oct. 10.—Major General Henry W. Lawton, military governor of the department of Santiago, will sail for the United States in the course of a few days, having been granted three months' leave of absence because of ill-health.

His duties as military governor will be discharged by General Leonard Wood.

MORE TROOPS FOR MANILA.

Transport Ships Arrive and Are Being Prepared For Return.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—The troopship Valencia, arrived from the Philippines, is now undergoing the process of fumigation. The Ohio is not in need of fumigation, but will be put in shape at once for the return journey. It is thought that at least ten days will be required. The fleet then to go will be the Indiana and possibly the Newport, now due here. On the 16th of this month will depart the Senator carrying a battalion of the Twenty-third United States infantry, to which will be attached the Oregon recruits.

Besides these will go a detached battery or company not yet determined, members of the hospital corps, several female nurses and of course the officers of their respective commands. The ship's quota will be 800 men and 38 officers. It is supposed that either the Nevada cavalry or the Wyoming artillery will go.

AN ENGINEER KILLED.

B. & O. Chicago Express Struck a Helper Near Martinsburg, W. Va.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 10.—The eastbound Chicago express, No. 8, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, struck a helper engine at Opequon, a target station, two miles east of this city, causing a fatal wreck. Engine No. 851 of the express was completely demolished and the helper, No. 583, was greatly damaged.

Engineer John C. Senseny of the 539 was killed instantly. Engineer Lockhart and Fireman Cutshaw, both of Baltimore, of the passenger train, were thrown from their engine and escaped with slight injuries.

Lady Churchill Married.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Lady Lillian Maud Churchill, sister of the Duke of Marlborough, has been married to Mr. Cecil Alfred Grenfell. The Duke of Marlborough gave his sister away.

China Made a Protest.

PEKIN, Oct. 10.—The Chinese foreign office has protested against the excessive Russian escort, pointing out that it is twice the strength of the detachments of the other powers.

PLUMED KNIGHTS.

Many Delegations Arriving In Pittsburg.

ENCAMPMENT OPENED TODAY.

First Meeting Held In Carnegie Hall. The Conclave Opened With Services In Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church. Sermon Preached by Rev. C. L. Twing.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 10.—Crowds are still pouring into this city today for the Knights Templar conclave. Thousands of knights and other visitors are here. The grand encampment opened at Carnegie hall this morning.

Nothing could have been more auspicious than the formal opening of the Knights Templar conclave in Trinity church Sunday.

By 10 o'clock the streets were alive with strangers and residents of the city going and coming to and from church. Many were out also to see Grand Master Warren La Rue Thomas and his retinue on their way to Trinity.

As soon as the knights arrived the big front doors were thrown open and the column marched up the middle



V. E. REV. C. L. TWING, GRAND PRELATE OF THE GRAND ENCAMPEMENT.

aisle. Grand Master Thomas leading. The grand encampment filed into the front pews and were followed by the commanderies in order. The grand and subordinate commanderies of Maryland, in fatigue uniform, with white duck trousers, followed the encampment. The two bodies occupied about half the pews in the middle aisle, and the knights who came next took the seats in the transepts and side aisle of the nave. California Commandery No. 1 and Columbia No. 2 were out in force, and several other visiting organizations were represented.

About 10:45 the first notes of the processional hymn were heard faintly in the vestry, and the long line of surpliced singers and ministers filed slowly into the church, down the west side and up the middle to the chancel. The entire congregation took up the beautiful strains of "Onward Christian Soldiers." Walter Hall presided at the organ. Rev. Alfred W. Arundel, rector of Trinity, conducted the services.

Rev. Cornelius L. Twing, grand prelate of the grand encampment and rector of Calvary church Brooklyn, occupied a place of honor in the chancel and assisted in the service. A prayer for the grand encampment was pronounced by him impressively.

Dr. Twing formally opened the conclave in his sermon. He was listened to with the utmost interest by the knights and by those who were not members of the order. His discourse was simple and polished, and his manner of delivery plain and pleasing.

The services lasted altogether about two hours. After the recessional hymn the knights marched out, the escort returning with Grand Master Thomas to the Monongahela House.

SERIOUS CHARGES.

Superintendent of Kansas Insane Asylum Made Them and Resigned.

TOPEKA, Oct. 10.—Dr. C. H. Wetmore has tendered his resignation as superintendent of the state insane asylum at Topeka to Governor Leedy and the state board of charities. Accompanying the resignation was a letter to the governor, in which Dr. Wetmore gave his reasons for resigning. The letter tells an astounding story of alleged cruelty, inhumanity and debauchery at that institution under the present management.

FRANCE WASTING HER STRENGTH.

Her Enemies, Said Meline, Can Await the Exhaustion of France.

EPINAL, France, Oct. 10.—Jules Meline, premier of the French ministry preceding the present government of M. Brisson, and who presided at a banquet of the Association of Railway em-

ployees here, uttered a serious warning against the agitation and unrest in France, class troubles and strikes, the sectarian spirit displayed in politics, etc.

The adversaries of France had no need to declare war, said M. Meline. They were content to await the exhaustion of France.

QUEER PROCEEDINGS.

Haldeman Not Yet Served With Warrant For Murder—Bailed and Disappeared.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—When the grand jury meets today sensational developments are expected in the case of W. J. Haldeman, charged with killing his brother-in-law and business partner, ex-Senator J. C. Richardson of Glen-

dale. After the quarreled in their paper mill at Lockland and the fatal shooting occurred. Sep. 22, Haldeman remained in concealment. Richardson died a week later and the day preceding his death Haldeman left for Chicago. Learning that a warrant had been sworn out by Coroner Haer, charging murder in the first degree, Haldeman returned last Tuesday and early next morning was bound over for manslaughter by his neighbor, the mayor of Lockland.

He was admitted to bail and has not been seen since. The officers of this city have never been able to serve their murder warrant, but the case will come before the grand jury for indictment for murder in the first degree, and then it will be known whether Haldeman has really disappeared. His attorneys promise that he will surrender if indicted. Owing to the prominence of both the Richardson and Haldeman families the case is attracting unusual attention.

Hanna to Run the Campaign.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 10.—Senator Hanna, when asked if it was true that he would not continue the managements of the Republican national committee for the coming campaign, stated that he had no intention of resigning. Should he decline to manage the president's campaign for 1900 it would not be because of any friction, but because Mr. Hanna might be convinced that the chances of the president would be enhanced by a new manager.

Died of Hydrophobia.

AKRON, O., Oct. 10.—Clara Enstrom, aged 13, daughter of J. E. Enstrom of this city, has died in terrible agony from what the physicians pronounced hydrophobia. The child was bitten a month ago by a pet cat, which had been bitten by a dog. Rabies was suspected at the time and precautions were taken. Before death the girl was seized with spasms and nothing could be done to stop them.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Ohio reports 30 smallpox cases, 20 of them at Wapakoneta.

The Knights of Father Matthew held a big celebration at Warren.

John H. Ferry of Chillicothe was picked up unconscious on a railroad track and taken to Steubenville hospital.

PENNSYLVANIA SICK.

Hastings and Ripple to Look After Those From Porto Rico.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 10.—Governor Hastings and Colonel Ezra H. Ripple of Scranton, commissary general of the national guard, will go to New York tonight to look after the sick and injured of the Fourth and Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiments on their arrival tomorrow from Porto Rico on the transport Obdam. A hospital train will meet the transport at the Bay street wharf, Jersey City, and bring the invalid soldiers to Philadelphia hospitals.

The governor and Colonel Ripple will go by the quartermaster's boat Meigs, in charge of Major Appell, to quarantine station to meet the transport. The arrangements for the trip are in charge of Adjutant General Stewart and Major Richardson, keeper of the state arsenal.

ANNEXATION ACCEPTABLE.

Agoncillo Says This Will Do Unless the Philippines Get Independence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Felipe Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, the leader of the Filipinos, has sailed for Havre on the French liner La Touraine. He is accompanied by his secretary, Sixto Lopez, who also acts as interpreter. Through the latter just before the departure of the steamship Agoncillo said his visit to this country had been a very pleasant one and that he had been very kindly received by President McKinley. He expects to be allowed to present the appeal of the Filipinos to the American peace commissioners.

"We had enough of Spanish misrule," said Agoncillo, "and if the United States will not grant us independence like the Cubans then we will have to be satisfied with annexation."

In Memory of Parnell.

DUBLIN, Oct. 10.—Most of the citizens of Dublin wore the ivy leaf Sunday, it being the anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell. Thousands participated in the ceremonies at Glasnevin cemetery, of placing wreaths on his grave.

BRITAIN CLAIMS THE NILE.

Fashoda Blue Book Also Shows Kitchener Saved Marchand.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The foreign office has issued a Fashoda blue book giving the correspondence between the French and British governments.

It shows that Kitchener saved Marchand, and Britain claims the Nile.

Landed Sick Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The United States hospital ship Relief arrived from Hampton Roads, where she landed about 260 sick and convalescent soldiers from Mayaguez, Ponce and Arecibo, Porto Rico.

Fire in a Brewery.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Fire that broke out in the brewery of Lembeck & Betz, Newark, destroyed the interior of the main building, six stories high, with the stock. Loss, \$100,000.

WHITE MAN KILLED.

Settlers Seeking Shelter From Hostile Indians.

FERRIS (MINN.) BEING GUARDED.

Citizens Fear an Attack by Indians Camped a Few Miles Away—More Troops Move Forward—Friendly Indians Guarded an Agency.

FERRIS, Minn., Oct. 10.—A report reached here of the killing of a white man near Bear island during the day.

Settlers living near the Indian reservation have been seeking shelter in towns along the railroad. A large band of Indians of about 150 were reported encamped within two miles north of this town. Armed citizens have been guarding the town expecting an attack.

Indians professing to be friendly were at Graeland, one and a half

YOUR FEET

will look better and feel better if you put them inside our Famous Shoes.

We have shoes for ladies' and gents', all styles, at

98C.

But would rather sell you better ones, as it pays you best.

W. H. GASS,
220 Diamond.

P. S. Repairing done neat and promptly.

WILL HAVE A POTTERY

Salem People Are In Earnest This Time.

THE MONEY HAS BEEN RAISED

They Are Keeping Matters Quiet, and the Liverpool Parties Interested Are Saying Nothing — Preliminary Contract Has Been Signed.

It will not be long until another pottery will be added to the industry in this county. It will be located in Salem, and will be a modern plant.

Salem tried it on another occasion, but there were circumstances surrounding the matter which made its success impossible at that time.

But there were business men in Salem who refused to let the matter drop.

They renewed the work with vigor, and last Saturday night a meeting was held which cleared up the affair so far as Salem is concerned.

All the money required was subscribed, and the matter placed in the hands of W. W. Hole who came here last night. He spent today finishing up the business with the Liverpool parties who are interested in the project.

The plant will be a modern pottery, and will make a first class grade of ware.

It will employ a sufficient number of men to make it a profitable investment for Salem business men.

The particulars are being carefully kept by the parties who know all there is to know about it.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Large Congregations In All the Churches of the City.

The beautiful weather of yesterday caused large congregations to assemble in all the churches.

The services at the First Presbyterian church were very largely attended and were of special interest. In the evening Dr. Lee, the pastor, delivered an eloquent address upon the subject, "Our Friends, or the Company we Keep."

The music was very good.

Doctor Wilbur Davidson, of Cuyahoga Falls, preached to large congregations at the First M. E. church yesterday. Doctor Crawford and his family will arrive here from California next Thursday, and the reverend gentleman will occupy his pulpit next Sunday.

Prof. O. S. Reed delivered an excellent sermon on "Miracles," at the Christian church last night. The congregation was large.

At the Methodist Protestant church yesterday Rev. Charles F. Swift preached two intensely interesting sermons. His subject, "Man's Best Equipment," was treated as only such a speaker could, and at intervals the congregation was held spell-bound by his eloquence.

Rev. C. F. Swift was in Pittsburgh today attending a ministerial meeting of the ministers in the Pittsburgh conference of the Methodist Protestant church. The meeting was for the purpose of reviewing the work to be done in the various churches of the conference of the coming year.

Will Stop Potteries.

It is estimated that a large crowd from the city will attend the conclave in Pittsburgh tomorrow. In some of the potteries entire departments will shut down and one manufacturer remarked yesterday that he did not think there would be over 20 men at work at their plant tomorrow.

The Ohio Tea company has moved from the Citizens' Bank building to the McLean building, Sixth street.

DAWSON'S BANK.

It Was Built of Logs, Moss and Mud and Cost a Pretty Penny.

The Ottawa contractor who erected the Bank of Commerce building in Dawson City returned recently. He gives some interesting data in regard to the unique building. The bank is a two story structure, 25 by 35 feet. It is built of logs, sawed on three sides, with the bark on the outside. The roof is covered with two thicknesses of inch boards. Over this is a layer of moss one inch thick, and this is covered with four inches of mud. The floors are made of inch spruce, and the manager's office and the counter are of the timber in seven boats which came from Seattle and were taken apart at Dawson. The holes were filled with putty. The fire-bricks for the assaying room were brought from Bennett, to which place they had been carried on the backs of mules. Stone was obtained across the river from Dawson, and as neither lime nor cement could be procured Yukon mud had to be used. It took four sacks of clay at \$5 a sack to lay the fire brick. The furnace gave perfect satisfaction.

Logs cost 30 cents a foot at the mill in Dawson. Cartage from the mill to the building cost \$100 a day for a team of horses, and a load consisted of 500 feet, board measure, the bad condition of the roads making it impossible to carry larger loads. Rough timber cost \$200 per 1,000 feet, and flooring cost \$285 per 1,000. The cost of partition stuff, dressed on both sides, was \$370 per 1,000. The price of nails was from \$25 to \$40 a barrel, according to length. In the winter a barrel of nails could not be had at less than \$150. No glass was to be had at any price. Wooden shutters were used in the lower part of the bank, and tents were cut up to make windows for the rooms up stairs. The entire town is in a similar condition. A few panes of glass came into the place a short time ago, and \$250 was charged for each pane. Blocks of wood are used as chairs. A tinsmith fitted up the stovepipes and furnace connections, charging \$1.50 a length for the stovepipes and \$2 for each elbow. He also charged \$30 a day for his labor.—New York Sun.

RACE TRACK FOR INVALID.

Mrs. W. C. Whitney Can See Horses Speed From Her Window.

One hundred yards from the beautiful home of W. C. Whitney, at Westbury, N. Y., a race track is being built. It is on raised ground, so that Mrs. Whitney, whose illness has prevented her from enjoying the out of door life to which she had been accustomed, can sit at the window and watch the great race horses of the Whitney Page stable speed around the circle.

Mrs. Whitney is a lover of horses. It was an accident while riding behind the hounds that has made her an invalid

for all these months, but the accident has in no way changed her affection for horses. It has been one of her chief disappointments that she could no longer see the animals in her husband's stable and cheer them on to victory in the speed trials, as she was wont to do before the accident.

It has been the ex-secretary's whole aim to provide for his invalid wife every amusement that will distract her attention and make her forget her suffering. In fact, it has been this tender care, coupled with the bravery and patience of Mrs. Whitney, to which her improved condition is due. Knowing that it would be a great source of amusement for her to watch the fast thoroughbreds speed, Mr. Whitney has had plans made for the track. The track will soon be finished, and when it is Mrs. Whitney can enjoy races such as the people of New York would go miles to see from a reclining chair at her sitting room window.—New York World.

Precipitate Enough in the End.

It took the British 13 years to remember Gordon, but only five hours to avenge him.—St. Louis Republic.

Abide In Me.

Abide in me, o'ershadow by Thy love Each half formed purpose and dark thought of sin;

Quench, ere it rise, each selfish, low desire And keep my soul as Thine—calm and divine.

Abide in me. There have been moments pure When I have seen Thy face and felt Thy power;

Then evil lost its grasp, and passion, hushed, Owned the divine enchantment of the hour.

These were but seasons, beautiful and rare;

Abide in me, and they shall ever be.

I pray Thee now fulfill my earnest prayer—Come and abide in me, and I in Thee.

—Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.

BONES OF COLUMBUS.

A STORY CONCERNING THEIR PLACE OF BURIAL.

Interesting Data Intending to Show That the Explorer's Remains Are Still in Santo Domingo—Some Documentary Evidence in Berlin.

Apropos of the removal of the supposed remains of Christopher Columbus from the cathedral in Havana to some other place of deposit in Spain and of the existing doubts about the identity of the remains, the following account of the facts of the case will be of interest:

Columbus expressed his desire to be buried in "La Espanola" (Santo Domingo) in his testament, and the story of his wife carrying the lifeless body of her husband with her wherever she went is contradicted by the church records in Valladolid. The admiral, as Columbus was called by his friends and rela-

tives, was too poor when he died to allow of his desire being carried out, and his body was decently buried. He died on May 21, 1506, without the least suspicion that he had discovered a new continent, firmly persuaded that he had reached the easternmost shores of Asia.

Forty years later, when the conquests of Cortes and Pizarro flooded the peninsula with the gold and silver of Mexico and Peru, Spain remembered the almost forgotten name of the man to whom it owed the rich possessions, and it became proud of him. Complying with his dying wish, the government ordered his remains to be conveyed to Santo Domingo to be interred in the cathedral. This was done in 1541. At that time the edifice had just been finished. No records were kept as yet, but the tradition remained that the body rested to the right of the altar. This tradition was entered in the church register 135 years later—that is, in 1676.

In the beginning of the seventeenth century the remains of the discoverer's brother, Diego, who had been governor of Santo Domingo, together with those of his son Louis, were also transferred to the island and buried in the same cathedral. There was no inscription indicating the locality of either vault.

Santo Domingo was ceded to France by the treaty of Basel (December, 1795), and the Spaniards stipulated that the remains of the discoverer should be removed to Cuba. Accordingly the floor on the right of the altar was opened, and the contents of the vault found were transferred to Havana with great ceremony.

But in 1877 some workmen, repairing the floor, discovered another vault, also on the right of the altar, between that from which the supposed remains of Christopher Columbus had been taken and the outer wall of the chancel, the two vaults being separated only by a thin wall. This vault was found to contain a small leaden box, 44 centimeters long, 28 centimeters high and 21½ centimeters broad, with an inscription that convinced the authorities and everybody who saw it that the contents were unmistakably the remains of "the admiral," and that those of his brother Diego had been taken to Havana.

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WELLSVILLE.

SURPRISED HIS PEOPLE

Reverend Littell Gave Notice of Resignation.

NO REASON WAS ASSIGNED

It Is Probable He Will Not Leave Before Some Time In the Winter or the Early Spring--Broke the Humane Society's Laws--All the News.

Very much to the surprise of his congregation Reverend W. A. Littell gave notice at the close of his sermon on Sabbath morning that in the near future he purposed resigning the pastorate of his church. No reasons were assigned. It is not expected that this move will take Reverend Littell away from town before sometime in the winter or early spring.

Reverend Littell has been in Wells-ville nearly four years, and is a most genial and kindly gentleman, which has won him many friends not only in his own congregation, but from among those of other denominations, who will much regret his departure from among us.

Horse Ran Away.

This morning about 9 o'clock the horse attached to a laundry wagon ran away, breaking the shaft and splintering the dashboard. While on Sixth street some part of the harness broke and the horse became frightened and ran up Main street to Fifth where it turned toward the river. Fortunately the driver was able to head it toward the pavement in front of N. U. Walker's residence where he was able to alight. Will Moser was driving at the time and he was somewhat injured by a kick from the horse, but had the course of the horse not been turned the whole rig would undoubtedly have landed over the river bank with most serious results to both horse and driver.

Died Suddenly.

The death of Miss Emma Koestringer occurred yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The lady became ill last Tuesday. A sister reached here from St. Louis a short time before her death. She was to have been married to John Burnett next Wednesday. She was housekeeper and companion in the family of the late John Guttridge.

Stanford Convicted.

Ben Stanford, charged with brutally illtreating a horse, was heard Saturday night by Mayor Dennis and fined \$5 and costs.

Stanford's case was reported to the Humane society and the horse was shot by Agent Lloyd. There were a number of witnesses.

The News of Wellsville.

Mrs. Mary Cope, who has been a guest of J. B. Hays, Main street, has returned to her home in Columbiana.

Mrs. H. C. Wells and daughter, Miss Helen, spent Saturday with the Misses Nessley at Arroyo.

Mrs. Catharine Billman, of Pine Grove, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Cark Vermillion, has returned home.

Mrs. Phillip Fraser, Mrs. Joe Moore, Mrs. A. R. Wells and Miss Beulah Wells were all Pittsburg visitors on Saturday.

Mrs. F. J. Kelly and family left on Saturday for a two weeks' visit with friends in Pittsburg.

Robert Woolley is spending his vacation in Pittsburg.

Mrs. James Lawson, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Steiner, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Harper and Mrs. A. P. Howard, of Congo, are all Pittsburg visitors today.

David Clark and wife went to Pittsburg on Saturday morning.

Mrs. G. V. Dever, who has been visiting David Paisley and Joseph Paisley for the past ten days, returned to her home in Kansas on Saturday.

Clark Vermillion has removed with his family from 18th street to East Liverpool. They will reside on Walnut street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCombs, Broadway, are spending a week with friends in Allegheny.

Miss Fannie Clark and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Clark and family are visiting friends in Pittsburg and vicinity. They will remain for the conclave.

Miss Gertrude McIntosh, of Irondale, was in town shopping on Saturday.

Miss Nellie Borden went out to her home in Salineville yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Minor, of Empire, spent Saturday with Mrs. M. E. Miller, Broadway.

D. W. Roberts, of Irondale, was in town on business on Saturday.

Miss Edith Sweeley left to-day for a visit with friends in Crestline. She expects to remain a week.

Reverend Finley Lafferty who supplied the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church yesterday is the son of Reverend William Lafferty, who was a former pastor of this church--leaving here in '61.

Mrs. Charles K. Snediker is visiting friends in the country.

Mrs. E. Kelly left on Saturday for a week's visit with friends in Minerva, after which she goes to Ravenna, where she will spend the winter with her sister.

A Disappearing Bullseye.

The Chinese peasant wears a turban, loose coat and short and very baggy trousers, all of blue. The Chinese soldier wears the same, with an overall sleeveless smock, or long waistcoat buttoning on the right shoulder, edged round the neck, arms and skirt and down the front with broad "facing." The breast and back are decorated with a one foot bullseye with characters on it. This is all the character the Chinese soldier possesses.

The bullseye would be a very convenient mark for an enemy if the Chinese soldier would give the latter a chance of shooting him, but the bullseye is only worn to raise false hopes, for no sooner does he arrive dangerously near the enemy than he doffs the garb of war to appear as an innocent civilian. He is usually armed with a muzzle loader or standard, both equally harmless weapons.

In the case of General Liu's escort the uniform smocks had evidently not been used as nightshirts for more than a few weeks, the men were armed with Winchesters and a few Martinis, rusty, dirty and out of order, and wore about their middles a belt of some 60 rounds of solid drawn brass cartridges.—Lon-don News.

The British Empire.

At the present moment the British empire is 53 times the size of France, 52 times that of Germany, 3½ times that of the United States of America, thrice the size of Europe, with treble the population of all the Russias. It extends over 11,000,000 square miles, occupies one-fifth of the globe, contains one-fifth of the human race, or 350,000,000 people, embraces four continents, 10,000 islands, 500 promontories and 2,000 rivers.

WANTED.

WANTED--Good traveling agents. No canvassing; \$75 per month and expenses. Call at 137 Fifth street from 7 to 8 p.m.

WANTED--An experienced warehouse woman. Can give permanent position to good party. State salary wanted, and where last employed. Address Ford China company, Ford City, Pa.

LOST.

LOST--Fox terrier with black and tan head, body is black and white, white tip on tail. Answers to the name of Risk. Please return to Harry Shelton, 217 Fourth street, and receive reward.

Dr. J. N. VODREY
DENTIST,
Room 4, Porter Building,
DIAMOND.

THE GYPSIE MEDIUM and PALMIST can be consulted on all affairs of life, tell you your name and age. Her standing challenge to other mediums of \$1,000 has not been accepted by one of them, and is still open. Her power excites the wonder and admiration of even the most skeptical. This gifted lady can be consulted at 187 Fourth street. Office hours from 9 to 9 daily. Can be seen Sundays.

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

Our prices are always

The Lowest
If quality of goods are considered. We handle no trashy goods for advertising purposes.

PRICE LIST.

Mason Jars, quarts, per doz.....35c
Half pint cov. Tumblers, per doz.....20c
Half pint plain Tumblers, per doz.....20c
Extra Caps and Rubbers, per doz.....20c
Crystal Sealing Wax, 2 packages.....5c
New cleaned Currants, per lb.....10c
New seeded Raisins, per lb.....10c
New Buckwheat, 8 lb for.....25c
New Corn Meal, 15 lb for.....25c
New Hominy, 15 lb for.....25c
Rolled Oats, 8 lb for.....25c
Oat Meal, 8 lb for.....25c
Fresh Ginger Snaps, per lb.....5c
Fresh Butter Crackers, per lb.....5c
Fresh Oyster Crackers, per lb.....5c
Fresh Wine Cakes, per lb.....7c
Fresh Lunch Cakes, per pound.....7c
Full size Wash Boards, each.....10c
3 Tie Brooms, each.....10c
17 in. Coal Hods, each.....15c
Best Candles, each.....1c
Carpet Tacks, per box.....1c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.
We Lead,
Let Those Who Can Follow.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

EGYPTIAN EMBALMING SECRET SOLVED BY A WEST VIRGINIAN.

Curious Collection of Preserved Animals, Birds and Human Remains Made by John Hamrick--He Has Invented a Wonderful Fluid.

John Hamrick of Barbour county, W. Va., has locked in his breast the secret of the Egyptian art of embalming. While men learned in science have endeavored in vain to discover this lost art it has remained for this plain, unpretentious mountaineer farmer to solve the secret, with the result that his home, which is ten miles from Pruntytown, is filled with a grawsome collection of animals and humans which he has preserved.

Hamrick is a peculiar man, but always receives visitors with cordial politeness and takes pains to make their calls both pleasant and profitable. His visitors number among the hundreds each year, many of whom come from the large cities to see his queer museum of human curiosities and make him tempting offers for his secret. But he will not give it up and is content to live in a plain but comfortable way, with his wife as his sole companion. He devotes the whole of his winters to embalming experiments.

Some of the facts about this man's discovery have been published at random in the country press, but the stories have been disbelieved because of their vagueness. No writer can do justice to the facts in any description of the contents of this queer man's home nor of his fascinating and instructive conversation. His home is carpeted with the fur of animals--the wildcat, coon, fox and bear.

From the time you enter the house you step noiselessly about from room to room upon the skins of these beasts, which have been preserved by Mr. Hamrick with his own compound. The furs retain their natural appearance, being very smooth and glossy. The skin remains soft and pliable. He says that his treatment of an animal lasts only 24 hours, when it is then in a condition of perpetual preservation.

The first thing that greets the eye upon entering the home is a magnificent peacock, with his brilliant plumage fairly shining. This bird, with spreading tail and trailing wings, has not been stuffed, but embalmed. Mr. Hamrick said that by pouring a little of his fluid down the throat of the bird decay has been arrested. Many other birds and fowls adorn his home, all well preserved. He has a large collection of snakes and other reptiles which have been on hand for years. His zoological collection would make a valuable addition to any museum.

A little negro boy baby ornaments the parlor mantelpiece in this house. Mr. Hamrick says the baby has been embalmed for more than three years. The body looks plump and the features quite natural. The corpse was obtained at the county almshouse. He has the bodies of two women who were raving maniacs at one time. The corpses were secured at the insane asylum at Weston two years ago. The embalmed bodies of the two women lie side by side on a slab, clothed in dark shrouds. The faces are dark, but the skin is not shriveled like the dark skin of the Egyptian mummies. The hair and teeth are well preserved.

A large glass jar contains the head of a mulatto who was executed at Cincinnati years ago. The spectacle is hideous, the appearance of the head being much as it was in life, the eyes staring into space and the lips drawn tightly away from the big white teeth, as if grinning. There are two more bodies of infants on exhibition, also two white men and a white boy. Some of these corpses Mr. Hamrick has sitting up in chairs, apparently quite at home, but certainly leaving a picture in the mind not pleasant to recall in lonesome places. There are some wild beasts and domestic animals, a sheep, calf, heads of animals and insects. What Hamrick has failed to preserve are fish and their kindred water associates. He says he has failed utterly to preserve a fish and prevent more or less wasting away.

While he carefully guards his secret, he is by no means averse to showing the wonderful fluid he employs to accomplish these marvelous results. He keeps it in a two gallon glass jar, and it is so transparent that at first glance the jar appears to be empty. However, it is almost, if not fully, as heavy as lead, and what makes it still more interesting is Mr. Hamrick's statement that all of the ingredients are found upon or near by his farm.—Special to Washington Post.

Helen Gould.

There are marks of credit for you up above,

Helen Gould;

You have garnered many an anxious mother's love,

Helen Gould;

When the Lord selected you
As his almoner, a new

Heroine came into view,

Helen Gould.

You've a seat within the temple reared to fame,

Helen Gould;

You have spread a gloss of honor on your name,

Helen Gould;

You have proved that true hearts beat

Where proud mansions line the street—

Here's a flower at your feet,

Helen Gould.

Cleveland Leader.

STAR

BargainStore

DRESS GOODS.

are cheap at \$3.50. Our line at \$2.98 are beauties and they can not be matched for less than \$4 and \$4.50. \$5 and \$6 hats for \$3.49 and \$3.98.

Sailors and Military Hats.

We are getting in new ones every day and we are selling lots of them. 10 dozen new hats and sailors in today. 100 boxes of

new hat trimming in this week on which we can save you a good deal.

SILKS.

New style in striped silk waists patterns worth \$1, for 75c a yard. Large bar silks worth \$1.25 for 95c a yard. Special in black satin. All silk black

The greatest line of underwear for men, ladies and children at saving prices that will interest every satiny, \$1.39 value for \$1 a yard. economic buyer.

UMBRELLAS.

200 new umbrellas this week which we offer at prices you never got before.

Tailor Made Suits.

A nice line of tailor made suits at saving prices. Our new line of jackets is coming in every day matched anywhere. Good flannelette waists for 50c. Fine and all we ask you is to look at plaid waists for 75c. All wool cloth waists lined all through full blouse front for 98c. Better at prices that it will surprise you. A full line of misses' and

waists braided \$2.50 value, for children's jackets at great saving prices.

Special In Skirts.

Twenty-five black crepon skirts \$3 value for \$1.98. 25 wool crepon skirts double lined worth \$6 for \$3.98. All silk skirts full width for \$3.75. Heavy gross grain silk silk skirts \$7 values for \$4.98.

Special In Blankets.

100 pair of 50c blankets for 35c a pair. 100 pair of full size blankets for 44c a pair worth 75c. 50 pair of 50c wool blankets for \$2.49 a pair. 50 pair of 11-4 blankets in all colors, \$4 values, for \$2.89 a pair. Very fine blankets in white, extra size, \$7 values for \$4.98. Home made comforts filled with fine cotton, cheap at 2 for \$1.49.

COLLARETTES.

The best line in the city and we are selling lots of them. Fine velvet hats as low as \$1.75 worth \$2.50. Our \$2.49 hats than elsewhere.

Nice collarettes for \$1.49. Collarettes with astrachan yoke and tails for \$2.49. Collarettes with longtails and tails cheap at \$6 for \$3.98. At \$4.50, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98 and \$7.50 we can show you a line every one of which is worth from \$2 to \$4 more. Very fine collarettes in all styles up to \$14.50.

Domestics and Linens.

One bale of 6c unbleached muslin for 37-8c. 25 pieces of 12 1-2c dark percales for 63-4c. 7c comfort calico for 5c. 7c all linen crash for 43-4c. 5c crash for 33-4c. Large size towels for 4c. 50c white table linen for 39c, and many other things on which we will save you a great deal.

STAR

BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.

HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.

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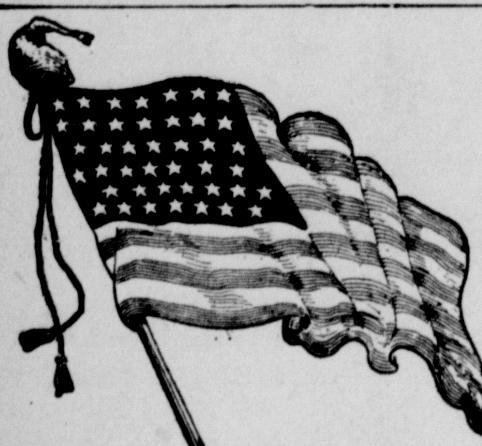
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One Year in Advance \$5.00
Three Months 1.25
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., MONDAY, OCT. 10



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For secretary of state, Charles Kinney.
For Judge of the Supreme Court, Judge W. T. Spear.

For clerk of the Supreme Court, Josiah B. Allen.

For member Board of Public Works, W. G. Johnston.

For dairy and food commissioner, Joseph C. Blackburn.

REPUBLICAN DISTRICT TICKET.

For representative in Congress from the Eighteenth Ohio district, Robert W. Taylor of Lisbon.

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Judge of the Circuit Court of the Seventh Judicial district, P. A. Lauble of Salem.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For auditor of Columbian county, J. Frank Adams of Lisbon.

For county commissioner, J. H. French of Salem.

For infirmary director, J. M. McBride of Gavers.

For coroner, John L. Straughn of Lisbon.

THERE is no question about the success of the Knights Templar's gathering. Pittsburgh never does anything by halves.

SPAIN's soldiers in Cuba appear to be finding out that rotten politics at home makes hardships for the king's servants in conquered provinces. That gang about the queen regent seems to be in need of a little investigation of the brand that investigates.

SOMEONE has said that the men who officered the army were not all Republicans, and if they were to be held responsible for disease and neglect that responsibility must be divided. That is probably why the Democrats are not now so enthusiastic concerning the investigation. It deprives them of the ammunition they need to conduct the campaign.

MISREPRESENTATION will not win the battle for any party this year. Consequently the Democrats are playing a losing game. When they bring up the silver question or the tariff they are met, not by words, but by prosperity, a great and mighty factor in politics. No man can be made to believe the Republican party has shut down a factory when he knows the plant is in operation every day.

ALL ARE INTERESTED.

While the campaign in Ohio is not yet old enough to bring about criticism nothing but words of praise have been heard from Republican meetings. They are, as a rule, made up of large audiences who enthusiastically applaud the sentiment from the excellent speakers now in the state. There is everywhere manifested unusual interest because the Republican party have given out a straight and honest platform and the people like it.

But one conclusion can be drawn. If the people but go to the polls next November the Republican majority will be of the old time kind, and the congressional delegation will be what the state usually sends to Washington if not larger. The prospects were never better.

More Chicken Fights.

A number of chicken fights will be pulled off near this city before the end of the week. Those who will have birds in the pit are from Wellsville, Cumberland and this place. Considerable money is up on the result.

OFFICERS WERE BUSY

Gathering In Those Who Violated the Law.

ONE MAN HAD A BAD CUT

He Told So Many Stories That He Was Allowed to Go, Although Investigation Will Be Made--Abundant News at City Hall.

The police have been a busy lot since Saturday afternoon, and while not many men were put in jail there were other matters which commanded their attention.

William Anderson was arrested by Officer Whan at the corner of Sixth street and Broadway yesterday. He was drunk, making a noise and in some manner lost his hat. He was taken to jail, where he was allowed to remain a short while. He was given a hearing this morning, and after paying \$7.60 was allowed to go his way.

Daniel Cochran, he of olden times, was gathered in yesterday morning by Officer Grim as he was going through the Diamond. Daniel was very drunk, and was enjoying himself immensely when the officer put in an appearance.

This morning a charge of being drunk was read to him, and after he plead guilty he was fined \$7.60. He made arrangements to pay and departed a sober man.

Jesse Bingham was not acting like a gentleman when he was in lower Market street yesterday, and as a result Officer Mahony put him in and placed a charge of indecent conduct against him. This occurred last evening at 5 o'clock. He gave security for his appearance in court this evening at 8 o'clock and was allowed to go.

John McGuire was an individual put in jail by Officer White Saturday night.

He was sleeping on the steps of a boarding house owned by Mrs. Sullivan in Railroad street near Walnut, and to make the trip easy for him he was carried away in the patrol. He will appear this evening.

About 9 o'clock Saturday night Officer White brought an individual, who talked as if he just came from Germany, to city hall. He was found on the railroad near the Brunt pottery, and when discovered, had an ugly cut on his right cheek bone. He first told the officer he fell on the road and struck a tie, and later said that he had been held up and a lot of articles taken from him. He was brought to city hall, but nothing more could be learned of him and he was allowed to go. His case is now being investigated as he was drunk when captured, and the story he told was discredited. He is a rag picker, and recently came from Pittsburgh.

A fight near the Tucker saloon in West Market street is now being investigated by the police. It occurred near closing time, and was one in which blood was shed. No arrests have been made as yet.

The case of the Reymann Brewing company remains unsettled, as does also the case of Alfred Heakin. The latter case was to have been disposed of last week.

Mayor Bough this morning received the following wanted notice from Superintendent Snay, of the Allegheny county reformatory:

Charles C. Cochran, home at No. 1 Winthrop street, Allegheny. Seventeen years of age, height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 113 pounds, stout, dark hair, brown eyes, medium complexion, indistinct scar near center of forehead. Scar on right wrist from scalding, one small vaccine mark on right arm. Wore blue denim trousers and blue and white striped shirt. Canvas hat.

Chief Johnson will not be at city hall very much this week. He left this morning with Pilgrim commandery, of which he is a member, for Pittsburgh.

One Swallow



(Not a bird.)

Or rather one dose of TONSILINE

will relieve and a couple more will cure that Sore Throat.

Good judgment impels those who have used it to always keep Tonsiline in the house.

SORE THROAT

QUINSY and GROUP

don't send warning when they are coming.

TONSILINE should always be kept on guard for these dangerous enemies.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO.

He will remain there throughout the conclave.

ITALY'S TERRIBLE WEAPON.

The Knife in the Sunny Land Takes a Life Every Two Hours.

Throughout the kingdom of Italy an Italian kills an Italian every two hours during the entire year by means of the knife. Such are the official statistics which were recently placed before me by Baron Garofalo, vice president and leading spirit of the association which, under the presidency of Queen Marguerite and the patronage of King Humbert, has been formed to put down homicide by depriving it of its all too convenient and all too universal weapon, the accused knife. During the 365 days of the year 1897 there were placed on record 5,380 homicides by means of the knife, a total beside which the list of killed in the sanguinary battle of Justozza, and even in the holocaust of Abba Carima, in Abyssinia, sinks into insignificance. Italy is, in fact, engaged in a personal war with herself, which costs her on an average 5,000 lives annually.

The league, or association, which has recently been formed under these royal auspices has very rightly and cleverly placed itself in communication with the various labor unions and trade associations, and among the first of the labor associations to take up the matter with enthusiasm and vigor has been the Union of Associated Printers, which includes some of the most public spirited and energetic of the workingmen of Rome. The league likewise has secured a promise from the premier, General Pelleux, to submit to the legislature, when it meets again, a law rendering it a penal offense for any one to carry one of those knives with which in nearly every case murder is done in Italy. In order to realize how utterly inadequate the tribunals have shown themselves until now to put a stop to crime by means of the knife, it may be mentioned that the annual average of homicides in Italy alone surpasses that of all the remainder of Europe put together.—Special Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

KICKED A CHILD.

A Case In Court Was the Outcome.

Saturday afternoon in the court of Squire Hill a charge of assault and battery was filed against Homer Twaddle for kicking a 14-year-old boy named John Logan.

Twaddle appeared in the evening and plead guilty to the charge and was assessed \$6.60 which he paid. After paying the amount he entered a counter charge of assault and battery against Logan and the case will be heard Wednesday morning.

Dancing tonight at Brunt's.

SCARLET FEVER.

The First Case in Weeks Was Reported To-Day.

The first case of scarlet fever to be reported in weeks to the board of health, was made known this morning. The fever is in the house of John Kail, 149 Pleasant street. The residence was quarantined by Sanitary Police Burgess this morning shortly after the notification was served.

ANOTHER ONE

Is Added to the Liverpool Colony at the Infirmary.

The township trustees Saturday afternoon sent Daniel Swaney, aged 40 years, to the infirmary. Swaney was born in Ireland, but has been a resident of this city for eight years. He has no home and is suffering with a very sore arm. He will be kept at the county institution until he is able to work.

Dancing tonight at Brunt's.

A Good Report.

Agent Adam Hill, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, in this city has finished his report for the month of September, and has forwarded it to headquarters. It shows a large increase over the amount of business handled during the corresponding month of last year.

The Work Started.

The Ohio Valley Gas company this morning commenced the work of connecting the various schools with their mains. The work is being supervised by Charles Smith, who expects to have it completed within three weeks.

Democracy in ARKANSAS.

No Democratic paper has noticed that the Democratic vote in Arkansas a few weeks since was 34,562 less than Mr. Bryan's vote in 1896. This is a falling off of nearly one-third.—Indianapolis Journal.

Double breasted silk faced suits are very popular this season and many suits we are selling. Ask to see our \$12 and \$15 line at

*

JOSEPH BROS'.

Dancing tonight at Brunt's.

BENDHEIM'S.

Boys' and Girls' Wear-
well Shoes are the best

\$1.50 a pair.



Don't fail to see our
men's Fall and Winter
Shoes at

\$3, 3.50, 4.
They are Bargains.

A PURCHASER

Of our shoes cannot fail to note their fine points. We fit the foot, as it should be fitted, have the manufacturer use material that is durable and back them with our guarantee. Our styles are new, up to date and our prices are reasonable. They represent a combination of style, beauty, durability and comfort that cannot be surpassed by anyone anywhere, and our low prices makes every one of them a bargain.

No matter what sort of shoe you want, you ought to come here for them, because we'll save you money and you are more likely to find here what you want than any where else.

Yours for good shoes,
Reasonably Priced.

BENDHEIM'S.

STRONG AGAIN! *Sexine Oilly* TRADE MARK

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free book.

Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

FORGING BY CAMERA.

Chief Wilkie Thinks Criminals Can-
not Use Color Photography.

Since the recent announcement in the New York Herald of the successful development of a process by which all colors could be reproduced by photography there has been considerable discussion of the possibility of reproducing all kinds of paper money and bonds and other securities by photography. If by this new process every difference in color can be faithfully reproduced, there would seem to be no reason why a piece of paper money should not be photographed and copies made of it, reproducing so exactly as to make detection impossible every line of the original and not only the exact shades of ink employed in printing the body of it, but also the red seal and the numbering.

Chief Wilkie of the secret service of the treasury department, who has made a thorough study of all known methods of counterfeiting, does not believe that it will be possible to perpetrate extensive frauds by means of counterfeiting by color photography. Even if the process should be developed to such a point that existing issues of bills could be reproduced so exactly as to defy detection, Mr. Wilkie is confident that the government would soon be able to stop the work. It might be possible that the government would have to call in all outstanding paper issues; but, Mr. Wilkie says, new ones could be put out that would defy the color photographer.

"There are," said Mr. Wilkie, "certain chemicals which could be used to make lines across the paper used in printing the notes which would be invisible to the eye, but which would be reproduced by photography and which would make a photograph appear with a heavy black diagonal line or other design that might be desirable to use. Color photography could not eliminate these lines, for the process that has been invented reproduces the colors, not in the negative, but in printing, upon the prepared paper, and if the effect of the chemicals upon the negative is the same as that required to produce black lines the black lines will appear when the print is made."

THE NATIONAL POLICY.

Senator Lindsay of Kentucky on Our Development In the East.

When, in the exercise of superior power, we concluded to absorb the Hawaiian Islands, through the unauthorized joint resolution of the two houses of congress, we announced to the world our intention to become an active factor in the settlement of the trade relations of the Pacific countries, and we are em-

In the Wrong Place.

A characteristic story of General Scott is told in connection with the sword presented to him by the state of Louisiana, through the legislature, at the close of the Mexican war.

He was accosted one day by a man who said: "General Scott, I had the honor of doing most of the work on the sword presented to you by the state of Louisiana. I should like to ask if it was just as you would have chosen."

"It's a very fine sword, sir, a very fine sword indeed," said the general.

"I am proud to have it. There is only one thing I should have preferred different. The inscription should have been on the blade, sir. The scabbard may be taken from us, but the sword, never!"

The sword cost about \$500, the principal expense being in the scabbard, which was richly chased and ornamented.—Exchange.

Not Very Amiable.

"Excuse me!" exclaimed the timorous man, "but may I disturb you for a few minutes on a matter of considerable importance to myself and possibly of some concern to you?"

"No, sir!" replied the disagreeable citizen. "Not unless you promise not to waste as much time talking business as you do apologizing."

THAT BIG TAX SUIT

May Again Be Postponed In Common Pleas.

GENERAL RILEY IS TOO ILL

To Leave His Home In Wellsville--The Clark-Findlay Suit, Involving Damages Because the Rolling Mill Was Not Built Being Tried.

LISBON, Oct. 10.---[Special]--Judge Taylor did not reach here until this afternoon, and as he is to preside in common pleas court no work was done today.

The first case scheduled for today was that of I. B. Cameron against General Riley, in which Mr. Cameron, as treasurer, sues for taxes. It is probable the case will not be heard, as General Riley is ill at his home in Wellsville.

The case of I. B. Clark against Frank Findlay is next on the list. It is the action in which Clark seeks to recover because Findlay did not build a rolling mill according to contract. A number of witnesses are here.

News of Lisbon.

LISBON, Oct. 10.---[Special]--Reverend Anderson and members of the Lisbon Presbyterian church held religious services at the infirmary yesterday.

Mrs. Thomas Kelly, living near this place, died Saturday of consumption.

Marriage licenses were issued to E. V. Booth and Emma Ely, Andrew Bush and Mary Chisholm.

Lindsey Stroup has sold to Henry Neininger lot 7 in East End, \$700; George Marshall to C. A. Ferguson, lot 346 in Liverpool, \$4,100; Augusta M. Wellington to Beaver Tin Plate company, land in Lisbon, \$1.

ANOTHER CASE

Has Been Brought Against Frank Harvey.

Squire Riddle, of Lisbon, and Frank Harvey, of the place, are again closely connected.

This time the squire issued a warrant for the arrest of Harvey, charging him with obtaining goods under false pretense. The property consisted of a wagon, buggy and harness and belonged to Joseph Green. Green recovered a portion of the property, and will settle if Harvey pays \$30. It is expected a settlement will be reached this week.

COUNCIL TONIGHT.

The First Meeting of the Month Will Be Held.

Owing to the fact that a number of councilmen desire to attend the conclave at Pittsburgh a special meeting of council will be held this evening and the regular meeting tomorrow evening will be dispensed with.

At the meeting to be held tonight the payroll will be passed, and only such other business as is absolutely necessary will be transacted. Claims committee will also meet.

HIGH PRICED LAND.

Sixth Street Real Estate May Change Hands.

A lot in Sixth street, situated between Broadway and East Market street, and now occupied by a mercantile establishment, may soon be sold.

The lot measures 19 1/2 x 90 feet and the price asked is about \$7,000. It is stated that in the course of a few years the purchaser expects to erect a business block on the land.

VISITORS FROM MISSOURI.

James Whetton, of St. Louis, and Frances Hope, of De Soto, Mo., a brother and nephew of Mrs. George Peach, are her guests.

They are on their way to the conclave. Mr. Whetton has had charge of the Chain Rock water works at St. Louis for many years, and spent a portion of today viewing the local plant.

Will Be Delayed.

The work of laying the sidewalks in Pennsylvania avenue is progressing rapidly, but the question as to whether the property owners who have laid a portion of their sidewalks can be assessed for the relaying of them has not yet been settled and the improvement will be delayed somewhat.

Shut Up an Alley.

The contractor who is putting in the new sewer in Bradshaw avenue this morning stopped up the alley leading to the china works of the Knowles, Taylor and Knowles company. He was notified that he must leave the alley open as it was necessary.

Dancing tonight at Brunt's.

Dancing tonight at

THEY ALL WILL JOIN

In an Endeavor to Have a Lecture Course.

MINISTERS HOLD A MEETING

And Decide to Have the Churches Connected With the Management—It Will Be Popular With Ten Entertainments.

The ministers of the city met in the lecture room of the Methodist Protestant church Saturday night to arrange for a lecture course. The meeting was attended by Reverend Swift, Rev. Reed, Dr. Taggart, Rev. Weary, Prof. Rayman and Mr. Boyce.

The meeting was called to order by Reverend Swift, who stated that as there would be no lecture course in this city unless something was done immediately, he thought it a wise plan for the churches of the city to give one. The matter was discussed at length by all the ministers present, and a conclusion was reached whereby a lecture course composed of 10 entertainments would be inaugurated.

Mr. Wilson, a representative of the Central Lyceum Lecture bureau, was present, and told those present what the bureau could offer. A committee composed of Reverend Swift, Reverend Reed and Professor Rayman were appointed to confer with the entertainment committee of the Young Men's Christian association, after which the meeting adjourned. These committees will meet this evening to arrange further details.

The entertainments will include some of the best talent in their respective lines ever in the city and each one will be of the highest order. The months for each entertainment to be given have been arranged, but the dates have not all been decided upon owing to the fact that the parties with whom the engagements are made will have to be communicated with on the subject.

LOST A BIG FISH.

How the Prophet of Pisgah Missed a Meal.

They are telling a good story on D. J. Smith, of Mount Pisgah.

He was fishing the other day in Little Beaver, and after a lot of work succeeded in landing four bass averaging four and a half pounds in weight. Then he became hungry, and was preparing to go home, when he felt a weight on his line. The line was in clear water and there were no snags near, and the veteran fisherman at once knew he had hooked something big. The fish, or whatever it might be, swam swiftly away, and in a few moments had snapped the line and disappeared with the hook, while the prophet's vision of a feast went with it. He now thinks he had hooked a whale or some other sea monster, for the line was made of silk and guaranteed to land 30 pounds from any stream in the land.

GODWIN AS A SPRINTER.

He Will Have a Turn With McCaffrey, of Freedom.

John Godwin, of this city, and McCaffrey, of the Freedom baseball team, have been matched for a 100 yard dash for \$100 aside.

The men are very equally matched. The race will take place at Rochester one week from next Saturday. Many Liverpool people will attend and back the local boy to win.

COMING TODAY.

The New Wagon For the City Is on the Way.

The new combination hose and ladder wagon for the East End fire station will arrive today.

The fire committee have not yet held a meeting to prepare recommendations to be submitted to council, owing to the illness of Councilman Challis. An effort will be made to have a session this evening to arrange plans.

Is Improving.

George Rhoades, a checkman at the freight depot, who was badly injured recently by having several ribs of his right side broken, will be able to resume his work at the depot within a few weeks. He is steadily improving.

To the Soldiers' Home.

Hugh Martin, who has been spending several months in the city with friends, has returned to the Soldiers' Home at Dayton. He will not return here until next spring.

Fancy vests all the rage in the cities Scotch effects and silks, cut in the late nobby style. You should see them at

JOSEPH BROS'.

GO AO PITTSBURG.

Special Rates and Special Trains via Pennsylvania Lines.

From Oct. 8 to Oct. 15 the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will entertain people from all parts of the United States, as well as from foreign countries, assembled to participate and witness the imposing ceremonies of Knights Templars in Triennial Conclave. Preparations for the event have been completed on a grand scale, and never in the history of the electrical age have there been such extensive illuminations by electricity as may be seen on this occasion. Both cities will be ablaze with light every night. The decoration of business blocks and residences will be the most remarkable ever witnessed. The grand parade to take place Tuesday, Oct. 11, will be a wonderful demonstration. Thousands of Sir Knights will be in line, marching to music furnished by hundreds of bands. The sight will be an inspiring one.

The grandeur of the occasion may be enjoyed at small cost for fare, as non-transferable excursion tickets to Pittsburgh will be sold over the Pennsylvania lines each day from Oct. 8 to Oct. 13, inclusive. Tickets will be good returning Oct. 17, with privilege to extend the return limit to Oct. 31. Arrangements have also been made whereby holders of excursion tickets over the Pennsylvania lines may indulge in cheap trips from Pittsburgh to points within a radius of 260 miles of that city, also to Harrisburg, Gettysburg, Baltimore and Washington. Concessions in fare for side trips may be secured by depositing the return portion of excursion tickets to Pittsburgh with the joint passenger agent in that city.

For the accommodation of persons wishing to go to the city the day the day the grand parade takes place and return that night, a special train will be run over the Pennsylvania lines, Tuesday, Oct. 11, leaving East Liverpool at 6:15 a. m., reaching the city in time to see it all. Returning leaving Pittsburgh Union station, 9 p. m., Allegheny 9:10 p. m., Central time, Oct. 11.

Persons making the trip over the Pennsylvania lines arrive at stations in the center of Allegheny or Pittsburgh, right in the midst of the hotel and boarding house districts, convenient to places where the events of the week will transpire. The Pennsylvania station on Federal street, Allegheny, is near splendid locations for viewing the procession. It is also directly on the line of march.

The hospitality of the Iron City is well known and all visitors will be satisfactorily taken care of. It will be perhaps the opportunity of a lifetime to see such a wonderful exhibition of electrical illumination and decorations, and vast army of representative men from all over the country in line. Persons who attend will be amply repaid for the trip, the expense of which will be small. Full information about rates, time of trains and other particulars may be ascertained by applying to Adam Hill, Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agent, East Liverpool.

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account the exposition will be sold at single fare for round trip via Pennsylvania lines, Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13 and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie, Massillon, New Philadelphia and intermediate ticket stations on the Fort Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison, New Cumberland, Washington Wheeling and intermediate ticket stations on the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be sold for regular trains of those dates, and will be good returning three days including date of sale. For rates, tickets and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Low Rates For Conclave.

Elaborate arrangements are completed for the Knights Templar conclave at Pittsburgh in October. You may enjoy it all by going on low rate tickets to be sold over Pennsylvania lines Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive. After taking in the sights and festivities, interesting side trips may be made from Pittsburgh at small cost by depositing return coupon of Pittsburgh ticket with joint agent at that place. For particulars apply to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or address J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Excursions For Conclave.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account Knights Templar Triennial conclave will be sold Oct. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, via Pennsylvania lines. For special information inquire of nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or address J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Overcoats, new styles received today at

JOSEPH BROS'.

A FEARLESS CONVICT.

STEADMAN'S DARING ESCAPE FROM SAN QUENTIN PRISON.

One of the Most Remarkable Cases of Jail Breaking on Record—Accomplished by a Feat Which Almost Bordered on the Miraculous.

It is one thing to catch a thief and it is another thing to hold him. During a meeting of the chiefs of police of all the larger cities of the United States and Canada, which occurred at Milwaukee, there were reminiscences of remarkable captures and of escapes which bordered closely upon the miraculous.

"The most remarkable escape from prison that I can recall," said William A. Pinkerton, "was that of Frank Steadman from the San Quentin prison. But I'll not tell you about it, for here is John Glass, who caught Steadman and sent him back to San Quentin."

Chief Glass pinched the brown imperial on his under lip reflectively for a moment before he responded to the looks of inquiry bent upon him by those not familiar with the story.

"The escape to which you refer, Pinkerton, was made after I sent Steadman to San Quentin and not before. I was not the fortunate one to get him after that last wonderful break. And to tell the truth, I have never taken to myself much credit for taking him the time I did, for it was to a considerable degree a matter of good fortune. You see, we were just at that time keeping our eyes open for a bank robber by the name of Barnes, who had gone into one of the banks out there, covered the one man who happened to be alone in the place at the time, locked him up in the vault, and then coolly walked out of the bank and out of sight with all the funds he could get his hands on."

"One day a man answering closely the description we had of Barnes stepped off the train at Los Angeles. We took him in tow at once, but found we did not have the bird we were after. However, we managed to hold him long enough to find out that he was Frank Steadman, who had become notorious even at that time as a successful jail breaker. He had four or five escapes from prison in southern Indiana credited to him, had got away from Joliet and had still seven years to do at the Illinois prison; had also been at San Quentin, and had escaped from there with five years unfinished.

"Steadman was a machinist by profession, and a burglar by inclination. When he was sent back to San Quentin to finish his time, he was put to work with other convicts in the engine room. It was here that an idea came into his brain that for absolute daring and fearlessness was typical of the man. He had noticed that every evening at the time the men working in the engine room were lined up to be marched away, the machinery was stopped at exactly the same moment. He had observed as well that a window leading to an adjacent roof was not far from the top of the big driving belt of the engine. From that roof it was possible to reach the outer wall of the prison. Beyond the wall was freedom. He had escaped so many times that his mind reverted again and again to the window high up on the wall of the engine room. Apparently it was beyond all possibility of being reached. No ladder was to be obtained. Had such a thing been even standing in place against the wall, to break from the line and scale it with catlike dexterity, although the work of but a few seconds, he well knew would be futile, possibly fatal. Bullets travel faster than legs, and the guards were not bad shots. But desperate deeds demand desperate means. Some minds may work with an ingenuity born of despair, but Steadman's was of a different caliber. His plans were the outgrowth of steadfast optimism.

"One day there came to him as if by inspiration the thought that the big belt might be the means of carrying him to his goal. He found that it was impossible to count the revolutions of the driving wheel, but there were lacings in the broad belt, which he was able to distinguish as a sort of blur as it passed a given point. For days and days he counted, and in his cell at night he spent his time in calculations. He discovered the exact number of revolutions the wheel made per minute. He learned also by constant observation just how many times the belt went round after the engine was shut down.

"One evening, when the line had been formed as usual at the close of the day's work and as the big wheel began to lose its momentum, suddenly a convict sprang from the line, leaped to the belt, with outstretched arms grappling both edges of the broad leather. He had calculated well the strength that would be required, for the terrific wrench did not loosen his grasp. Outward and upward he swung until he reached the topmost point of the circumference. The nicely of his calculation had reaped its reward. The belt stopped. He leaped to his feet, sprang through the window and was gone before convicts or guards had recovered from their astonishment. He caught up a guard's coat and hat, dropped from the wall and got away in the dusk of the evening. I am inclined to believe that as a mathematical proposition that was about as perfect a piece of work as any man ever accomplished."

"And did he get away without re-

capture?" some one asked.

"No, I am almost sorry to say, he did not," answered the Los Angeles chief, "for that ought by rights to be the denouement of such a story, which combines so much of daring and cleverness. Steadman was taken again in a short time and put to work at his old job. There are bars over that high window above the big drive belt now. Not long after this Steadman cut and nearly killed one of the other convicts and is now serving out an additional sentence for attempted murder at the Folsom prison, which is situated some 28 miles from Sacramento." Chicago Inter Ocean.

Cheap Trips.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the northwest, west or southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, No. 360 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. He represents the short lines to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the northwest, west and southwest. Daily through train service from Pittsburgh, and from western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio points. The Pennsylvania is the only system of railroads having a double route between Pittsburgh and Chicago. Tell Mr. Dillon where you wish to go, and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

Good Chance to Visit the East.

Persons going to Pittsburgh over Pennsylvania lines on cheap tickets to be sold via that route Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive, account Knights Templar conclave will have the privilege of buying low rate excursion tickets from Pittsburgh to points in Ohio and Pennsylvania, and to Baltimore and Washington, over the Pennsylvania route, by depositing excursion tickets with joint agent after reaching Pittsburgh. Full and particular information furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or to J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at News Review.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Time.

	Westward.	Through Coaches on Trains Between Cleveland and Pittsburgh	Eastward.	Through Coaches on Trains Between Cleveland and Pittsburgh
	AM 1545 1545 1545 1545 1545	PM 1130 1130 1130 1130 1130	AM 1545 1545 1545 1545 1545	PM 1130 1130 1130 1130 1130
Pittsburgh	... 1545	... 1130	... 1545	... 1130
Rochester	... 640	... 215	... 525	... 225
Beaver	... 645	... 220	... 531	... 230
Youngstown	... 650	... 225	... 531	... 230
Industry	... 700	... 230	... 531	... 230
Cooks Ferry	... 703	... 235	... 531	... 230
Smiths Ferry	... 711	... 240	... 531	... 230
East Liverpool	... 720	... 245	... 531	... 230
Wellsville	... 733	... 250	... 531	... 230

	Westward.	Through Coaches on Trains Between Cleveland and Pittsburgh	Eastward.	Through Coaches on Trains Between Cleveland and Pittsburgh
Wellsville	... 742	... 305	... 1245	... 305
Wellsville Shop	... 746	... 305	... 1250	... 305
Yellow Creek	... 752	... 305	... 1255	... 305
Hammondsville	... 801	... 305	... 1261	... 305
Ironton	... 806	... 322	... 1266	... 305
Salineville	... 825	... 338	... 1271	... 305
Bayard	... 849	... 410	... 1276	... 305
Alliance	... 940	... 433	... 1281	... 305
Ravenna	... 1040	... 506	... 1286	... 305
Hudson	... 1102	... 506	... 1291	... 305
Cleveland	... 1210	... 625	... 1296	... 305

	Westward.	Through Coaches on Trains Between Cleveland and Pittsburgh	Eastward.	Through Coaches on Trains Between Cleveland and Pittsburgh
Wellsville	... 747	... 310	... 1245	... 310
Wellsville Shop	... 752	... 310</td		

SOLD TO THE TRUST

One Deal Said to Have Been Closed.

NO NAMES ARE GIVEN OUT

But Manufacturing Potters and All Others Interested in the Big Combination Are Discussing the Bit of News and Wondering Who Will Be Next.

The last rumor concerning the proposed trust is now being discussed in a lively manner by manufacturing potters in the city.

The story states that one concern has already closed with the eastern capitalists, and is now ready to become a part of the big combination. The deal, so the knowing ones say, was closed last week to the satisfaction of all concerned, the terms being such as to please all parties. When the other potteries are in, this first company will be ready for business under the new management.

"The rumor is important if it happens to be true," said a prominent potter, "because it shows how the New York people propose to handle this matter. They will not send appraisers here with a flourish of trumpets, nor will anyone in town know anything of the deals until they are closed. They will quietly look over each plant and close the deals without outside advise or knowledge. One by one the plants will go, and when the first of the year arrives the great task will have been accomplished. You understand I am only basing this statement on the ground that the rumor is true. They are smart men, these promoters, and while they may not know much of pottery they seem to know business."

PILGRIM COMMANDERY

Looked Well as It Marched to the Station.

Pilgrim Commandery No. 55, Knights Templar, left this morning in a special car to attend the triennial conclave at Pittsburgh.

The Knights to the number of 49 met this morning at their asylum, and headed by a band marched to the station. They presented a very handsome appearance in full uniform and were the recipients of many compliments from the people who were stationed along the line of procession.

A number of members have been in Pittsburgh for several days and will join the commandery there.

A CHURCH WEDDING.

John Calley and Miss Margaret Tracy to Be Married at St. Aloysius.

The marriage of John Calley, a prosperous young business man of Sistersville and Miss Margaret Tracy, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Tracy, of this city, will be solemnized tomorrow morning at St. Aloysius church. Father John Tracy, of Ashtabula, an uncle of the bride, will officiate.

The happy couple will make their home in Sistersville.

BROKE SUNDAY LAW.

Not Much Trouble Experienced in Making Purchases.

Yesterday from all appearances the Sunday law was not observed to any great extent in the city.

Although no open violation was made of the law the statement is made that any person who wished had but little trouble in purchasing all the tobacco and cigars he wished. There were also more drunken people in the streets than have been seen on Sunday for many months.

NO HAIR PULLING

Although It Seemed as Though There Would Be Trouble.

A wordy war between a man and his wife in Fourth street Saturday afternoon attracted some attention. The couple spent some time in calling each other hard names and spectators expected to see a hair pulling, but were disappointed, as the couple separated without coming to blows.

On the River.

At the wharf last night at midnight the river stood at the 3.9 foot mark and stationary. The rise from the Monongahela came to an end shortly after 9 p.m. Several of the needles at the dam were removed because of the rush of water.

The rise was unlooked for by the rivermen in this place, and when they saw it rise yesterday they only smiled and wished it would go higher. If the river remains at its present height boats may be running by the last of the week.

Read the NEWS REVIEW for news.

NAVAL STATION AT CULEBRA

Island in the Virgin Passage to Be Strongly Fortified.

It has been decided by the navy department to establish a naval station on the island of Culebra, which is located east of Porto Rico and guards the Virgin passage. This island furnishes a magnificent natural harbor, with a depth of 54 feet, which the largest ships in the navy can enter without difficulty. The island of Culebra was chosen on account of the easy approach and because it presents the finest harbor facilities in the vicinity of Porto Rico, while the island ports are dangerous on account of the many coral reefs. Culebra will be made one of the finest stations in the world and, in addition to this, will be strongly fortified, and when the work now contemplated is finished this island will be almost impregnable and, in fact, one of the most formidable strongholds on the Atlantic coast. It commands the Virgin passage and is the key to the south Atlantic.

Captain Chester, who commanded the Cincinnati, was ordered by the secretary of the navy to make an examination of this island, which was ceded to the United States with Porto Rico, with a view to locating a naval station there, and he reports it to be an ideal place and recommends that it be used for the purpose named. A coaling station will also be established there, and the naval officers are enthusiastic over the bright outlook for the establishment of outlying naval stations and assert that this is only the beginning of building several stations of the same kind, of which this government has been sorely in need for many years.—Washington Cor. Chicago Tribune.

ASTOR BATTERY TREATED.

Some of Them Got a Square Meal on Board the Raleigh.

Assistant Engineer Brady of Harrisburg, Pa., is on the Raleigh at Manila. Writing to his parents in Harrisburg, he says:

"We had some of the Astor battery on the ship about a week ago. They seemed to be very nice fellows; but all, from the appearance of their clothes, have been roughing it a bit, and they were the hungriest lot you ever saw. One of them, who is quite well off in the United States and who is very amusing, appeared barefooted and wore a farmer's straw hat with an edge of red cloth. They were sitting around in our messroom about luncheon time, so we invited them to stay. Although we had made no preparation, we provided for them very well. They were very enthusiastic over everything on the table, and their enthusiasm was so great that the table was soon bare. Even our commonest necessities, such as bread and butter, caused exclamations of delight, and when we put beer in front of them they heaved a sigh of contentment and thought their happiness was complete.

"It was a pleasure to treat them, as they were evidently very hungry. We had a big platter of nice beefsteak, a big dish of chicken croquettes, another big platter of canned meat and lots of fine light biscuit and bread and butter. We gave them plenty of cigars to smoke afterward. I know they will remember the Raleigh with lots of gratitude."—New York Sun.

The Round Robin.

The "round robin" had its origin several centuries ago in France.

It was used there by officers of the army as a method of expressing their dissatisfaction with the course of the king or his ministers. By signing in a circular form the leaders of the movement could not be ascertained and singled out for punishment.

The first instance on record of the use of this form of protest in the navy occurred in 1625. At the instigation of the Duke of Buckingham, the king's favorite, an English fleet, under Admiral Bennington, was dispatched to Rochelle to assist in the coercion of the Protestant subjects of Louis XIII of France. But the English tars, in common with their fellow countrymen, looked with favor upon the resistance of their coreligionists against the proselytizing zeal of the French king, and they signed a "round robin," expressing their determination not to fire a shot against them, and without waiting for a reply they weighed anchor and brought their ships back to England. The admiral, however, received a peremptory order to return to Dieppe, whereupon the whole of the crews quitted the ships without further parley.—Providence Journal.

Ireland Sending Onions Here.

On board the White Star liner Cymric, which arrived at New York recently, were 20,000 crates of onions, the first consignment of that vegetable from the Emerald Isle. There has been a scarcity of onions in this part of the country, and foreign speculators were quick to grasp the opportunity of sending a sample cargo from Great Britain and Ireland.—New York Press.

Fanny Davenport.

The late Henry W. Grady came to New York when the late Miss Fanny Davenport was playing at Daly's and was so carried away that he wrote of her ever afterward as the "woman of beautiful flesh." Henry never yielded the palm as a connoisseur in beauty, whether of face or figure. He adored fine women.—New York Press.

AFFAIRS OF HONOR.

CUBAN DUELS SCHEDULED TO BE FOUGHT IN HAVANA.

Affairs on Dr. Congosto's Hands. Fighting Cuban Editors—The Duel an Institution on the Island—Clubs Where Quarrels Arise.

Dueling is one of the institutions of Cuba. Probably with the evacuation of the island by the Spanish forces it will go as the bullfight and the lottery will also go. There were, however, several affairs of honor which it was promised should be settled by a resort to the code as soon as the cessation of hostilities permitted the prohibition laid by General Blanco on dueling to be raised. The captain general would have no resort to arms among quarreling army officers and civil officials during the blockade.

Dr. Congosto, the Cuban secretary general, who was formerly Spanish consul at Philadelphia, has several postponed events on his hands. He had many disagreements with Consul General Lee, and among the ignorant Spaniards of Havana it was the common belief that the secretary general would hold General Lee personally responsible for the troubles which were thickening around the Blanco administration. Congosto had also many bitter quarrels with the American newspaper correspondents. He frequently told them that only the duties of his official post kept him from calling them out. His fiercest quarrel was with one of the editors of the most violent Spanish newspaper published in Havana. The two men came to blows, and formal challenges were reported to have been exchanged. At the time when Sampson's fleet was guarding Havana harbor and the peaceful blockade was likely to give way any day to a bombardment its presence caused less excitement than the impending duel between the secretary general and the journalist. Blanco's veto on the duel ended the excitement, but the sequence is now due. There is in the Cuban capital a German of some notoriety as a fighter, who, if he carries out a declared purpose, will never let Congosto leave Cuba without giving him a gentleman's satisfaction for insults which could not be resented when received.

The Havana editors have usually shown willingness to back their opinions by resorting to the code, though it is not invoked with the same frequency as among French editors. A few weeks before the American consuls were withdrawn from the island the autonomist government was honeycombed with intrigues and torn by dissensions. An outcome of this situation was a prospective duel between Ferdinand de Castro, the present civil governor of the province, and the editor of one of the autonomist newspapers. The town was full of a rumor one night that the meeting had taken place and that one of the principals had been wounded. This was untrue, but the reality was that stern orders and energetic action on the part of Blanco had prevented the meeting. Several of the Havana editors and reporters have records as duelists. One of them has his office ornamented with weapons of all kinds, some of them trophies. To the indignant subscriber who wants a retraction is given a chance among them.

The Union club of Havana, which, without being fast, is not slow, has a room which is devoted to arms, and tales of practice and of prowess there sometimes foreshadow the settlement of a difficulty. Fencing is a leading diversion, and facilities for pistol practice are not lacking. In the rooms of a building overlooking the Prado and the central park several duels have been fought. A year or more ago a young man, a member of a well known family, was found dead in one of these rooms. In his pocket was a letter saying that his purpose was to commit suicide and giving directions in regard to various personal matters. He had been killed in a duel. The circumstances were all known, but neither the surviving principal nor any of the seconds was arrested. It is customary for each of the principals to write a letter of this kind. Usually its existence does not become known, because a fatal result is almost as rare as in German students' duels.

There is a local literature of dueling which is much read. On the shelves of the Havana book stores can usually be found a pamphlet which gives a complete account of duels fought for a period of years. The compiler is an ardent admirer of the code. His pamphlet gives the names of the principals and seconds, the causes of the challenges and the incidents of the combat. A few fatal endings are recorded. Quarrels over politics appear to be a common cause of duels. Then there are those "insults unprovoked," which in the United States would be called barroom squabbles. In some cases a discreet hint is given that a woman's honor had been rashly questioned and atonement made. A suggestion is also occasionally conveyed that a disagreement arose at the gaming table. This is apt to have been the cause when the principals were members of the Circulo Militar, or Spanish Military club. Formerly high stakes were played for at this club and the officers quarreled. Some names that were well known in Havana a decade or two ago appear in this pamphlet.

Three arms are recognized as legitimate dueling weapons. They are the sword, the saber or cutlass and the pistol. Most of the Cuban duels were formerly fought with the saber or cutlass. Its use was upheld on the ground that while the cut and the contusion from it disfigured it did not make a serious wound. The skill required for its proper handling is also cited as a point in its favor, while its superiority over the sword in several respects is pointed out. Nevertheless, in recent years the sword has come to be a popular weapon for dueling, and the Havana fencing schools encourage it. The pistol is seldom employed in Cuban duels.—New York Sun.

SPAIN ADOPTS OUR BUGLES.

Large Order Placed in France for Trumpets Like Ours.

Spain has apparently become convinced that there is something magnetic in the bugle used by the American army, for orders have been issued to discard the antiquated instruments used by the dons' forces in the late war and to replace them with trumpets of the regulation pattern adopted by the United States some years ago.

A firm doing business in New York and Paris, who have recently delivered 2,000 trumpets contracted for by Quartermaster General Ludington, have received an order to furnish 2,500 trumpets of the same size, style and key for the use of the Spanish army. The New York agent of the firm received notice recently that the order had been placed in France. He was considerably surprised at the news.

The trumpet used in America is of a pattern adopted May 2, 1892, and is described as follows: "Each trumpet to be built in the key of 'G,' the slide to draw to 'F,' and marked and stamped with the letter 'F' at the correct point to produce the key of 'F'." The bugle calls of Shafter's army are said to have been plainly heard by the Spanish troops in their intrenchments at Santiago long before the American troops were visible. It is said that the use of trumpets of the same key by opposing armies might lead to confusion. In the early days of the Cuban conflict with Spain captured trumpets were used by the Cuban guerrillas to lead the Spaniards into ambush, and on one occasion a Cuban bugler concealed in the bushes succeeded in causing two Spanish columns to fire upon each other.

No objection was offered by the officers at the Army building in New York when they were informed of Spain's order, the only comment being a remark that Spain had apparently begun the equipment of her army.—New York Herald.

ACETYLENE GAS IN WABASH.

First Plant of Its Kind for Municipal Lighting in the World.

Charles F. Dietrich, millionaire, head of the natural gas syndicate which owns substantially all of the gas systems, natural and artificial, in the Indiana field, recently visited Wabash with J. A. Knap, an expert connected with the Chicago Gas company. After an examination of the illuminating system of Dietrich interests here President Dietrich gave the order to install in Wabash the first acetylene plant for city illumination in the world.

The artificial gas service in this city has been defective for some time. As the Dietrich syndicate has a monopoly of the manufacture of calcium carbide, from which acetylene gas is successfully generated for isolated plants, he has decided to make the experiment of supplying the city, with the intention of substituting it if successful for coal gas in all the artificial gas systems owned by the syndicate in the Indiana gas field.—Chicago Record.

Wonderful Heat in Kansas.

The heat in Topeka during the last few days has been terrific. Passengers who came on the Union Pacific train from the west tell a story that seems incredible, yet is vouched for by reliable men. At Bellevue the heat so warped the rails that the passing of the train over the main track was made impossible for the time, and a side track was utilized which stood in the shade of the buildings. Near Silver lake, at two different points, the rails bent out like a bow and moved the ties a half foot over on the roadbed. The trainmen, assisted by the passengers, were compelled to use a stout chain and handspikes to hold the rails in plumb while their train passed over the deflection. The train came to Topeka behind time, and the passengers report a thrilling ride.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Chinese Duke and General.

Jung Lu, the new viceroy of China, is one of the most popular generals in the imperial army. He has always been a dandy in dress, and he has the reputation of being the best dressed man in Peking, while the gilded youth among the Manchou nobility always copy his dress and swear by "Jung Lu's style." His horses and mules also have ever been the finest in Peking, not even excepting the emperor's stud, and he loves to mount the most fiery and restive cattle when riding out. This has led to several picked horses sent as tribute to the emperor from Kuldja and Mongolia, but which no one can ride, owing to their untamed and restive spirits, being specially presented to Jung Lu by the emperor's command. This is the man who now holds the responsible post of guardian of the dragon throne at Tien-tsin.—Tien-tsin Times.

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TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The street force this morning cleaned the Diamond and West Market street.

Attorney H. O. Evans, of Pittsburgh, is in the city the guest of Attorney W. H. Vodrey.

A new postoffice has been established at Vulcan, this county, with James W. Uselton as postmaster.

E. M. Knowles and Capt. W. M. Hill, who have been enjoying an outing at Fernwood, will return to the city this week.

Squire Hill this morning rendered judgment against John Davis in a forcible detention case brought by J. B. McKinnon.

Percy D. Albright, of this city and Miss Ida Barth, of East Palestine, were united in marriage Saturday afternoon at that place.

The Delmonico club have resumed after a suspension of over two weeks owing to the illness of their landlady, Mrs. Miller.

Freight Agent T. J. Thomas is seriously ill at his home suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism, which has settled in his back. He is unable to move from his position in his bed.

Thomas Blackmore left today for Steubenville. He has been engaged to play with the band of that place which will head the Steubenville commandery in the parade tomorrow at Pittsburgh.

Travel to Pittsburgh from this city will be very heavy during the week, a great many persons having arranged to see the parade tomorrow and visit their Masonic friends later.

The new light draught boat, Greenwood, is now completed and is ready to make its regular trips as soon as there is sufficient water. The boat will take the place of the H. K. Bedford.

Two young women of the city made themselves so conspicuous in Wellsville Saturday night that they were advised to go home or they might awaken Sunday morning to find themselves behind the bars.

The Cleveland wholesale merchants who were here for a few hours last week, returned home Saturday, having visited 41 towns and covered 700 miles. In almost every place they were given a warm reception.

Corporal Hackworth, of Company E, who has been ill at his home in Fourth street suffering with malaria fever since his return from Camp Wikoff, was out Saturday for the first time. He is much improved but still very weak.

A number of the members of the Endeavor society of the First Presbyterian church will attend the county convention to be held at Lisbon Thursday and Friday of this week. Dr. John Lloyd Lee will have charge of all the meetings.

The bans were published yesterday for the first time in St. Aloysius church announcing the approaching marriages of John Lester and Sarah Gallagher; William Ohl and Margaret Burke; Andrew Bricelin and Teresa Mulherin.

The ringing of the curfew at 9 o'clock is having its influence upon the crowds of boys who have been in the habit of loafing around the business section of the city. They scamper now when the bell rings, but it is said they do not always go home.

The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road between Walnut street and College was repaired today. This portion of the line about Liverpool is always in a bad condition, and it is almost impossible for the section force to keep it in good repair.

The local football team are confident they will win their game tomorrow afternoon with Monaca, and expect to make at least three touchdowns. For the benefit of spectators who have not followed the game it is stated that a change has been made in the rules this year, and a goal kicked from a touch-down now counts but one point instead of two.

PROSPECTS IN HAITI.

ITS BUSINESS DEPRESSION AND INDIFFERENT GOVERNMENT.

The Haitians Are Talking About Intervention by the United States. Chances For Americans — A Field Ripe For Enterprise and Capital.

The acquisition of Porto Rico and other islands in the Caribbean sea heretofore under the Spanish flag and the suzerainty over, perhaps the early acquisition of Cuba is certain to have a marked and important influence on other islands in that locality belonging to European powers or established as independent nations. The entrance of the United States into the West Indies means a revolution in commercial, industrial and agricultural methods and conditions that obtain in these islands, and this fact is already recognized by the discerning men of the islands alluded to. With Cuba and Porto Rico territory of the United States, the products of those islands would obtain free admission to our ports and would result in trade regulations that would prove very disadvantageous to the other islands, the bulk of whose trade and commerce is with the United States. In Jamaica this fact is recognized and appreciated by the planters and merchants, and there was much talk recently among them about annexation to the United States as a matter of self defense. In Haiti this feeling is rife and is already a subject of popular agitation. The deplorable conditions that prevail in Haiti by reason of business depression and indifferent government have produced popular discontent, which may lead to revolution, and thoughtful people are asking whether the interests and safety of the people do not demand that the United States shall be asked to intervene.

A leading newspaper of Port au Prince in a recent issue, discussing the acquisition of territory in the West Indies by the United States, said: "Today the United States is in fact the sovereign of the American continent, and its will has the force of law in matters wherein it judges it opportune to intervene. We shall not further enlarge upon the inevitable lot of the neighboring islands and of the European possessions on the American continent. What will become of Haiti? The hour is decisive *** It is necessary for the Haitian people to say whether they are not ashamed of their deserted fields and of their cities infested with an undisciplined army, of an always increasing misery and of civic effeminacy.

"The interest of the United States is to prove that all the American people can govern themselves, enrich themselves, perfect themselves, without the concurrence of Europe. Her interest is to see all the nations of the new world prosper around her—under her protecting wing—by the power of her capital and under the inspiration of the new civilization which she is inaugurating. The American spirit will make of the coming generation a people of practical men, intelligent workers, citizens. This American spirit, practical and productive, will revolutionize all the branches of our administration."

Consul Livingston, in writing from Cape Haitien in reference to this feeling, says that the successful prosecution and final results of the war with Spain have made a profound impression upon the more thoughtful people of Haiti, who are intense partisans of the United States. Of the business depression that prevails and the consequent distress that such a condition brings Consul Livingston says:

"The industrial depression of Haiti has reached such a critical point that the country must soon become a prey to internal disruptions or to the European government which may have the greatest claim upon it. The currency has become so depreciated as to be well nigh worthless and its daily fluctuations seem the result of caprice. Almost all business enterprises are either bankrupt or on the verge of bankruptcy. Business is at a standstill, and no one, either native or foreigner, is able to see any way out of the difficulty. Such is the condition of a country with a soil the fertility of which probably surpasses that of any other in the world. Everything grows without effort. There are dye-woods and cabinet woods in abundance—even virgin forests of mahogany and other hard woods—and the mineral wealth, though unexplored, is said to be considerable."

In reference to opportunities that are presented to American enterprise and capital Consul Livingston says: "I believe a tour of the island, with a view of marking its industrial condition, embracing the principal settlements of the interior as well as the cities along the coast, would reveal a field ripe for the investment of American capital. My suggestion would be to visit all the important coast towns, examine into business methods and conditions and make inquiries of native and foreign business men and neighboring planters, both as to present conditions and future possibilities. I am told that the people of the interior are a simple and industrious peasantry, but are making no headway, owing to the absence of modern improved methods and implements. I feel sure that such an investigation, if acted

on in good faith, would result in immense good to the island of Haiti, besides securing a field for American capital and commerce."—Special Cor. Philadelphia Ledger.

TO OCCUPY MANZANILLO.

The Transfer of the City Scheduled to Take Place Today.

MANZANILLO, Oct. 8.—(Delayed in transmission)—The Spanish troops expect to leave Manzanillo to-morrow. General Parron, the Spanish commander, will turn the city over to the mayor, who will make the official transfer to Colonel Ray, representing the United States, on Monday.

The Americans and Spaniards almost came to an engagement through conflicting orders at one time, but trouble was finally averted.

An officer allowed the Americans to enter the gates of the city by mistake. He was to be court-martialed and shot, but Collector Donaldson and Rev. Mr. Zimmerman prevailed upon General Parron to inflict light punishment.

Catholic Temperance Rally.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 10.—The one hundred and ninth anniversary of the birth of Father Mathew, the Catholic temperance apostle, was celebrated Sunday by a rally at Schenley park under the auspices of the Allegheny County Total Abstinence union. About 7,000 people attended. The meeting was presided over by Father Regis Canevan, president of the Allegheny County union. Addresses were made by Bishop Phelan, Father Tobin, vicar general of the diocese; Morgan M. Sheedy of Altoona and M. A. Lambing of Scottdale.

THE REFORMED SYNOD.

Impressive Services In the St. Petersburgh Church.

ST. PETERSBURG, Pa., Oct. 10.—The Pittsburgh synod of the Reformed church in the United States spent Sunday mainly in worship. The Sunday school was addressed by Rev. D. S. Stephen of Latrobe, J. N. Bauman of Jeannette, J. C. Horning of St. Louis and Rufus W. W. Miller of Reading. The Lord's supper was observed in connection with the morning service.

Rev. S. B. Mase of Greensburg preached the sermon. The altar services were conducted by Revs. A. M. Keifer of Greenville and J. M. Mickley of Johnstown. The children were addressed in the afternoon by Rev. P. C. Prugh, D. D., superintendent of St. Paul's Orphans' home at Butler. The Christian Endeavor exercises in the evening were presided over by Rev. J. N. Naly of Apollo.

To Be Free of Duty.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The president has issued an executive order amending the Cuban tariff so as to admit into all ports in the possession of the United States duty free oxen for draught purposes, bovine animals for breeding and for immediate food supply, plows and other agricultural implements not machinery.

Promoted to Brigadiers.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—Advices have been received from Washington that Colonel Kellogg of the Sixth United States infantry, and Colonel Egbert, who preceded him in command of that regiment, have both been promoted to brigadiers. Colonel Kellogg is sick at his old home in Norwalk, O.

Americans Entertained Spaniards.

HAVANA, Oct. 10.—The members of the United States evacuation commission gave an elaborate luncheon to the members of the Spanish evacuation commission at the Hotel Trocha El Vedado. Rear Admiral Sampson could not be present, being ill.

The Navy's Casualties.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Seventeen sailors killed and 84 casualties all told was the total loss suffered by the United States navy during the war. The figures have been compiled at the navy department.

Colored Minister Honored.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 10.—Governor Leedy has appointed the Rev. R. G. Olden of Topeka, a Baptist negro preacher, as commissioner to take the ballots to the Kansas negro soldiers in Santiago. He has left with the ballots.

Sick Carried In Comfort.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 10.—A hospital train with 161 sick soldiers on board, left for Fort Thomas, Ky. Every arrangement was made for the comfort of the men during the trip.

Supposed to Have Suicided.

ALBANY, Oct. 10.—William P. Douglass, ex-police justice and ex-corporation counsel of Jersey City, and one of the best known men in New Jersey, is supposed to have jumped into the river during Saturday night from the steamer Dean Richmond, somewhere between New York and this city.

Will Support Roosevelt.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Henry D. Purser, the leader of the Home Rule Democracy, gave out for publication a letter which he had written to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican candidate for governor, declaring his intention to support Colonel Roosevelt.

Commissioners Leave Quebec.

QUEBEC, Oct. 10.—Senators Fairbanks and Faulkner have left for their homes and no further work will be done by the international commission in Quebec.

Declared Free of Plague.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.—The city was Sunday officially declared free of the plague.

Weather Forecast.

Fair, warmer; increasing southeastly winds.

SOLDIERS MUTINIED.

Spanish Irregulars Rebellied Until They Received Their Pay.

HAVANA, via Key West, Oct. 10.—In confirmation of previous reports of an uprising among the irregulars in the Santa Clara province, it can be stated officially that over 2,000 irregular troops, mobilized during the war, rose in arms Tuesday in the vicinity of Cienfuegos, throwing up breastworks, making block houses and preparing openly to revolt unless they were paid. They fortified themselves in an especially strong manner on the Tantabul estate, just outside Cienfuegos.

General Aguirre, military commander of the province, and Generals Aldave and Alsino, at the head of 3,000 men of the regular army, surrounded the position of the rebellious troops and, without a show of strength, in order to avoid bloodshed, parleyed with the riotous troops.

After the conference General Aguirre, who came provided with money, paid the men off, settling all accounts, after which the men were satisfied to lay down their arms, which they did on Thursday.

PARIS NEGOTIATIONS.

Believed In Madrid That They Are Not Proceeding Smoothly.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times says:

"Although nothing concrete is known it is the prevailing opinion here that the Paris negotiations are not proceeding with the smoothness that is desirable.

"The government, it is understood, shares the opinion."

Deserting Private Killed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Thomas Greenwald, a private in Battery I, Seventh artillery, was shot and instantly killed while trying to escape from Fort Slocum, near New Rochelle. Private John Coates of the same battery escaped the bullets fired after him, but was arrested before he got away.

Our government desires to pay the October interest on its bonds now, in order to get rid of a surplus of money on hand. Was there ever in the history of the world a country which in the closing days of a war, was in such a fix? Decidedly, "We are the people."—San Francisco Bulletin.

BRIEF PITHY PARAGRAPHS.

A \$250,000 fire occurred at Atlantic City Saturday.

Admiral Sampson is very ill in Havana.

The battleships Iowa and Oregon may not start for the Pacific before Wednesday.

Eli Shaw was declared not guilty of the charge of murdering his mother, by a jury at Camden, N. J.

Commodore Watson was slightly injured in a wreck in California.

Joseph Simon was elected to the United States senate from Oregon.

Chauncey Depew delivered the oration on New York day at Omaha.

Hiram Maxim, the gun inventor, was arrested in New York on a charge of bigamy.

A. Oakey Hall, formerly mayor of New York, is dead.

Troops from Khartoum are dying from enteric disorders.

Dr. Nancy Guilford, under arrest in London, declares herself guilty of the Emma Willard murder, at Bridgeport, Conn.

Christopher Schmidt of Company H. Two Hundred and Third New York, died of yellow fever at the German hospital in Philadelphia.

The statement comes from Samoa, per steamer Warrimoo to Vancouver, B. C., that had not H. M. S. Ringdove been at Apia when Malietoa died the Germans would have hoisted the German flag and seized the islands. The rumor must be accepted with reserve.

About 10,000 men are to reinforce the Paris garrison. The Journal Des Debats hopes that the country is not on the eve of a revolution.

In enforcing orders at Camp Hamilton, near Lexington, Ky., Corporal Edwards shot and instantly killed Color Sergeant Green. Both belonged to the Seventh regiment of colored immunes. A colored private was fatally shot and another seriously.

Simon Guggenheim, who was nominated for governor by the anti-Teller wing of the Silver Republican party and afterwards endorsed by the middle-of-the-road Populists, in Colorado, has sent State Chairman Broad of the former party a letter withdrawing from the race.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 12 runs, 18 hits and 2 errors; Cleveland, 6 runs, 9 hits and 6 errors.

Batteries, Breitenstein and Peitz; Young and Schreckengost, Umpire, McDonald. Attendance, 4,880.

Second game—Cincinnati, 6 runs, 7 hits and 7 errors; Cleveland, 6 runs, 8 hits and 5 errors. Batteries, Hawley and Wood; Bates and Schreckengost, Umpire, McDonald.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5 runs, 5 hits and 0 errors; St. Louis, 4 runs, 10 hits and 5 errors. Batteries, Taylor and Chance; Taylor and Clements. Umpire, O'Day. Attendance, 16,000.

Second game—Chicago, 3 runs, 8 hits and 2 errors; St. Louis, 0 runs, 1 hit and 3 errors. Batteries, Phyle and Nichols; Sudhoff and Suddgen. Umpire, O'Day. Attendance, 16,000.

At Louisville—Louisville, 2 runs, 5 hits and 2 errors; Pittsburgh, 2 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors.

Batteries, Magee and Kittridge; Leever and Bowerman. Umpires, Emile and Warner. Attendance, 5,000.

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